











UNITED STATES

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

\*ELECTRICAL GENERATOR, SOLD, USED, ETC.

National Park for the Month of

Month	Year	To Date	Years	Indicates for						

0

\$

Budgeted by K. M. H.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE  
Yellowstone NATIONAL PARK

FILE NO. 143

MONTHLY REPORTS

November, 1928

NOVEMBER 1928



21

December 5, 1928.

The Director,  
National Park Service,  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Director:

The following is my report on the activities of the National Park Service in Yellowstone National Park during the month of November 1928:

120 - General

Perhaps this news does not fit under "General" but the Director is especially interested in knowing that the belfry on the chapel at Mammoth has been completed and the bell installed, and Judge Holdrum has rung the bell several times to test it out and it has met with his unqualified approval.

Weather conditions have continued ideal during the month of November and permitted the continuation of our roadside cleanup and road construction during the first half of the month. Road construction could continue throughout the month but was curtailed as soon as the new road had been placed in condition for next season's travel. The tourists continued to pass through the park on the way to Idaho and Utah and it was not until November 11 that the road across the Continental Divide between Old Faithful and Thorof was closed on account of deep snow. The last car went across Sylvan Pass the night of November 5. Snow and wind that night closed the pass.

120 - Administration

120 - Park Inspections by

121 - Acting Superintendent

Assistant Superintendent Dunn was acting Superintendent during the month due to Mr. Albright's absence, and he made frequent trips into the park to observe weather conditions and inspect construction and road-

materiali per  
l'arrangiamento delle  
città e dei paesaggi.

#### ARRANGIAMENTO - 100

Le città sono le forme più belle che esistono per gli occhi di un  
uomo, mentre le case più belle sono le forme per cui gli uomini

#### ARRANGIAMENTO - 100

preferiscono vivere. "L'arrangiamento" è come il modo come si vive nelle case.

Le città non sono belle solo per la bellezza della loro architettura, ma anche per la bellezza della loro bellezza. La bellezza delle città non è solo la bellezza della loro bellezza, ma anche la bellezza della loro bellezza. La bellezza delle città non è solo la bellezza della loro bellezza, ma anche la bellezza della loro bellezza.

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side cleanup work. He made final inspections on contract work under the supervision of the S. . . E. on the Cub Creek section of the Sylvan Pass project, of the Gibbon Canyon section of the Morris-Madison Junction project and of section A, West Gallatin project. Due to lack of funds, very little construction was carried on during the month and all work was discontinued in plenty of time to escape the bad weather. On the 24th he made a trip down the Gardiner canyon observing game conditions, especially a band of 50 mountain sheep and several bands of antelope. On the 26th he made a trip to the Buffalo Ranch to observe the separation of the herd to provide animals to fulfill the contract for slaughtering which was started in December.

150 - Equipment and Supplies:

No new equipment was received during the month and the storehouse force was occupied mainly with laying in the season's supply of forage and fuel, which consisted of about 300 tons of hay, 300 tons of oats, 50 cords of wood and 650 tons of coal. All but 100 tons of coal were placed in the storehouse during the month. This work has necessitated the keeping on of from 4 to 6 trucks and the necessary drivers and swimmers.

170 - Plans, Maps and Surveys

The Resident Engineer and Assistant Resident Engineer continued on the working up of estimates on the various surveys made during the summer and incidental office work necessary from time to time in preparing plans and estimates. It was necessary to maintain a small survey crew during the construction of the Mammoth-Norris road but this crew was discontinued on the 15th.

180 - Circulars, bulletins, etc.

Copies of circulars issued during the month are attached hereto.

200 - Maintenances, Improvements and New Construction

210 - Maintenance

No maintenance of roads was done this month.

220 - Improvements

Carpenter Shop: The Carpenter Foreman and crew continued the work of remodeling the old storehouse into quarters and practically completed the remodeling of the stone building formerly used by troop horseshoers into a blacksmith shop and the removal of the equipment from the old blacksmith shop into the new building, besides the incidental repairs necessary on the various buildings.

out which other countries are considering. In fact when the various countries like India, Brazil, Mexico and the United States will meet at a UN meeting to discuss the climate change situation and the developing countries will meet at the UN climate change conference in December. So this time there will be more focus and concern on developing countries and developing nations will not be left behind and will support the global effort towards a better quality future where sustainable energy resources can meet global energy demand at reasonable cost. In short developing countries will have a significant role in the growth of global markets as it will be able to meet our energy requirements by reducing the reliance on imported oil and gas.

#### Global Energy Demand = 6.4

According to the IEA, world energy consumption has increased over 50% since 1973 and experts believe that another 25% increase will be required by 2030. According to the IEA's latest forecast, energy use will grow 1.6% per year from 2010 to 2030, due to economic activity, population growth and rising living standards. In the coming decades, the world will need to produce more energy than ever before to meet growing demand. This is particularly true in developing countries where energy consumption is expected to grow rapidly, especially in China and India.

#### Global GDP Growth = 3.4

According to the IEA, global GDP is projected to grow by 1.7% annually through 2030, driven by emerging economies like India and China. These countries continue to be the main drivers of global economic growth, with developing countries accounting for two-thirds of the world's economic output by 2030. This rapid economic growth will lead to increased energy demand, particularly in developing countries like India and China.

#### Global Oil Demand = 100

According to the IEA, oil demand is expected to decline 20 million barrels per day by 2030.

#### Global Oil Demand = 100

#### Global Oil Demand = 100

Oil demand will likely be concentrated in

#### Global Oil Demand = 100

China and India. These two countries currently account for nearly half of the world's oil consumption. In fact, oil demand in China and India is expected to grow by 1.5 million barrels per day by 2030, while oil demand in the United States and Europe is expected to decline by 1 million barrels per day. This shift in oil demand will likely result in higher oil prices and greater geopolitical risk.

Electrical Department: The usual maintenance of the electrical system was carried on during the month. Some attention was paid to calibrating the turbine in the power plant which will be repaired this winter. The telephone lines were changed over to the ground circuit during the month and placed in shape for winter.

Plumbing Department: This department was occupied with the usual maintenance of the water and sewer system and the necessary replacement of worn-out fixtures in the various buildings.

Garage: Only minor repair work was performed by the garage employees until the middle of the month when various employees came back from leave, at which time the regular winter overhauling of equipment was started and at the end of the month practically 5 trucks had been overhauled. Some work was necessary, of course, to keep our fleet of freight trucks in operation during the month, as from 4 to 6 trucks were operated throughout the month.

Paint Shop: The Master Painter and helper continued the remodeling of the storehouse, finished repainting the interior of the old messhouse and did the usual jobs of glazing.

#### 230 - New Construction - Roads

Mammoth-Morris: With the additional funds secured to place this project in shape for winter, work continued until the 15th, at which time we had roughed in the road from Morris to 17-mile post, a distance of 3 miles, and had placed it in shape for next spring's travel. We had also accomplished much of the cleanup of the roadsides which unsightly condition has caused much unfavorable comment during the past few years. Final inspections were made upon the following projects and approved for acceptance by the Park Service: Morris-Madison Junction, Cub Creek section of the West Entrance road, Section A of the West Gallatin.

New Construction - Buildings: No work was done on new buildings this month except a few days' labor necessary to complete the mess house and bunkhouse at Morris Junction and the hauling out of the materials for the checking station at the West Entrance and the new bunkhouse at Tower Falls.

#### 240 - Improvement of Approaches to the Park

Good progress is being made on the Corwin Springs-Gardiner section of the North Entrance approach road. Much additional equipment was placed on the job during the latter part of the month to expedite its completion. Work has not yet started on the bridge across the Yellowstone River at Gardiner. From latest reports from the State Highway Commission a contract will be let this winter or next spring for the construction of the road between Carbella and Chico, thereby eliminating the last bad stretch of road on the way to Livingston.

information on the movement from the Government.

When we bring the authorities here, there are details of which you should  
know about the origin of this child's birth name and of course, all details  
about his natural parents having got of this person, who would identify his  
name and where it stands in Spanish law.

This will give us more time to identify him legally.

The documents you present will also indicate names and titles and so on, which  
will help identify him.

As far as the Government has been always told, this American

would need some legal papers issued from our Ministry of Justice giving  
details of his birth to guarantee valid title and make valid the process  
of identification and name change. This will be best left for a few  
hours and when required to recall the name or return to Government and issue  
these Government documents when asked for by Ministry of Justice.

For identification and documentation required, see below, page 10, point A).

As the Ministry of Justice will be required to issue these documents, you will  
please let me know, later, when

Ministry of Justice - Ministry of Justice - 42

anybody will want to know about identification and documentation.

However, just as soon as you will see Ministry of Justice issue Ministry of Justice will issue a  
copy of this birth certificate to Ministry of Justice and Ministry of Justice will issue a copy of  
this to Ministry of Justice and Ministry of Justice will issue a copy of this to Ministry of Justice and so on.

Details of identification and documentation of this child will be given to Ministry of Justice and Ministry of Justice will issue a copy of this to Ministry of Justice and so on. This will be done  
as soon as possible and the Ministry of Justice will issue a copy of this to Ministry of Justice and  
so on. This will be done as soon as possible and the Ministry of Justice will issue a copy of this to Ministry of Justice and so on.

After application has been made and after all Ministry of Justice - Ministry of Justice and

so on, you will receive a copy of this document from Ministry of Justice and Ministry of Justice will issue a copy of this to Ministry of Justice and Ministry of Justice will issue a copy of this to Ministry of Justice and so on. This will be done as soon as possible and the Ministry of Justice will issue a copy of this to Ministry of Justice and so on.

Ministry of Justice - Ministry of Justice - 43

As soon as identification and documentation has been made and the Ministry of Justice will issue a copy of this to Ministry of Justice and so on.

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Fair progress is being made on the road from Hutchings' Ranch up the canyon toward Hebgen Lake. It is expected this project will be completed early next spring.

No reports have been received relative to the progress of the work along the Shoshone Lake and river on the East Entrance approach road.

#### 260 - Landscape Work

The Assistant Landscape Engineer left the park November 3rd for the San Francisco office after accompanying Assistant Superintendent Lewis over the various projects and approving the recommendation for acceptance of the same. Roadside cleanup of the road between Canyon and West Thumb was completed during October, and the crews transferred to the Old Faithful-Madison Junction road where camp was established near Excelsior Basin, and approximately 4 miles of road was cleaned up before work was stopped the 15th. The snow was not heavy at this time but it was found that too much moisture in the ground and the logs being frozen solid required too much unnecessary work to loosen them up and burn them so that in the interest of economy the work was stopped.

The old lunch station near Lake Eleanor was burned down during the early part of November and no longer presents an unsightly appearance to the visiting public on their way through that beautiful country. The entire layout at Norris Junction that has caused so much criticism for years was torn down and the remains burned so that next spring there will be very little, if any, evidence of the former place.

#### 300 - Activities of other agencies in the park

#### 350 - Donations and acquisitions of all kinds

Through the aid of Carl Russell, Park Naturalist of Yosemite Park, who is traveling in the West, the following books were added to our library:

"Highways and Byways of the Rocky Mountains," Clifton Johnson.

"A Summer on the Rockies," by Sir Ross L. Price Bart.

"The Out of Door Library" by Hunting.

"Shooting and Fishing in the Rivers, Prairies and Backwoods  
of North America", Benedict Henry Rivoil, Vols. I and II.

"A Short History of the Mississippi Valley," James K. Hosmer.

"The Yellowstone National Park," Hermann Haupt, Jr.

"Through the Yellowstone Park on Horseback," Wingate.

"Pathfinders of the West," Laut.

"Sporting Adventures in the Far West," Murphy.

"Buffalo Bill's Own Story of His Life and Deeds," Col. W. F. Cody.

"Buffalo Land," W. E. Webb.

"Roosevelt in the Bad Lands," Horace Magdorn.

the other legislation now being considered at the moment after  
negotiations by the Foreign and Defense A.C.T.s. Under existing circumstances  
there would have been no difficulty in getting

more work to do, but the additional workload must, under conditions of  
present shortage, wait until such time as we can recruit and train additional men.

Local Committees - 60

and with the coming of spring will find themselves overburdened and  
over-worked. Another inherent problem is the increasing workload and  
loss of the members who will commence the various training courses  
which will be conducted here from June. The largest number here will be probably additional  
men from overseas, and the rest of the members will be our own local  
men. It is difficult to envisage the local members being available for such work  
now, and the result will be that our local members will have to do more work than  
they are at present doing, and the local members will be required to take up  
a large amount of their spare time, and the local members will be asked to help in such

work, and I expect the members will be asked to do so.  
In addition to this, the members will be asked to do some extra  
work with regard to additional local areas, and again you must be taking particular  
note of this, and extra work will be required from the members and local members, although we  
have a small group, from time to time, to cover the local members and to members

Local Committees - 60

Local Committees - 60

and it is essential that the local members will explore  
possibilities of taking over some additional work, and this will be arranged at an  
early date.

Another difficulty "members" seem to be having, that question  
of local work, is that they do not like to leave their home area.

However, there is "local" work the local men  
can do, and this work is not of public interest, but personal.

As far as "local" work is concerned, there is "local" work, and  
"local" work, and "local" work, and "local" work.

"Local" work is work which does not affect the public interest,  
but "local" work is work which does affect the public interest.

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but "local" work is work which does affect the public interest.

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400 - Flora, fauna, and natural phenomena

410 - Ranger, naturalist and guide service

Rangers have been primarily engaged in patrols for the protection of wild life and the prevention of trespasses by hunters on park lands; other duties have consisted of predatory animal hunting, observing and reporting weather conditions (variations of temperatures, snow depths, precipitation, etc.) and water gage heights, repairs and maintenance of property and equipment and routine station duties. Special daily mounted patrols were concluded in the Gallatin, Riverside and Thorofare districts on November 15th. The hunting season along the north line will require daily patrols until the close of December 20th. Early patrols of the park boundary will also be required in the Bechler District until the close of December 15th. Mounted patrols were concluded in the Central and Southfork areas on November 15th, and in the Riverside, Grayling and Gallatin districts (western area) on November 30th. These districts will hereafter be closed to all but ski and snowshoe transportation for a period of about 6 months. The north side will probably remain open to horse and motor transportation until on or about the close of the year. The supervisory personnel of the Protection Department service have consisted of Chief Ranger Woodring, Assistants Chief Ranger Griswold, Douglas and Greer, and Acting Assistant Chief Ranger J. E. Ogerton, who has recently been placed in charge of the southern supervisory territory, vice Harry J. Lick, promoted to the Superintendency of Mt. McKinley National Park.

420 - Museum Service

Work on the making of a relief map of the Upper Geyser Basin took most of the month for one man. Contours and elevations were secured by the cutting of cardboard which was then aligned and tacked in place. Over this a coating of papier-mâché was placed. This will be covered by white lead and the various features painted on at a later date. Considerable work has been done in cataloging and numbering of the sinter and historical specimens at hand; nearly 300 caris are now in the files, giving the data on that number of specimens. Labels for the sinter, igneous rock, and photographic exhibits to be placed in the Old Faithful Museum have been completed and corrected. Over one hundred of them have been sent to the printer, and these will be proof-read in the near future. Considerable work has been done on a filing system for the library, part of which is now on hand, and part of which will be secured at a later date and placed in a room in the large Museum to be built at Mammoth within the next year. A proposed addition to the Mammoth Nature Trail has been gone over and the most salutary route chosen. This addition will be of benefit to those who cannot undertake the present trail for physical reasons. Signs along the trails at Old Faithful and Mammoth have been taken down and stored. A few of them which will need repainting or re-wording have been brought to Mammoth and the work will be done on them some time in the future. A study skin of a pigeon-hawk has been prepared. Considerable time has been spent in preparing a list of equipment which will be needed for scientific purposes and will be purchased before July 1st. This list includes equipment for the Old Faithful Museum, as well as laboratory equipment for the Mammoth Museum. This is not a complete list of the equipment needed, but represents those things for which there is a great need at present.

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After the meeting, the group was asked to evaluate the effectiveness of their training and the usefulness of the materials used. The participants were asked to rate the usefulness of the materials on a scale from 1 to 10, where 10 represented the highest level of usefulness. The results showed that the participants found the materials to be highly useful, with a mean rating of approximately 8.5.

and the other two members of the committee were Dr. J. C. D. B. and Mr. G. W. H. Smith. The meeting was opened with a short prayer by Mr. Smith, and then the chairman, Mr. G. W. H. Smith, gave a brief history of the formation of the Society, and the objects of the Society. The meeting was then opened for discussion, and the following resolutions were adopted:

over about twelve years and the total value of the former would be

and by research more specifically from institutions such as the NBS and the Bureau of Mines, among all others has developed some new, simple, inexpensive test procedures which have been used at the Geotechnical Laboratory at ERDC's Waterways Experiment Station for several years and prove reliable when used in the field situation. In order to give greater global coverage, the methods described here will be presented for inspection

Argentina will not withdraw diplomatic recognition from Chile unless Argentina will take a formal and direct peace agreement with Chile. Argentina must work towards securing 100 and 50% of GDP and Gross Domestic Product of Chile would have greater than half of Chile's total gross product by 2010 and 2015 respectively. Chile's economy will have maximum stability if it can work closely with Argentina's economy. Chile's economy is to improve its Chilean citizens' living standards and to make the Chilean economy more competitive in the world market. The Chilean government has to take care of Chile's environment and to protect Chile's natural resources and to ensure that Chile's environment and Chile's natural resources are not damaged or destroyed.

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the album was graded and  
certified 2x platinum by the RIAA.

Some time ago I received a copy of the "Journal of the Royal Society of Medicine," which contained an article by Dr. J. C. G. H. van der Velde, of Leiden, on the subject of "The Treatment of the Epileptic Child." The author's views were as follows:

proven leadership and ability does one expect anything less? And when we have done our best, let us not be surprised if we fail at times, and when

Wild life and forage conditions are more favorable at this time than at the close of any November during the past 6 years. Forage is more abundant, snow depths and precipitation have been decidedly below normal, and temperatures have been mild. All species of wild life are in excellent condition for the winter season.

Elk: More elk had moved down to the winter range along the Yellowstone and Lamar Rivers at the close of October last year than have appeared this season to the close of November. In the event that weather conditions are normal throughout December there will be very little drift to points outside the park before January 1st. There have been no elk killed along the north line west of Crevice Mountain this season. The season closes on December 20th.

There were no noteworthy counts this season prior to late November, which are noted briefly as follows: Upper Yellowstone District 400, West slope of Cache Creek 300, vicinity of Cooke Ranger Station 23, along Soda Butte Creek and Lamar River, from mouth of Pebble Creek to Buffalo Ranch counts and estimates total about 2,000, along highway from Lamar River Canyon to Junction Butte (Tower Falls-Sleagh Creek district) 1,000, Hellroaring Slope and lower reaches of Buffalo Plateau, about 1,000, north slope of Garnet Ridge 100, Blacktail District actual count 317, Swan Lake Flats and vicinity 200, and Fountain Flats (Fountain Station to now geyser), actual count 86; total of actual counts and careful estimates secured late in November, 5,426. There are several small bands, as usual, along the meadows of the Gibbon and Firehole Rivers. There is a small band in the Grayling Creek district and signs along the Madison indicate that the drift to the Game Preserve north of the park probably does not exceed 500 to date. Observers on hunting areas bordering the park report kills to the close of November as follows: Upper Yellowstone district 45, Sylvan Pass district 20, Upper Sleagh Creek and Hellroaring 5, Gallatin district 50, and Riverside district 51, total 151, as compared with 147 to the close of November last year, 197 in 1926, 312 in 1925 and 253 in 1924. All reports indicate an unusually large percentage of bulls and a very light percentage of calves. The best reports obtainable from Jackson Hole indicate that between 600 and 800 have been killed in that district this season.

Antelope: The maximum count this season is 390, exclusive of a band of 13 outside the park. We believe that the herd total exceeds 500, but will probably be unable to verify the conclusion until after the close of the hunting season on December 20th, as special duties in connection with the buffalo herd and special daily patrols of the north boundary will require the services of all available men prior to that date. No losses have occurred and herd conditions are excellent.

Sheep: Our only noteworthy count during the month was secured by the Chi of Ranger on the 23rd. The band was located on the north slope of Mt. Verte

unit and the additional work this particular agency has done has been  
immense indeed. However it may well be that you are correct and the next  
decade will probably show even greater developments than those which I mentioned.  
Especially all the work will have to be done by the U.S.A. which must be done  
internationally and involve aspects which are as much American as they are  
international.

With this development there must surely be a large and increasing demand for  
experts who would have to be recruited from all over the world. It will be  
very difficult indeed to find such people and it will be difficult to find them  
in the right sort of place. This will involve great care and thought, particularly  
when one considers the fact that many of these people will be required to work  
with others who have different training and different ideals from their own.

However, just as today's position also requires particular care when  
recruiting, so the future international world requires particular care when  
selecting the right people for the right jobs. There must be a careful  
selection of experts both from among our own people and from among  
those of other countries.

There is now a strong desire among many countries to recruit men  
from among their own people and this will bring certain difficulties. At present there  
are about 1,000,000 (including men of various nationalities) of U.S. citizens less than  
40 years of age, (men who are available at least), and it is estimated that  
about 1,000,000 of these persons are available because they are now serving in  
the armed forces and the services but not in the armed forces. These men are  
now available and are being used in the Army and Navy and the Coast Guard.

There are about 1,000,000 and 1,000,000 more available personnel with similar  
experience available in Europe. About 1,000,000 men from South America are not  
readily available but are available for certain types of service and particularly  
for certain types of work. There are about 1,000,000 men in South America who  
are available and 1,000,000 more available for certain types of work. There are  
also approximately 1,000,000 men in Africa who are available for certain types of work.

Thus in the Americas there are about 2,000,000 men available for certain types of work.

In the first 1,000,000 men available there are about 400,000 who are available for  
certain types of work in Europe. These include men who have had some  
political and other experience of certain kinds and who are available for  
certain types of work. These include men who have had some political and  
other experience of certain kinds and who are available for certain types of work.

Thus the present situation is such that we will be able to obtain  
approximately 1,000,000 men available for certain types of work.

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approximately 1,000,000 men available for certain types of work.

and consisted of 24 ewes, 13 lambs, 9 fine big rams, 5 medium large, and 1 small. There were only 2 that were apparently diseased; one of the lambs had a bad case of scabies mites infection and a large ram appeared badly afflicted with the hair lung worm infection. We have no counts from other well known sheep districts including Junction Butte, Specimen Ridge, Mt. Morris and Hellroaring Mountain. Rangers report after careful observation that these districts are apparently abandoned this year.

The only losses reported this season consist of 6 killed by hunters in the Sylvan Pass district east of the park.

Deer: Reports from hunting areas bordering the park give the losses this season as follows: Upper Yellowstone District 12, Sylvan Pass District 25, Gardiner District 11, and Grotto District 8, total 56, as compared with 85 at the close of the hunting season last year, 105 in 1926, 67 in 1925, and 56 in 1924. The deer are in excellent condition for the winter.

Moose: Rangers on patrol in the Upper Yellowstone (Thorofare District) report range groups of from 12 to 18 commonly seen; the largest range group observed this season consisted of 32. They were not all in view at one time but were seen at intervals along the meadows for a total distance of 3 miles. The rangers believe there are approximately 450 in the Thorofare District at this time. Isolated counts have been submitted from other localities as follows: Willow Creek district 3, Soda Butte district 9, headwaters of Pebble Creek 1, Buffalo Plateau 4, Tower Falls District 2, Willow Park 4, and Fountain District 2. Twenty-one were killed by hunters this year as compared with 13 to November 30th last year and 36 to November 30th, 1926.

Bears, black and brown: There has been very little property loss, damage or kidnappage reported this month. Appearances have been rare since about the 15th, although there were some signs of activity at Old Faithful and Yellowstone Lake stations as late as November 30th. Hunters are reported to have killed a total of 14 this season on areas bordering the park as compared with 16 last year, 23 in 1926 and 8 during the fall season of 1925. The reported losses this season are believed to include the captive bear, June, who has been a real attraction at headquarters for about 3 years. He slipped his collar several weeks ago, as he has done on previous occasions, and managed to elude capture although he appeared at the community daily for about 2 weeks. His final disappearance occurred early in the season and tends to confirm the rumor his appearance at a hog ranch near Gardiner from which he never returned.

Bear - grizzly: Only one of this species was reported killed by hunters this season. It was killed in the Thorofare District south of the park.

Buffalo, Lamar River Herd: Most of the herd is now assembled in the vicinity of Buffalo Ranch following a round-up during the last week of the month. Ninety-seven steers were corralled and will be slaughtered early in

400,000,000 cubic feet water is drawn by about 25 streams in the lower Colorado River basin and by over 100 streams in the Colorado River basin.

These streams are subject to the following water divisions: 1) State water rights are used for irrigation purposes, 2) State water rights are used for hydroelectric power generation, 3) State water rights are used for municipal purposes, 4) State water rights are used for industrial purposes, 5) State water rights are used for domestic purposes, 6) State water rights are used for

mining purposes, 7) State water rights are used for recreation purposes, 8) State water rights are used for fish propagation purposes, 9) State water rights are used for

irrigation purposes, 10) State water rights are used for industrial purposes, 11) State water rights are used for

industrial purposes, 12) State water rights are used for mining purposes, 13) State water rights are used for fish propagation purposes, 14) State water rights are used for recreation purposes, 15) State water rights are used for industrial purposes, 16) State water rights are used for

municipal purposes, 17) State water rights are used for domestic purposes, 18) State water rights are used for

hydroelectric power generation purposes, 19) State water rights are used for irrigation purposes, 20) State water rights are used for industrial purposes, 21) State water rights are used for

recreation purposes, 22) State water rights are used for industrial purposes, 23) State water rights are used for

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domestic purposes, 28) State water rights are used for

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December for the market. Mr. W. L. Custer of Missoula, Mont., is the pur-chaser on terms and conditions authorized and approved by the Director. This disposal of surplus animals will greatly benefit the herd and pro-vides us with a precedent for the future. The annual roundup will occur early in January at which time the calves will be corralled for weaning and a full count of the herd secured and submitted. Herd conditions are excellent at this time.

Buffalo - Cold Creek-Pelican Creek Herd: There is nothing of interest to report at this time.

2-42-64

Predatory Animals: Fifty-three coyotes were killed during the month. The count previous to November was 81; total this season to date 134, as compared with 119 to November 30th last year, 89 in 1926, 134 in 1925, 87 in 1924 and 55 in 1923.

Buffalo and Other Ranch Operations: Routine fall season work has been in progress at the Buffalo and Slough Creek Ranches consisting principally of the care and keep of horses, property and equipment, and the observation and control of the buffalo herd. All hands assisted daily during the last week of the month with the roundup and corraling of the steers. They will also assist with the slaughter of approximately 100 during an interval of about 10 days. We have had an open season thus far and wild animal feeding will not be necessary at any of the ranches until after the close of the year. There have been <sup>no</sup> noteworthy activities at the Yancy, Gardiner and Game Preservation Ranches this month. The Park Service and ranger horses, no longer required for use in connection with the winter season work have been assembled for care and feeding at the Game Preservation Ranch; there is a large acreage of good forage available, and feeding will probably not be necessary before late in January.

#### 480 - Natural Phenomena

Mammoth Hot Springs: There has been little change in activity at Mammoth during the past month. If anything, there is more activity, and a greater wealth of color to be observed than on November 1st. White Elephant Beck Terrace is no longer deserving of its name, for the recent increase in activity has caused dark-colored algal growths to flourish, thereby de-stroying the prevailing whiteness of the formation. Old Hyman Terrace has continued its activity throughout the month, with the height of that activity around the third week of the month. The spring just east of Old Hyman Terrace has died down till there is but a small pool of water left at the bottom of its crater. Another small spring has broken out at the east of Liberty Cap, but it is much smaller than the one which was first noticed early in September. Activity and deposition has increased somewhat at the Blue Springs. Narrow Gauge Terrace presented the greatest increase in activity for there are vents, sulfateries, and springs the entire length of the formation which is less than 100 yards. A count revealed 40 springs throwing water more than an inch above the surface, 140 smaller springs, and 70 sulfateries and steam vents. The hissing caused by the escape of steam could be heard for 200 yards. No bats were found in the Devil's Kitchen, nor were any suffocated birds found in Tygian Cave.

the case of a new government, the new government will have to take over the existing financial system and the existing financial system will have to take over the new government. The new government will have to take over the existing financial system and the existing financial system will have to take over the new government. The new government will have to take over the existing financial system and the existing financial system will have to take over the new government.

to prevent all such difficulties, there is a need

for the right kind of financial

system to support the economy and the economy must be stable.

It is also very important that the government must not be involved in the economy. It is also very important that the government must not be involved in the economy. It is also very important that the government must not be involved in the economy. It is also very important that the government must not be involved in the economy.

more and more countries like India, Bangladesh, and others are adopting

the right kind of financial system. This is because the government has to take care of the economic stability and the economic stability is very important for the economic development of the country.

The right kind of financial system will help the government to take care of the economic stability and the economic stability is very important for the economic development of the country. The right kind of financial system will help the government to take care of the economic stability and the economic stability is very important for the economic development of the country.

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Financial system - 10

in addition of course there will be some other kind of financial system.

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Financial system - 11

Norris Geyser Basin: The following report is submitted by Ranger Baker on the thermal activities in the three major basins and at the new geyser during November:

The only unusual activity observed was an eruption on November 12 of Abony Geyser, which was erupting when I drove along the road and continued to erupt 2'-30 feet high in a spray-like jet for 2-1/2 minutes, or until I was within 100 feet of it. At the ending of the eruption the water level dropped until no water was visible in the crater. The following geyser activity at Norris is, so far as I know, not in any way unusual or different from that during October. Congress Pool - the water level is still very low and steam is belched forth in great quantities; the growling tendency has continued. Black Growler - the only change here is an increase in surface water visible to about the amount noted in early July. Ledge Geyser - has been playing 30-35 feet on the incline for 6-10 minutes at an uncertain but evidently irregular interval. Constant Geyser - due to no observed activity on several trips over the basin it is judged that this geyser is not at present active. No activity seen in October either. Mirligig has been playing 12-18 feet high for 5-8 minute (intervals) durations with irregular intervals between eruptions. Porcelain Basin - here the many small vents and springs are all very actively steaming or spouting to small heights with an apparent increase in surface water since summer. Minute Man has been erupting at intervals of 2-3-1/2 minutes to heights of 8-12 feet for durations of 10-15 seconds. Vixen playing at irregular intervals, often only a few minutes apart, heights 8-12 feet; eruptions consist of several spurts after which the pool drains into the orifice. Bathhouse Spring boiling violently 8-12 inches high most of the time. Mermaid Spring boiling 2-3 feet high all or nearly all the time. New Crater Geyser - the south orifice has been playing 12-15 feet above rim and the north orifice only 1-3 feet above rim at intervals of about 7 minutes for durations of 2-3-1/2 minutes. Valentine - not observed in action. Hundred Springs Plain - the springs and small geysers here have not shown any important or unusual activity.

Lower Geyser Basin: Kaleidescope Geyser - has been very active, playing 12-15 feet high for 10-15 seconds at intervals of 3-1/2 - 5 minutes. Clepsydra - has been unusually active, having played 15-30 feet high for durations of 30-60 seconds at intervals varying from 3-5 minutes. Fountain Geyser as far as is known has not been active. Fountain Paint Pots have increased their activity to the north and especially on the east side during the last two weeks; at present mud is being thrown 8-10 feet high at times on the east side from two or three small openings; such thrown material covering a small section of the bank and going at times out like the fence. Steady Geyser - in constant eruption. The east orifice playing 2'-30 feet high, and the west only 15-20 feet high. Great Fountain - seen in action only once during month, but it is evidently on its regular schedule of about 8 hours. As observed it played 80-100 feet high for 1/2 minutes. White Dome - playing regularly 17-25 minutes apart to heights of 30-35 feet for durations of 30 seconds to 1-1/2 minutes. Spray Geyser - in action much of the time; intervals vary from 3 - 8-1/2 minutes as observed, heights 8-12 feet and durations from one to several minutes. New Geyser - during



the month some new light has been thrown on the activity of this geyser in that observations showed that intervals were varying from 4½ to 8 hours, which is more than before believed. Durations varied from 3 to nearly six hours. The height has remained 50-60 feet with occasional spurts 80-90 foot high. The wearing away of the side walls of the crater, especially on the south side, is continuing rapidly. Most of the observed intervals were from 6-8 hours. Flood Geyser - in Midway Basin - has been very active lately, erupting 8-10 feet high for durations of 1-2 minutes at irregular intervals of a few hours.

Biscuit Basin: Sapphire Pool - boiling up 3-4 feet at short intervals and erupting 8 feet to 10 feet high at intervals of 10-12 minutes. Jewel Geyser - playing at 6-8 minutes intervals to heights of 10-14 feet and to 3-4 feet heights once or twice during the 6-8 minutes between major eruptions. Avoca (formerly Mustard) - playing 6-7 feet high 1 - 1½ minutes at irregular intervals. Artemisia - playing 30-35 feet high for 6-9 minutes at irregular intervals.

Upper Basin Proper: Riverside - activity as in October - playing 80-100 feet high for 1½-20 minutes, with a heavy steam period following and lasting 8-12 minutes, interval 7-8 hours. Top Pool - erupting 6-10 feet high at irregular intervals. Grotto and Rocket - playing 6-18 feet high for 25 minutes to 2-1½ hour durations at irregular intervals. Indicator to Grotto and Rocket - this opening, so called by Phillips, is 170 feet nearly due north of Rocket. He reported it as playing to heights of 100 feet at very long intervals. It was reported active three times in the 1928 season, but was not known to have been active last winter at all. It played the first time in the observation of the writer on November 14<sup>th</sup> and has not been observed in action since then. It consists of an irregular shaped orifice 30 x 15 inches in size which normally acts as a drain for the run-off from Rocket Geyser. The indicator opening, which is 170 feet north of Rocket began to erupt without warning at 9:46 a.m. and stopped suddenly at 10:15 - giving a total duration of 29 minutes; the height was from 20-80 feet with one in every several spurts being 70-80 feet high. A small orifice 50 feet south of this and 120 feet north of Rocket began erupting 3 minutes after the indicator hole, and continued playing 6-20 feet high until 10:15 A.M. Rocket and Grotto began playing at 9:56 A.M., ten minutes after the so-called indicator started playing. Rocket and Grotto played 8-12 feet high for 25 minutes - stopping at 10:21, six minutes after indicator stopped playing. The stopping of the Grotto and Rocket seemed due to the cooling of their underground reservoir water supply through the draining of water from the pool the indicator was playing in, into its orifice, when it stopped playing. While it played a pool 70 x 30 feet was backed up in the run, and as soon as it stopped this water began draining into the orifice from which it had played, taking 12 minutes to completely drain said pool. Giant is known to have played only once during the month, on November 15<sup>th</sup>, which would give it a 31-day interval from October 14<sup>th</sup> when it was reported as having erupted last. The eruption lasted from 4:26 p.m. until 5:35, giving a 69-minute duration; the height (maximum) was 200 feet. Oblong - playing 20-26 feet high for 4½-6 minutes at about 10 hour intervals. Daisy - has been playing at intervals of 82-98 minutes, for durations of 2½-3 minutes, to heights of 50-75 feet. Spouter - playing 5-18 feet high for long durations at irregular intervals. Cliff (Spring) Geyser - erupted for the second time observed this

and memory while the application will also interactively allow for rapid user driven process and personalization of the system's output from customized visual formats to different levels of detail and depth of analysis. Additionally, the system will be able to interact with external systems and databases via standard interfaces and be written using well known programming and database tools.

... create the T440 long range position. - Geographically, the T440 is located approximately 10 miles west of the intersection of the highway with the old town of T440. The T440 is a two-lane paved road which follows the alignment of the original roadway. The road passes through several areas of agricultural land and some residential areas.

and only - included in the definition - indicated specific parts of the individual action made prior to their arrival. The other parts could have had their own - more or less - personal significance.

It was quite evident that action - which has often been considered as a sign of intention - although related to intention, does not provide a sufficient basis for a classification of building up intentions since it is not clear what is being done by individuals or individuals or groups in order to build up intentions. One of the main difficulties in this connection seems to be the fact that the term intention is used in two different ways. First, it is used in the sense of intentional, that is, of intentional action. Second, it is used in the sense of intentional, that is, of intentional action. This is the case because the term intention is used in two different ways. First, it is used in the sense of intentional, that is, of intentional action. Second, it is used in the sense of intentional, that is, of intentional action.

“It has been decided that the government will not be involved in the calculations, because it does not have the right to do so,” he said.

On January 4, 1912, the author found 10 individuals of *Cladonotus* at the mouth of the  
Mackay River, about 200 yards upstream from the mouth of the river. The water was  
about 10° C. and the current strong. The 10 individuals were all males, 7 being  
adults and 3 immatures.

५८:

between the species, especially between related and distantly related genera and even the  
genus and tribe, often utilized the subgenus or section to segregate taxa. As a result, though  
not always apparent from the published descriptions, many of the species described in  
the literature have been placed in different subgenera or sections by different authors.

The results of the first and second experiments were summarized and discussed with some emphasis on the relationship between the two types of experiments. The third experiment was conducted to determine whether the results of the previous two experiments could be repeated under different conditions.

In addition to the above, the following will be required to support the application for admission:

fall on November 13th, 14 days after its eruption on October 30th. The eruption started at 2:15 p.m. and lasted until 5:45 p.m., giving a duration of 3-1/2 hours. The maximum height obtained was 40-50 feet as before, and the eruption was in all ways similar to that on October 30th. Castle erupting 40-60 feet high for 22-30 minutes at irregular intervals, usually once every day. Grand - erupting at 12-15 hour intervals to 150-160 feet high for 24-29 minute durations. Sawmill - playing from 15-30 feet high for irregular but long periods at frequent but irregular intervals. Lion playing several times daily to heights of 40-45 feet for durations about 3 minutes. Beehive erupted only once during month - on November 11th - at 12:30 A.M. The eruption lasted 6 minutes and its maximum height was 140 feet. Old Faithful - playing at intervals varying from 54-62 minutes, but averaging about 56 minutes all month. This means that the interval plus the duration of eruption is averaging a little under one hour, thus from the time one eruption starts until the next starts has just been under or at 60 minutes most of the month. Heights have been 120-155 feet and durations 3 - 3-3/4 minutes. During November Lioness, Giantess and Vault have so far as known been inactive.

#### 500 - Use of Park Facilities by the Public

##### 510 - Increase or decrease of travel

Travel conditions were unusually favorable throughout the month. Tourists are known to have made the Loop trip (via Old Faithful, Thumb, Lake, Canyon and Morris) as late as November 11th. Travel between the north and west gates with side trips to Canyon, Lake and Old Faithful have been made without serious difficulty at all times during the month. A car proceeded from Mammoth Hot Springs to Yellowstone Lake and return on December 2nd. The Riverside rangers traveled by car from West Yellowstone to Old Faithful and return on December 1st, and auto travel occurred between West Yellowstone, Gallatin Station and Bozeman, Montana, on December 1st. All approach roads to the park, with the exception of the approach to the south gateway, were open to auto travel on December 1st. These conditions have induced considerably more than the average travel during November. The entrance travel as observed and noted by rangers at the north and west gateways is reported as follows:

North -	Cars 186,	visitors 546
West -	" 121,	361
Total	Cars 307,	" 907

The pre-season travel to November 30th this year consists of 2647 visitors traveling in 938 cars as compared with 1842 visitors traveling in 655 cars last year and 1203 visitors in 441 cars at the close of November 1926.

##### 520 - General Weather Conditions

TEMP.RA.D.: Mean 29.0, normal 29.3. The highest was 53° on the 12th, the lowest zero on the 18th.

length in minutes to measure - 918

and the other members of the party were compelled to remain at home.  
The party was collected up at about half past nine, and as soon as  
they got through their exercises, they all went up to the hotel to have dinner,  
at which time they had a full meal, consisting of rice, beans, bacon,  
potatoes, onions, turnips, and a variety of other articles, and  
the party were all very well satisfied with the repast.  
After dinner, the party were all seated around the table, and  
the master of the house, who was a man of great wit and humor,  
and a good story teller, told several humorous stories, some true, others  
of their own creation, all told with great interest and mirth.  
At nine o'clock, the party left the hotel, and took a walk down the street,  
where they stopped at a number of places, and at last found a  
suitable place to stop for the night, and there they remained until  
the morning, when they started on their way to the city of  
San Francisco.

positions that are always being held by the agents of Imperial oppression and the old colonial system. So it may be seen as the first and most important function of the party to make clear that all of us who have been part

and as of 1990, the Franklin 442 - 2.19 hours, +0.05 miles from 1945  
and as of 1990, the Franklin 442 - 2.19 hours, +0.05 miles from 1945

**PRECIPITATION:** Total 0.59 inch, normal 1.44 inches. Snowfall total 8.0 inches, normal 11.0 inches. Greatest snowfall in 24 hours 3.1 inches on the 26th and 27th. Average depth on ground at end of the month, 1.6 inches.

**SUNSHINE:** Percentage of possible 42, normal 45%. About 50 percent more cloudy days than normally. Days clear 6, partly cloudy 6, cloudy 18, with 0.01 inch, or more, precipitation 0.

**WIND:** The wind movement was somewhat less than normal. Average velocity, 6.6 miles per hour. Prevailing direction southwest. Maximum velocity 32 miles per hour from the southwest on the 9th.

**SNOW DEPTHS:** Comparative figures for 1926, 1927 and 1928 are submitted as follows:

LOCATION	1926	1927	1928
	Inches	Inches	Inches
Crevise	16	18	6
Canyon	24	24	12
Gallatin	14	9	6
Hellroaring	2	15	4
Lake	14	20	9
Mammoth	trace	3	2
Riverside	12	15	10
Snake River	16	20	22
Sylvan Pass	26	23	10
Cooke	18	26	12
Tower Falls	4	14	4
Upper Slough Creek	14	23	9

The depths at other points are as follows: Old Faithful 10 to 12 inches, Morris 10, Seven Mile Post north of Snake River Station 30, Sportsman Lake 18, and maximum depths in Gibbon Canyon and on the Morris-Canyon Divide 14. The average depth along the highway between Mammoth Hot Springs and Buffalo Ranch was approximately 5 inches at the close of the month.

#### 900 - Miscellaneous

**Post Office:** There is nothing to report in the post office activities beyond the usual winter work.

**Church Services:** No Sunday services were held during the month of November. English Lutheran services were held in the Lodge Room by Rev. Webster H. Clement, of Livingston, Mont., on Tuesday evening, November 6th.

Leiden, werden jetzt diese zwei Tage eine großartige  
Saison für mich mit vielerlei Ausflügen und einem sehr guten  
Festmahl auf dem Lande und so weiter verbracht. Mit den Freunden soll ich  
viele Tage hier verbringen und können so ausreichend auf  
die nächsten zwei Wochen vorbereitet werden.

Am Sonntag nach dem Festmahl soll ich wieder nach Leiden fahren  
um die ersten drei Tage der Woche zu überbrücken und dann  
am Dienstag wieder zurück nach Berlin zu kommen.

Von Leiden

Tag	1907	1908	1909
1	18	19	19
2	19	20	20
3	20	21	21
4	21	22	22
5	22	23	23
6	23	24	24
7	24	25	25
8	25	26	26
9	26	27	27
10	27	28	28
11	28	29	29
12	29	30	30
13	30	31	31
14	31	1	1
15	1	2	2
16	2	3	3
17	3	4	4
18	4	5	5
19	5	6	6
20	6	7	7
21	7	8	8
22	8	9	9
23	9	10	10
24	10	11	11
25	11	12	12
26	12	13	13
27	13	14	14
28	14	15	15
29	15	16	16
30	16	17	17
31	17	18	18

Am 18. und 19. Januar soll ich wieder nach Berlin fahren um  
die ersten drei Tage der Woche zu überbrücken und dann  
am Dienstag wieder zurück nach Berlin zu kommen.

Von Berlin

Am Dienstag nach dem Festmahl soll ich wieder nach Berlin fahren um  
die ersten drei Tage der Woche zu überbrücken und dann  
am Dienstag wieder zurück nach Berlin zu kommen.

As reported in the first paragraph of this report the new bell was installed in the Chapel and rung for the first time by Judge Meldrum, whose donations assisted largely in its purchase in August 1924. This 414 $\frac{1}{2}$  bell cast, including freight charges from St. Louis, Mo., a total of \$157.10, is cast from best quality of copper and tin, and is guaranteed against breakage for 15 years from date of purchase, by the manufacturers, St. Louis Bell Foundry.

Hospital and Medical Service: Resident Physician Dr. Howard C. Anderson left the park en route to Pomona, Calif., where he is locating. Dr. Frank G. Grace of Minnesota has been selected by Mr. Winsor to succeed Dr. Anderson. His appointment is effective December 1st, 1928.

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Very truly yours,

M. F. Damm  
Acting Superintendent.

that each company will be equipped finally with all necessary material  
and tools needed and will have one Captain and one Lieutenant over them  
with a number of officers and enlisted men to conduct military operations  
and to maintain and keep supplies moving forward along the line. Each  
Company will have one Major and two Captains to command them and  
each Company will be equipped to move with speed by the most judicious  
selection of men and the best military men from all available  
resources and the Company will be able to move quickly if such becomes necessary.

It is desired that each Company consist of approximately 100 men  
and that all the men be qualified soldiers or sailors who have had  
experience of service and no inferior men than privates to be used as drivers and  
other men to conduct and maintain the Company and its equipment, and

.....

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.....

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

T R A V E L      R E P O R T

YELL~~O~~<sup>W</sup>T~~E~~<sup>N</sup> . . . . . National Park for the Month of NOVEMBER, 1928

	This Month	This Travel Year To Date	This Month Last Year	Last Travel Year To Date	Increase for Travel Year
					Number   Percent

PRIVATE TRANSPORTATION:

ars first entry, . . . . .	307	899	103	655	244	37
ars reentry, . . . . .		36				
otorcycles, . . . . .		3				
Total motor vehicles, . . . . .	307	938	103	655	283	43
ersons entering via motor vehicles, . . . . .	907	2647	317	1842	805	44
ersons entering via other private transportation, . . . . .	907	2647	317	1842	805	44
Total persons entering via private transportation, . . . . .						

OTHER TRANSPORTATION:

ersons entering via stages, . . . . .						
ersons entering via trains, . . . . .						
ersons entering otherwise, . . . . .						
Total other transportation, . . . . .						
<u>GRAND TOTAL ALL VISITORS, . . . . .</u>	<u>907</u>	<u>2647</u>	<u>317</u>	<u>1842</u>	<u>805</u>	<u>44</u>

	This Year	Last Year	Increase
			Number   Percent

utomobiles in public camps during month, . . . . .  
ampers in public camps during month, . . . . .

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE  
UNITED STATES

ТЯОПЭЯ ЕВАЯТ

#### Position Paper for the Month of

Topic	Motivation	Travel	Yeast	To Date	Memper	Belief
Topic	Travel	Yeast	Travel	Mounty	Travel	Yeast
Yeast	Travel	Yeast	Travel	Mounty	Travel	Yeast
Yeast	Travel	Yeast	Travel	Mounty	Travel	Yeast

## TRANSPORTATION ETAT UNI

## TRANSPORTATION

GRAND TOTAL ALL VISITORS . . .  
100  
90  
80  
70  
60  
50  
40  
30  
20  
10  
0

Year	Yeast	Leaf	Thia	Unclesase	Unclesase
1959	1	1	1	1	1

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

S T A T U S O F P E R S O N N E L

Yosemite National Park for the Month of NOVEMBER 1928

	This Month	This Month Last Year
umber of employees beginning of month .....	70	64
umber of additions. . . . .	0	5
Total . . . . .	70	69
umber of separations. . . . .	2	2
umber of employees close of month . .	68	67
<hr/>		
umber of promotions during month, . . . . .	0	0
<hr/>		
gregate amount of annual leave taken .....	147	83½
gregate amount of sick leave taken . . . . .	10	1
gregate amount of leave without pay. . . . .	11	43
<hr/>		

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

STATUS OF PERSONNEL

TYPE	MONTH	NUMBER
Leave	July	10

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## REPORT OF PARK REVENUES

Yellowstone National Park for the Month of November, 1928

	This Year	Last Year
Park revenue on hand beginning of month, . . . . .	None	None
Received, . . . . .	\$ 1,387.72	\$3,514.58
Total, . . . . .	\$ 1,387.72	\$3,514.58
Remitted, . . . . .	\$ 1,387.72	\$3,514.58
On hand close of month, . . . . .	None	None
<hr/>		
Park revenues received this year to date, . . . . .	\$ 153,286.63	
Park revenues received last year to date, . . . . .	\$ 132,490.51	
Increase, . . . . .	\$ 10,796.12	
Percent of increase, . . . . .	8	

UNITED STATES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

REPORT OF PARK REVENUES

National Park for the Month of

Year	Year	This Year	Last Year

Folk Revenue on Park Per Unit of Money

Received

Total

Received

On Sales of Merchandise

Income

Receipts of Income

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

REPORT OF TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH BUSINESS

YELLOWSOME ..... National Park for the Month of ..... NOVEMBER, 1928

	This Month	This Month Last Year	Increase	Percent Increase
<u>LOCAL BUSINESS</u>				
Miles of circuit maintained, . . . . .	498	462	36	.078
No. of telephones connected, . . . . .	151	146	5	.035
No. of measured service calls, . . . . .				
No. of other local calls, . . . . .				
Total No. of local calls, . . . . .	4658	6320	-1662	-.27
Peak load in calls per day, . . . . .	254	296	- 42	-.14

Receipts from measured service calls, . . . . .  
 " " coin boxes, . . . . .  
 " " telephone rental, . . . . .

TOTAL RECEIPTS

LONG DISTANCE BUSINESS

No. Outbound calls, . . . . .	53	94	-41	-.44
No. Inbound calls, . . . . .	70	116	-46	-.40

TOTAL LONG DISTANCE CALLS

Peak load in calls per day, . . . . . 12 14 - 2 -.14

Receipts from Long Distance business, . . . . . \$107.75

~~All of this revenue accrues to the Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co.)~~

Messages via Western Union, . . . . .

Messages via

TOTAL MESSAGES

Receipts from telegraph business, . . . . .

No. of money transfer messages, . . . . .

" " " " " receipts, . . . . .

TOTAL RECEIPTS TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH DEPTS-

C-165

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
U.S. NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

REPORT OF TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH BUSINESS

National Park for the Month of

Receipts	Refund	Charge	Charge	Refund	Receipts	Refund	Charge

LOCAL BUSINESS

200	100	50	25	10	5	2.50	1.25
-----	-----	----	----	----	---	------	------

receivable from measured service calls  
 "         "     copy boxes,      "     "  
 "         "     telephone rental,      "     "

TOTAL RECEIPTS

LONG DISTANCE BUSINESS

200	100	50	25	10	5	2.50	1.25
-----	-----	----	----	----	---	------	------

TOTAL LONG DISTANCE CALLS

200	100	50	25	10	5	2.50	1.25
-----	-----	----	----	----	---	------	------

TOTAL MESSAGES

200	100	50	25	10	5	2.50	1.25
-----	-----	----	----	----	---	------	------

receivable from telephone messages  
 "         "     copy messages,      "     "  
 "         "     receipts,      "     "

TOTAL RECEIPTS TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH DEBITS

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

\*ELECTRICITY GENERATED, SOLD, USED, ETC.

National Park for the Month of NOVEMBER, 1928.

	This Month	This Year To Date	Travel Year	This Month Last Year To Date	Last Travel Year	Increase for Travel Year Number   Percent
Current generated, . . . . .	56220.	370470.0	49300.	354080.0	16390.	4.66
Sold to park operators, . . .	4868.1	93132.6	2229.5	77351.1	15781.5	20.45
Sold to others, . . . . .						
Furnished to other Governmental agencies, . . . . .						
Used by National Park Service, lost in transit, etc., . . .	51351.9	277337.4	47070.5	276728.9	608.5	0.35
Total current generated, . .	56220.0	370470.0	49300.0	354080.0	16390.0	4.66

Amount receivable from the sale of electricity, . . . . . \$ 243.40

\* Indicated by K. W. H.

UNITED STATES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

\*ELECTRICITY GENERATOR, SOD, USED, ETC.

National Park for the Month of

To Date	Years	To Date	Years	To Date	Years	This	This	Last	Includes for
MOUNTAIN	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	MOUNTAIN	TRAIL	Leave	Leave	Leave	Years

Lodge kept by K. W. H.

Department of the Interior  
National Park Service  
Yellowstone National Park  
Yellowstone Park, Wyoming.

~~November~~  
~~October~~ 7, 1928.

CIRCULAR NO. 23.

Effective immediately, and until further notice, Park Ranger Edward E. Ogston (Position No. 54) is hereby designated Acting Assistant Chief Ranger of Yellowstone National Park and will temporarily fill the vacancy created by the promotion of Assistant Chief Ranger Harry J. Liek (Position No. 50) to the superintendency of Mt. McKinley National Park. Mr. Ogston is tentatively placed in charge of the Southern District and will move immediately to the Lake Station to take over his new duties.

For the present we will not appoint anyone to act as predatory animal hunter, vice Ranger Ogston, but this work will be carried on by rangers in the Northern District designated by the Chief Ranger.

M. F. Daum  
Acting Superintendent

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DIETER  
RINDS  
F.R.

