

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
OFFICE OF LAND AND WATER RIGHTS
WATER RIGHTS SECTION
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

HYDROLOGIC INVESTIGATION OF UPPER AND LOWER EMIGRANT SPRINGS

AT

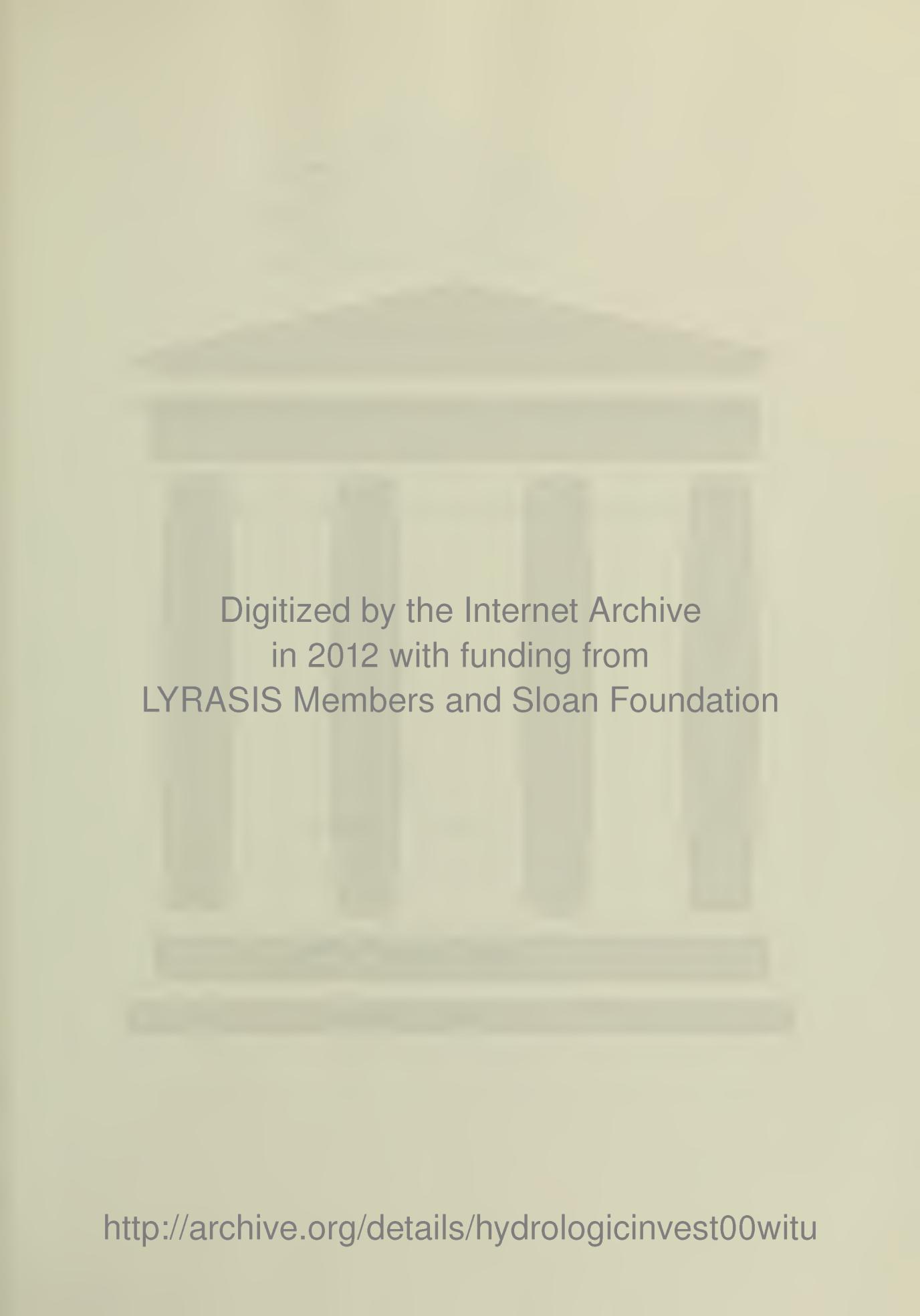
DEATH VALLEY NATIONAL MONUMENT, CALIFORNIA

By

Gerard S. Witucki

Administrative report
for U.S. Government use only

February, 1968

A faint, light-colored watermark or background image of a classical building with four prominent columns and a triangular pediment is visible across the entire page.

Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2012 with funding from
LYRASIS Members and Sloan Foundation

<http://archive.org/details/hydrologicinvest00witu>

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
OFFICE OF LAND AND WATER RIGHTS
WATER RIGHTS SECTION
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

HYDROLOGIC INVESTIGATION OF UPPER AND LOWER EMIGRANT SPRINGS

AT

DEATH VALLEY NATIONAL MONUMENT, CALIFORNIA

By

Gerard S. Witucki

Administrative report
for U.S. Government use only

February, 1968

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Introduction -----	1
Procedures -----	3
Investigation at Upper Emigrant Springs -----	6
Investigation at Lower Emigrant Springs -----	11
References Cited -----	15

ILLUSTRATIONS

	<u>Page</u>
Figure 1. Index Map -----	2
2. Topographic Map of Sites -----	5
3. Boring Map of Upper Emigrant Springs	9
4. Boring Map of Lower Emigrant Springs	14

TABLES

	<u>Page</u>
Table 1. Water Level Reading of Selected Borings -----	10

APPENDIX

	<u>Page</u>
Logs of Borings 1 - 19 at Upper Emigrant Springs- A1 - A19	
Logs of Borings 1 and 2 at Lower Emigrant Springs A20- A21	

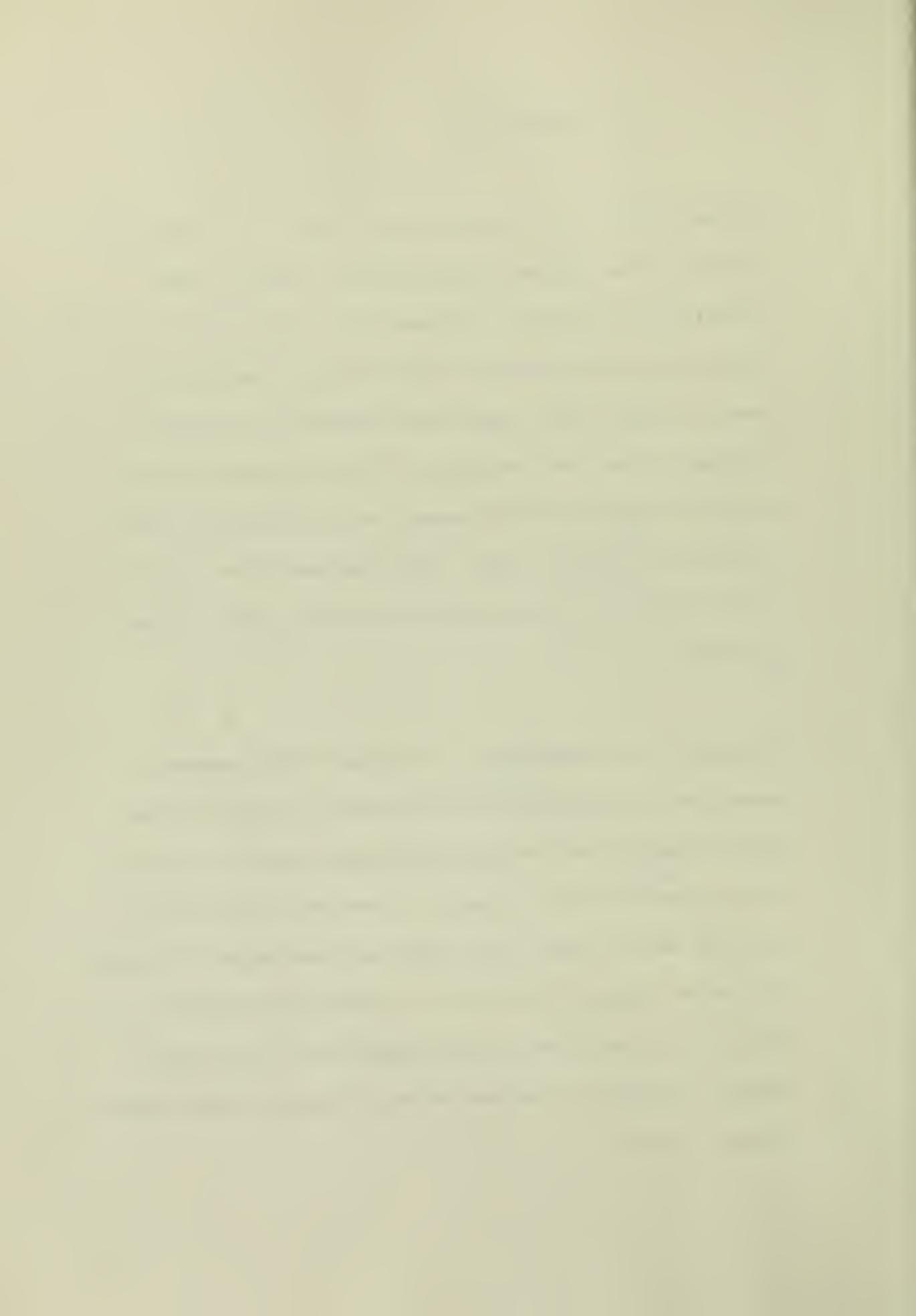
I - INTRODUCTION

The need exists for an increased water supply for the Emigrant District at Death Valley National Monument (Morris, 1966).

This situation is further complicated by the existing water right of 700 gallons per day at Lower Emigrant Springs by the Stove Pipe Wells Hotel organization (General Hotel Company).

It appears likely that the owners of the facilities at Stove Pipe Wells Hotel may wish to expand their facilities and hence increase their need for water. The organization has unsuccessfully attempted to drill a potable water well closer to their facilities.

Geological Survey Hydrologist F. F. Zdenek (1966) prepared a report for the National Park Service which described a number of small springs which he felt could be put together to make up the above-mentioned water supply. It was felt that the best potential sources would be the Upper and Lower Emigrant Springs. This report presents the results of an investigation made as an aid in the determination of what further steps can be taken to increase the amount of captured water at Upper and Lower Emigrant Springs (see Fig. 1).



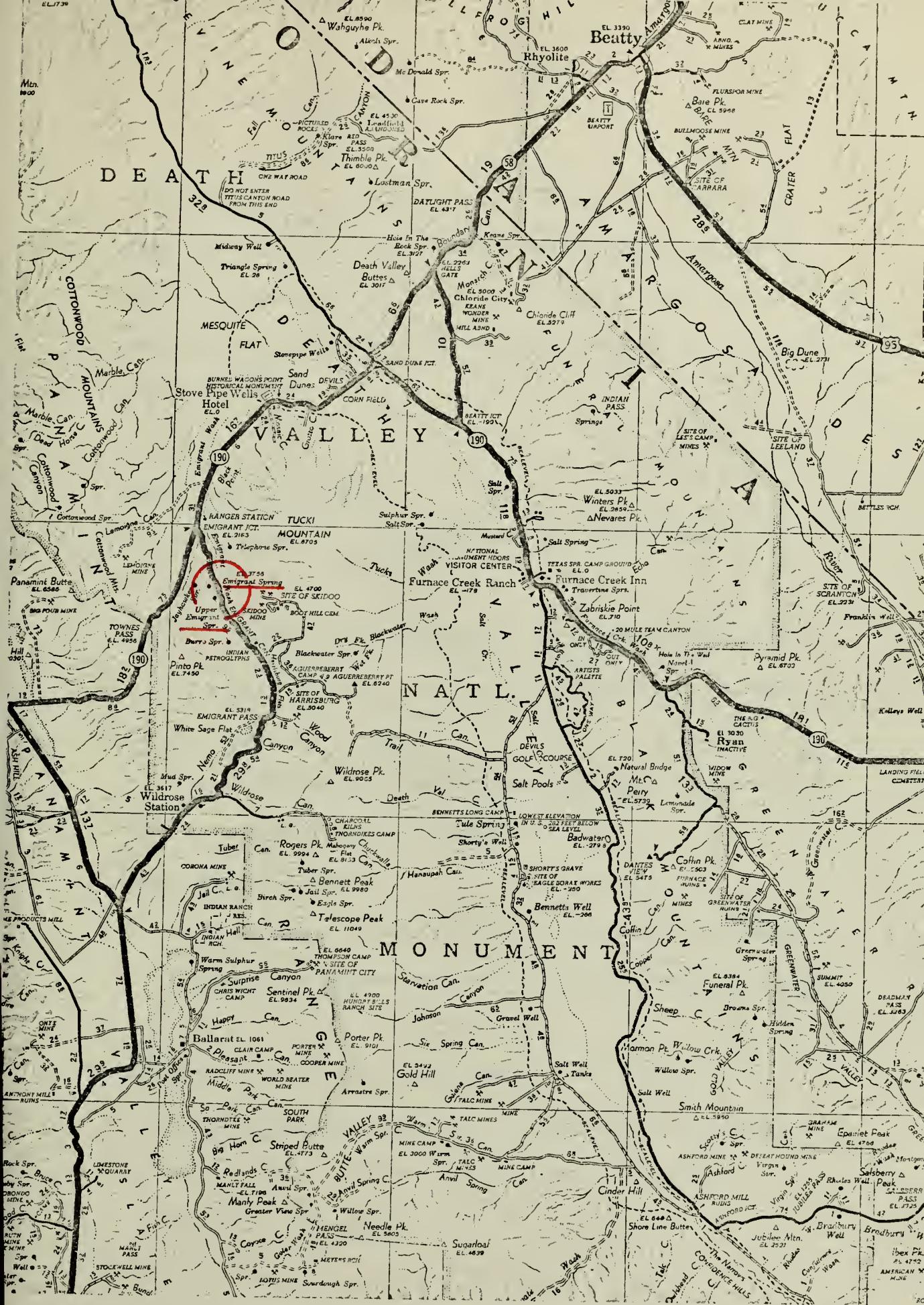
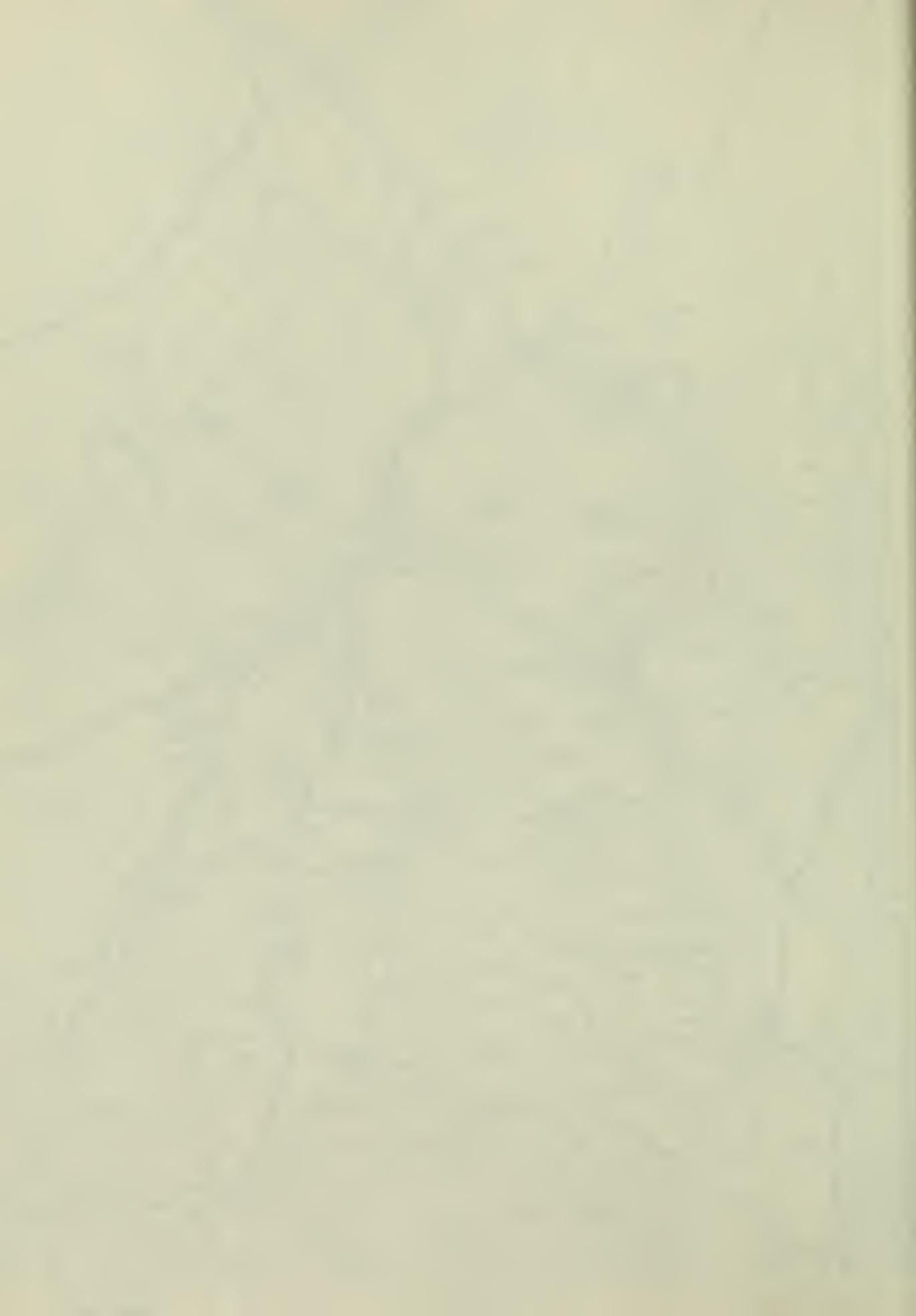


FIGURE 1



II - PROCEDURES

After reviewing applicable reports, visiting the specific sites (see Fig. 2), and holding preliminary discussions with Superintendent J. Stratton and Chief of Maintenance T. Boothroyd, at Death Valley, the following collective recommendations were made (Witucki, 1967):

Upper Emigrant Springs

1. Drill or auger as many borings as practicable through the alluvium.
 - A. Borings at this location may be somewhat troublesome due to the coarseness of the gravel (cobble and boulder sizes are common).
 - B. Borings at this location should be done with mechanized equipment if at all possible.

Lower Emigrant Springs

1. Drill or auger as many borings as can be practicably accomplished. The gravels here do not contain as many large sizes.

Hopefully, the borings will contribute the following data:

1. Depth to bedrock; Configuration of the subsurface alluvium.
2. Depth to water; General configuration of the saturated portion of the aquifer.

3. Description of the material encountered - in that this information will be useful if an extensive infiltration gallery should be installed.

The following drilling methods were considered:

1. Mechanized augering (continuous flight).
2. Rotary drilling with air.
3. "Chicago Pneumatic" - This is similar to an air jack-hammer; miners often use this method. It produces a 2-inch diameter boring and is fairly portable.

The relief of the terrain about these springs, particularly at Lower Emigrant, varies sharply and was a factor as to the choice of equipment. It was decided to choose the equipment that would most nearly produce the desired data without an unreasonable amount of effort expended.

It had been intended to do some backhoeing. Unfortunately, at the time of the investigation, the equipment was not available. It had also been hoped to run a simple seismic survey at the Upper Emigrant site to verify the depth to bedrock as indicated by the augering; however, untimely equipment malfunction prevented this.

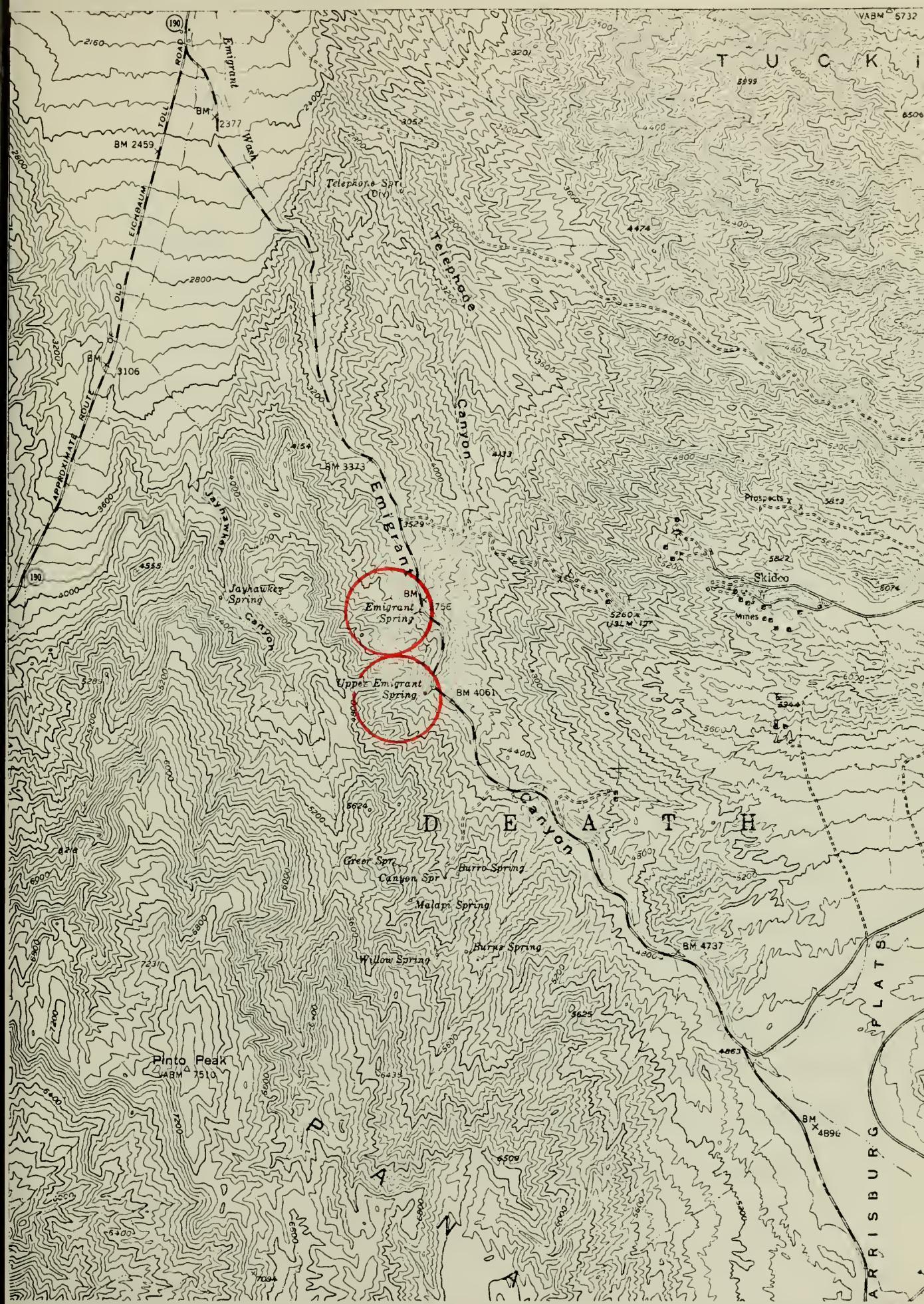


FIGURE 2

III - INVESTIGATION AT UPPER EMIGRANT SPRINGS

A four-inch mechanized auger (continued flight) was borrowed from the Naval Weapons Station at China Lake, California, as it was not possible to obtain satisfactory boring equipment from local drilling contractors. Three to four inches of snow fell on sites prior to the investigation, which began on December 18, 1967.

An arbitrary datum was selected at the intersection of the center of Emigrant Canyon Road and the projected axis of the canyon (assumed elevation of 0 feet). The 19 boring sites were located in relation to this selected datum (see Fig. 3). The logs of the borings are attached in the Appendix.

By examining the logs, it is seen that borings 1 - 6 vary from 2 to 5 feet in depth. Although boulders rather than bedrock were probably encountered in some of the borings, it appears that the alluvial cover is somewhat thin here. Borings 7 and 9 indicated a thickening of alluvium and the presence of water. Boring 8 seems to indicate the western edge of the aquifer. Boring 10 may indicate the bedrock of the eastern edge of the alluvium. Borings 12, 13, 14 and 15 to the north of the abandoned well all indicate moisture. Maximum depths of alluvium were found at borings 9 and 14.

Boring 16 drilled in an associated drainage, at what visually appeared to be the maximum depth of alluvium there, indicated alluvium to a depth of about four feet without any sign of moisture.

Borings 17, 18 and 19 drilled in the narrowest part of the canyon indicated a relatively shallow cover of alluvium which was saturated near the surface. Water generally runs on the surface near boring 19.

Upon completion of the borings, two-inch steel pipes (lower two feet perforated) were set in four selected borings: 9, 11, 12 and 13. Water measurements were made on the following day in these borings and also in the others, indicating moisture (see Table 1).

Conclusion and Recommendations

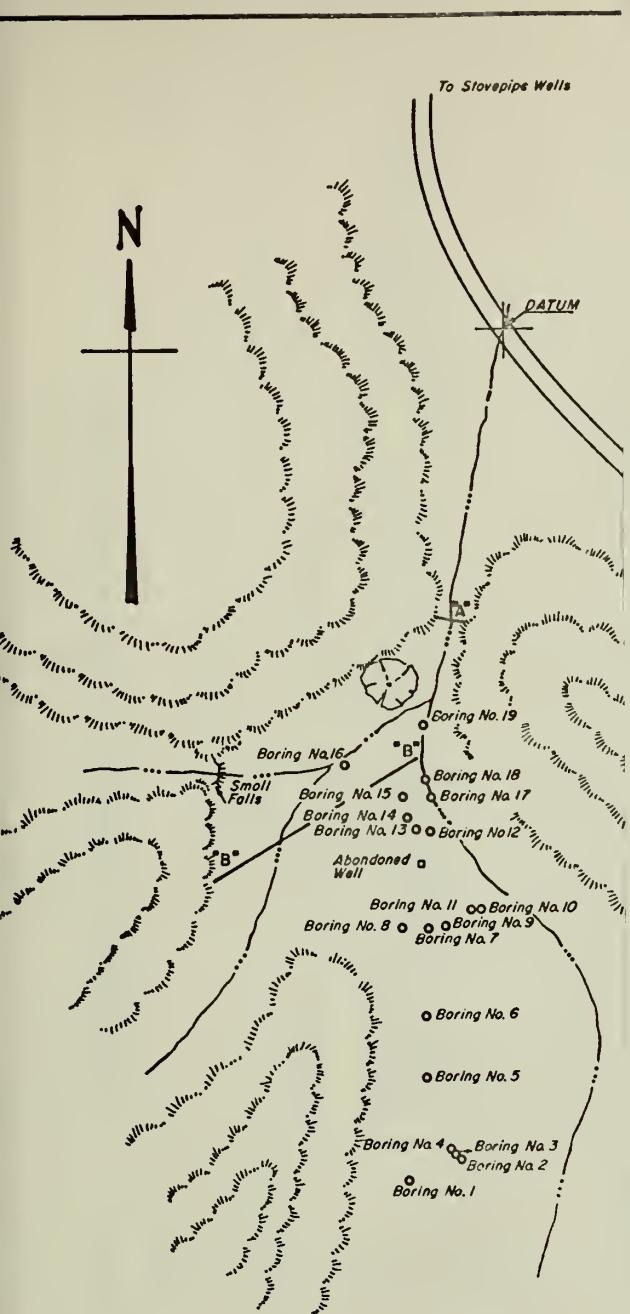
The boring logs reflect the general configuration of aquifer and its saturated portions. However, as pointed out, it had snowed 3 to 4 inches and the melting snow was presently contributing to the water table in the alluvium. It is felt that the borings generally indicate where the lower portions of alluvial covered bedrock occur. If required, a somewhat general isopachous map could be drawn based on the data, so as to reflect a general

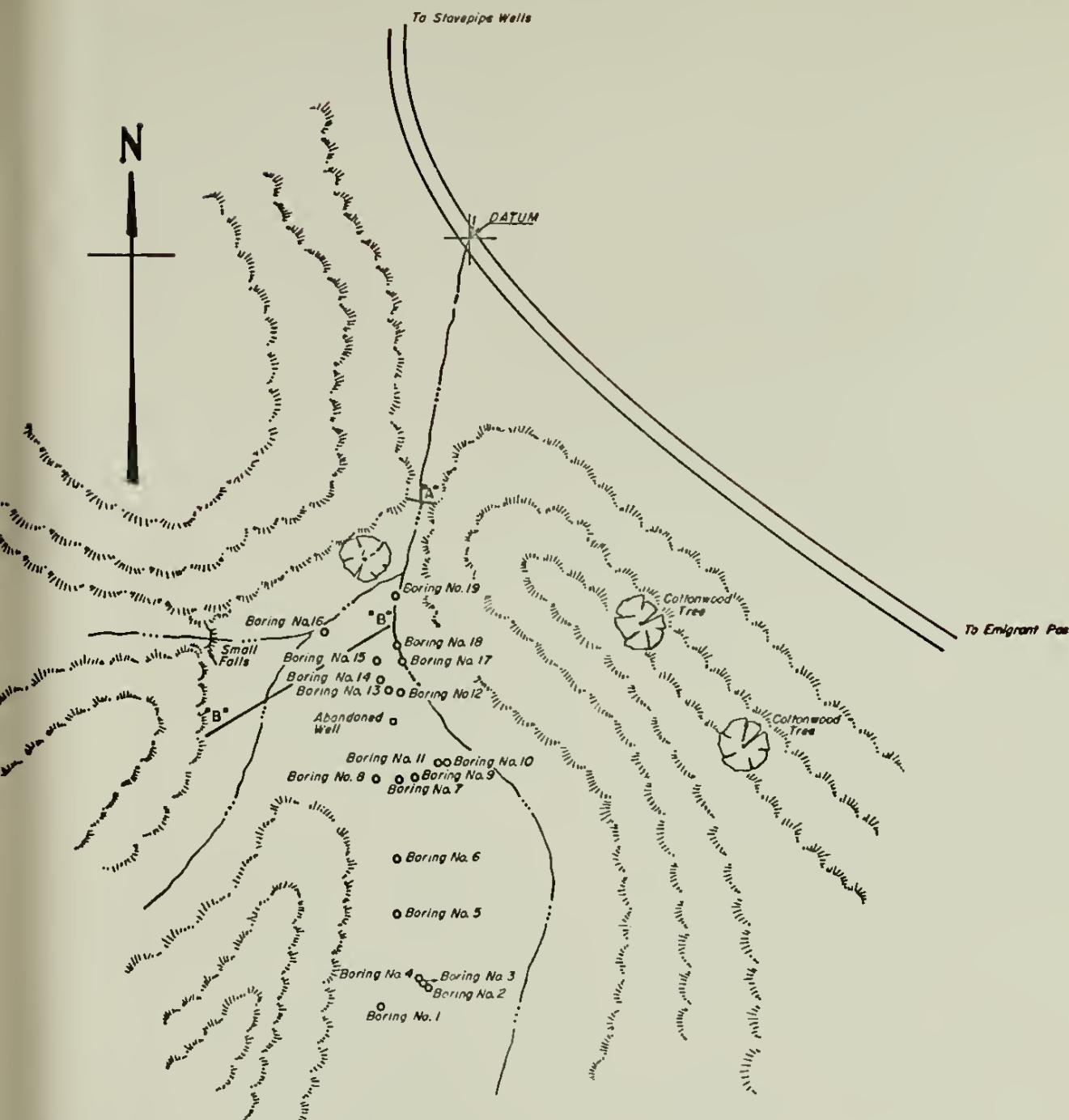
indication of aquifer storage. The depths to water reflected by this investigation in combination with a continuous sounding program of the four cased wells should give an indication of the fluctuations of the water table throughout the year as well as an indication of the hydraulic gradient.

It is suggested that an impermeable boundary be installed (i.e., cement keyed walls, grout, etc.) somewhere between the outcrops from A to B of Fig. 3, depending on the economics of the installation, so as to utilize the alluvial cover as subsurface storage.

Although an impermeable barrier right at A would be more economical than anywhere from A to B, it may be possible to capture more water with a barrier toward B, as some water may be lost to underflow in the bedrock before it reaches A. Mr. Glen Miller of USGS plans to make some flow measurements at A and make some comparisons with the fluctuations of the water table reflected in the cased borings. This may give some general indication as to whether underflow is occurring.

It is suggested that a backhoe be used to investigate the alluvium prior to making a determination as to the best location of the impermeable barrier.





HALF-SIZE REPRODUCTION

DATUM=0' ELEV. (ASSUMED)
SCALE 1"-100'

PLOT PLAN

Boring Locations—Upper Emigrant Springs
DEATH VALLEY NATIONAL MONUMENT

TABLE 1 - SOUNDINGS OF THE BORINGS INDICATING MOISTURE

Boring No.	Date	Total Depth at Date of Sounding	Depth to Water	Remarks
7	12/21/67	---	---	Boring was caved on the 21 of December.
* 9	12/21/67	14'	12	This sounding was taken prior to setting 9' of casing. No sounding was made after setting casing as water was not stable.
* 11	12/21/67	7.5'	5'	None.
* 12	12/21/67	3.5'	2	Boring caved 0.5' overnight.
* 13	12/21/67	7'	6'	None.
14	12/21/67	---	---	Boring was caved on 21 of December.
15	12/21/67	---	---	Boring was caved on 21 of December.
17	12/21/67	4'	2'	
18	12/21/67	3'	1.5'	
19	12/21/67	2'	Surface	Saturated from the surface down.

* Note - Cased Borings

IV - INVESTIGATION AT LOWER EMIGRANT SPRINGS

Because of the steep relief, it was not possible to use the mechanized auger here. Therefore, the pneumatic-type drill equipment provided by the Park's maintenance force was used. Zdenek, in his report (1966), discussed the possibility of the base of the aquifer being in the fractured bedrock underlying the alluvium at this site.

It was not possible to get up to the elevation where the present collection system is installed because of the length of the air hose in relation to position of the air compressor. Two boring sites were located in an eroded natural drainage channel above an old mine opening (see Fig. 4). Visually, it appeared that stratigraphically the sites were located at the contact of the alluvium with the bedrock (green felsitic igneous intrusive - probably a dike).

Similarly as at Upper Emigrant Springs, an arbitrary datum was selected at the intersection of the center of Emigrant Canyon Road and the projected axis of the canyon (assumed elevation of 0 feet). Boring sites were located in relation to this selected datum (see Fig. 4). The logs of the borings are attached in the Appendix.

Boring 1 met refusal at a depth of three feet, and the cuttings reflected weathered bedrock. Boring 2 had to be drilled at an approximately 45° angle with the ground surface to facilitate handling the equipment. Most of the boring was in weathered bedrock. Water which flowed was first encountered at $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet (slant depth).

The drilling was halted for about an hour at approximately 4 feet (slant depth); the boring filled to a few inches from the top in this time. After resuming drilling, the boring met refusal at 9 feet (slant depth). Two small streams of water appeared to be flowing in the boring at 3.5 and 6' at approximately 1/10 GPM. At the end of four hours, the boring filled almost to the surfact but did not flow and appeared static.

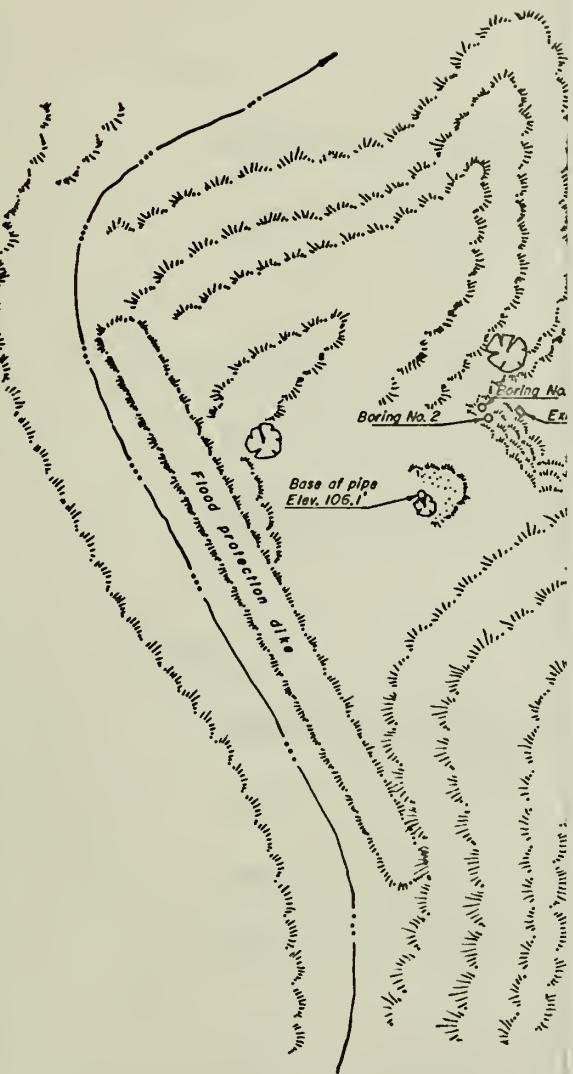
Conclusion and Recommendations

Boring 2 indicated that the water does occur in the fractured bedrock. So, in order for a collection system to be most effective at this site, it should be put into the bedrock.

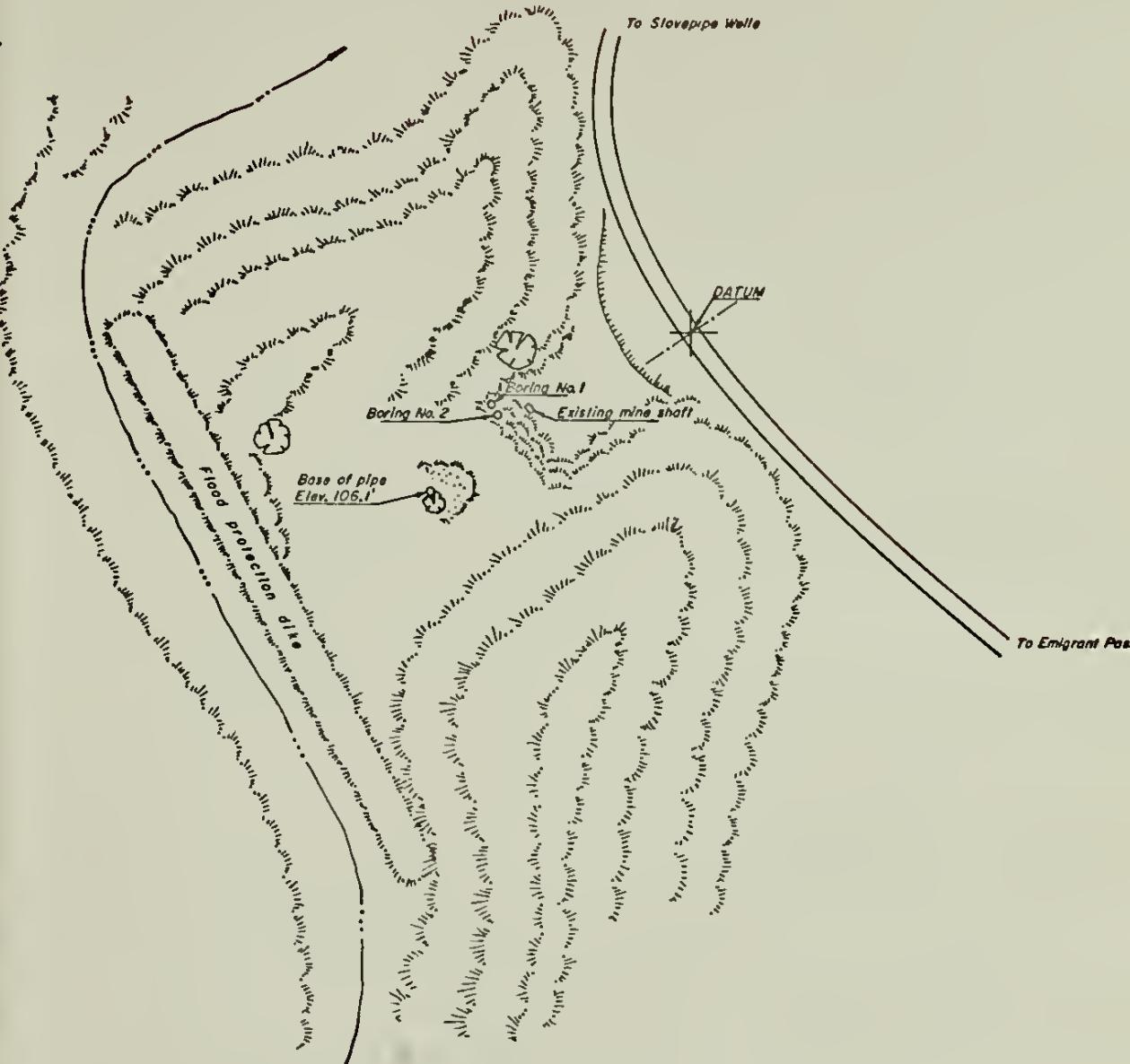
In view of the apparent attitude of the igneous intrusive in relation to the alluvium and the older host rock, there may be water held back of the intrusion, possibly directly below the existing collection system. There may be some merit in obtaining

pneumatic equipment that could drill to the approximate depth of 100 feet, which could be utilized in drilling a horizontal boring located somewhat lower in elevation than boring 2. Hopefully, this boring would intercept any water held behind the intrusive in either or both the alluvium and the older intruded rock. If successful, this approach could be expanded and would eliminate the need for an expensive collective system in the bedrock.

N



N



HALF-SIZE REPRODUCTION

DATUM = 0' ELEV. (ASSUMED)
SCALE 1'-100'

PLOT PLAN

Boring Locations-Lower Emigrant Springs
DEATH VALLEY NATIONAL MONUMENT

REFERENCES CITED

Morris, M. - 1966

Memorandum to Assistant Director, Specialized Services
(June 6, 1966), Stovepipe Wells.

Witucki, G. S. - 1967

Field Trip Report on Death Valley National Monument,
Inclusive dates of travel: 11/27 - 11/29, 1967.

Zdenek, F. F. - 1966

Memorandum to Supervisor, Death Valley National Monument
(February 18, 1966). Information - Examination of one
proposed well-site and eleven potential spring develop-
ments in the Death Valley National Monument, California.

APPENDIX

LOCATION OF SPRING

See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and
Datum of Emigrant Cr. Rd.

ELEVATION 109'

JOB NO.

CLIENT

DV-NM

LOCATION Upper
Emigrant Spr.

DRILLING METHOD:

Auger - 4" diameter

BRUISING METHOD:

Cuttings

BIG 2 C P.D.

0027

1 cr 1

DRILLING

START TIME

TIME

A.M. A.M.

DATE

DATE

12/20

12/20

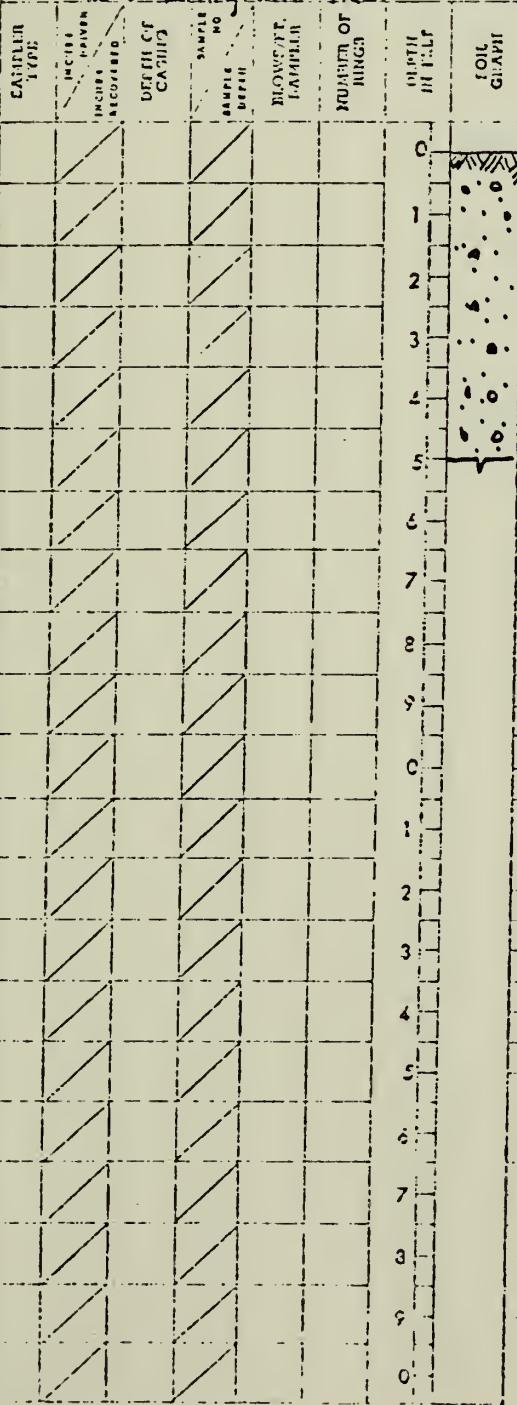
WATER LEVEL

TIME

DATE

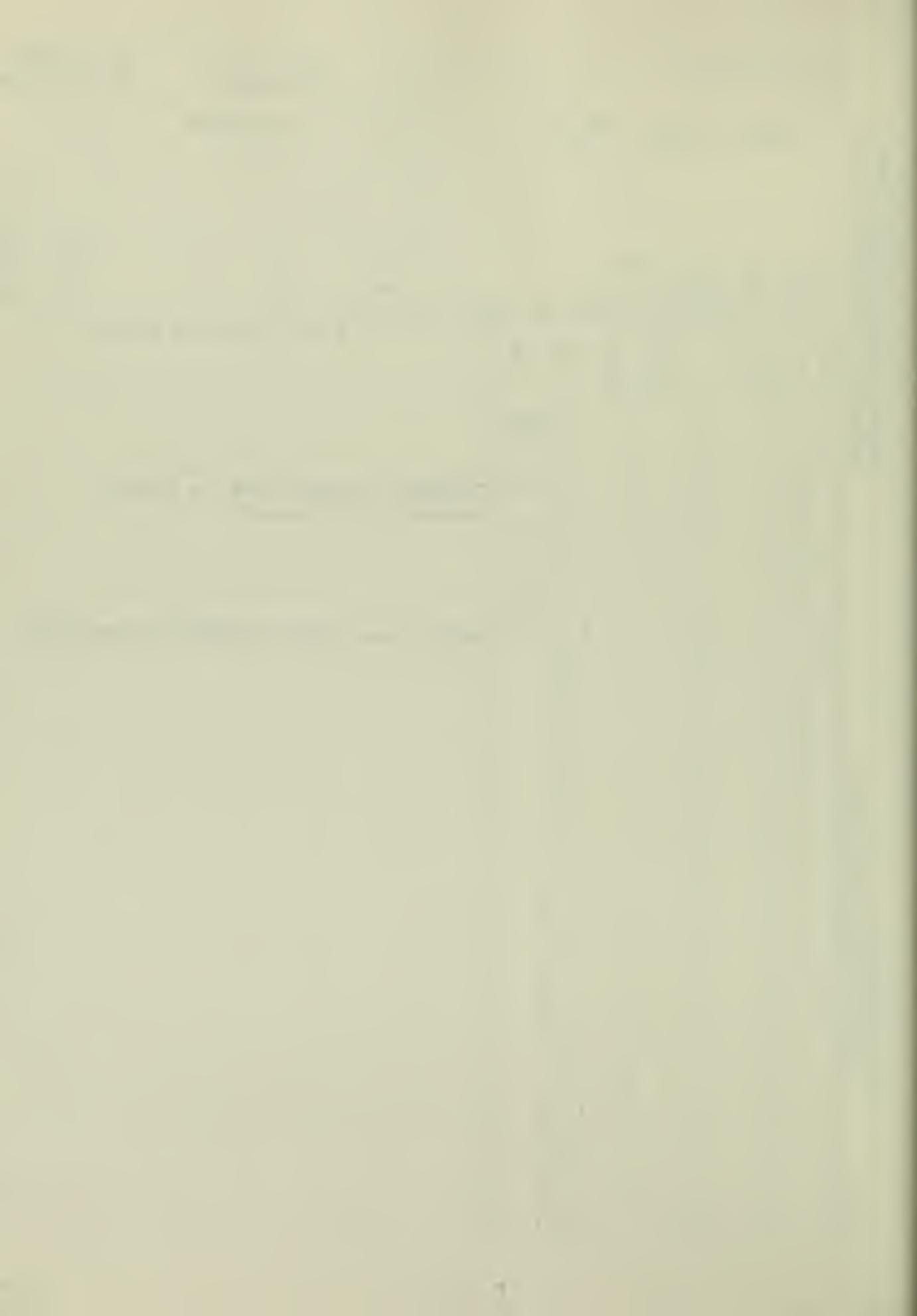
CASING DEPTH

SURFACE CONDITIONS: 3"-4" Snow on the ground



0X 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9
DATE 12-20-67 DRILLED BY G. Kitucki

RECORD



LOCATION OF BORING

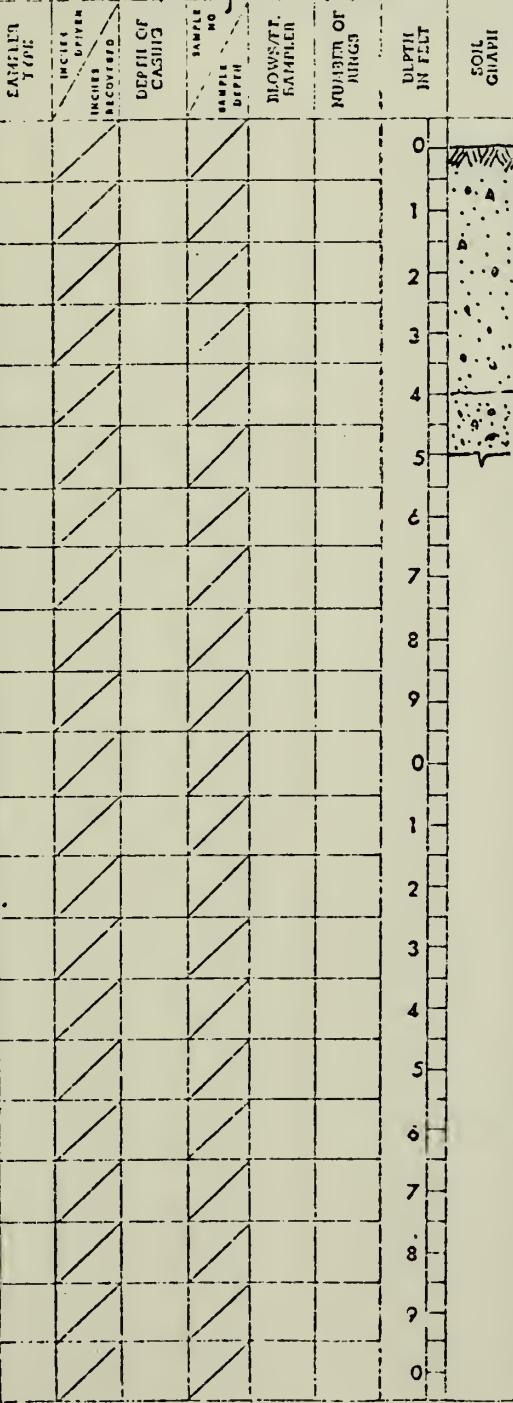
See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and
of Emigrant C.R.

DATE 12-20-67 ELEVATION 104'

JOB NO.	Auger	Upper
DV-NM		Emigrant Spr.
DRILLING METHOD:		BORING NO.
Auger - 4" diameter		2
SAMPLING METHOD:		SECTION
Cuttings		1 CP
WATER LEVEL		DEPTH
TIME	TIME	
DATE	DATE	
CASING DEPTH		

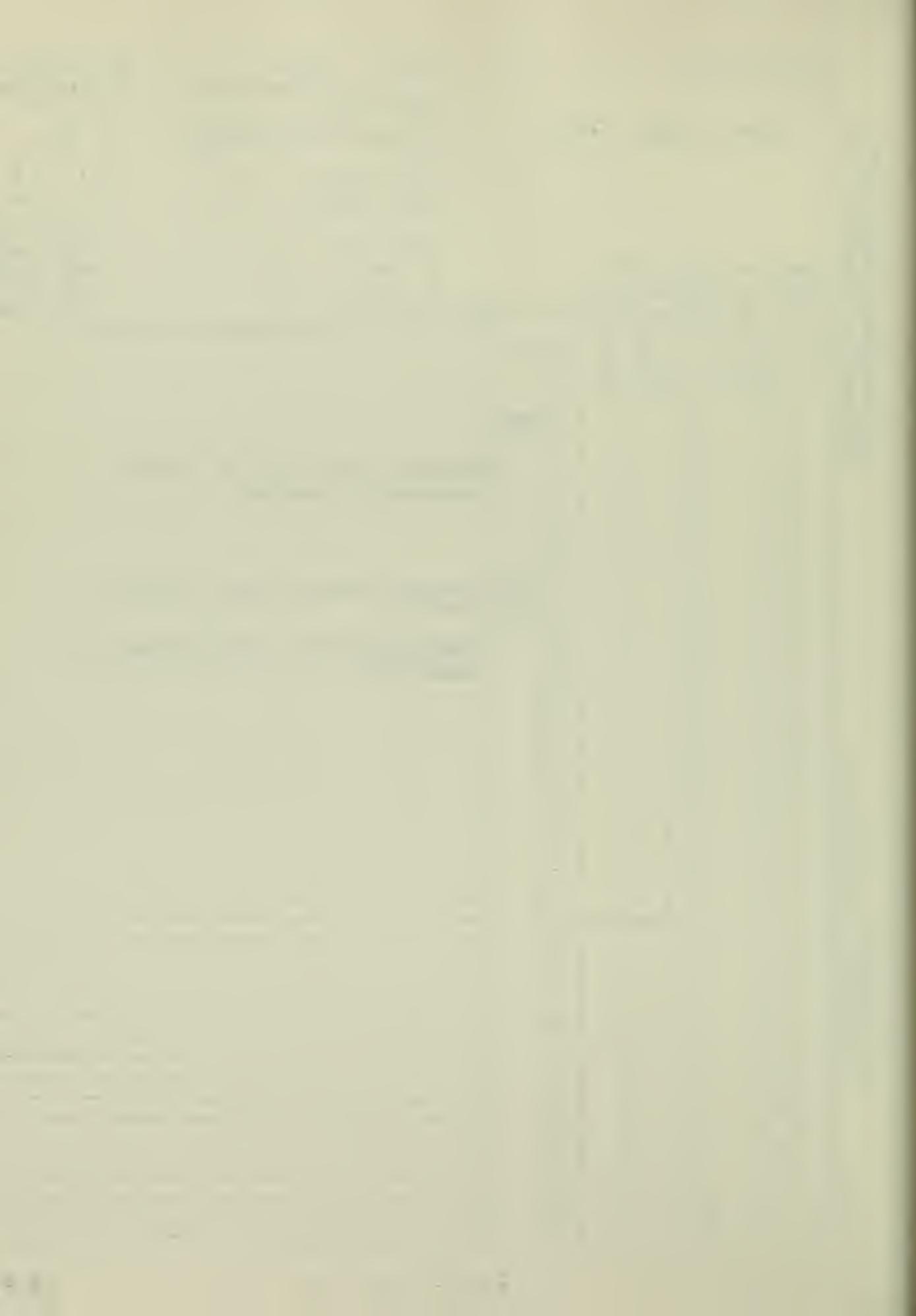
SURFACE CONDITIONS: 3"-4" Snow on the ground



Reddish gravel fine to coarse
occasional boulder

Gravel become more uniform,
pea size

Met refusal at 5' hit boulder or
bedrock



LOCATION OF BORING

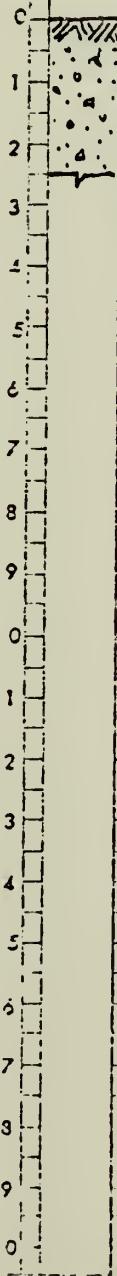
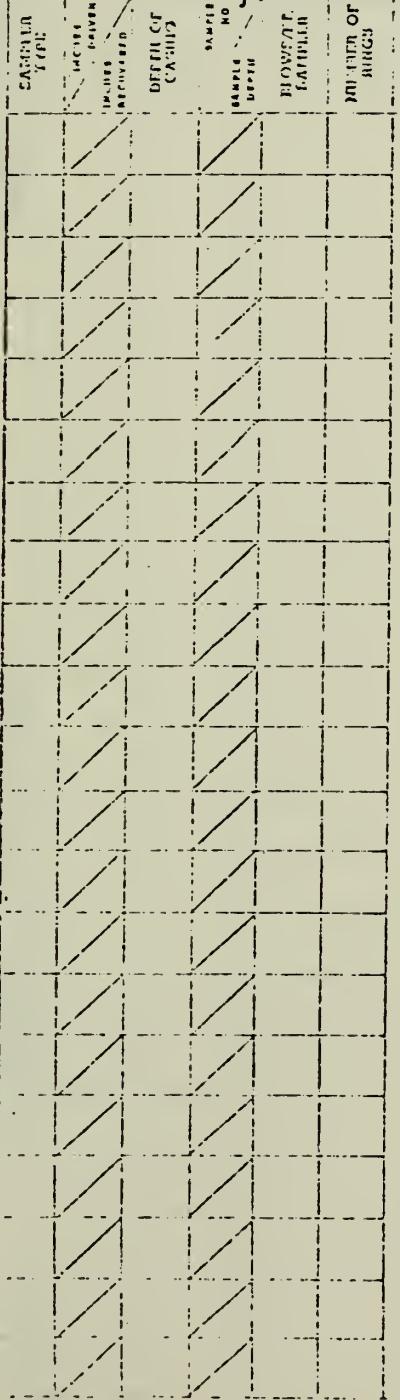
See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
 Axis of Canyon and
 E of Emigrant Cr.

ELEVATION 104'

JOB NO.	CLIENT	LOCATION
	DV-NM	Upper Emigrant Spr.
DRILLING METHOD:		BORE S PD.
Auger - 4" diameter		4
EXPLORING METHOD:		SPOT CR 1
Cuttings		DRILLING
WATER LEVEL		START FINISH
TIME		TIME
DATE		DATE
CASTING DEPTH		12/20 12/20

SURFACE CONDITIONS: 3"-4" Snow on the ground



Reddish gravel fine to coarse
 occasional boulder

Met refusal at 2.5' hit boulder or
 bedrock

PRINTING CONT'D. Water Rights Sec.
National Park Service, SSC

Sando DATE 12-20-67 CHKD BY G. Wittick

LOCATION OF BORING

See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and

DATUM \$ of Emigrant C.Rds

SAMPLER TYPE	DATUM	4 of Emigrant Cr. Rd.	ELEVATION
INCHES DRIVEN	INCHES RECOVERED	DEPTH OF CASING	SAMPLE NO.
			PLACEMENT SAMPLE DEPTH
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1
			2
			3
			4
			5
			6
			7
			8
			9
			0
			1

JOB NO.	CLIENT	LOCATION
	DV-NM	Upper Emigrant Spr.
SAMPLE METHOD:		ANALOG NO.
Auger - 4" diameter		5
SAMPLING METHOD:		SLIT
Cuttings	OF	
		DRILLING
WATER LEVEL		START TIME
TIME		END TIME
DATE		
CASING DEPTH		

Snow dozed off

Reddish gravel (fine to coarse
occasional boulders)

Met refusal at 2' hit boulder or
bedrock.

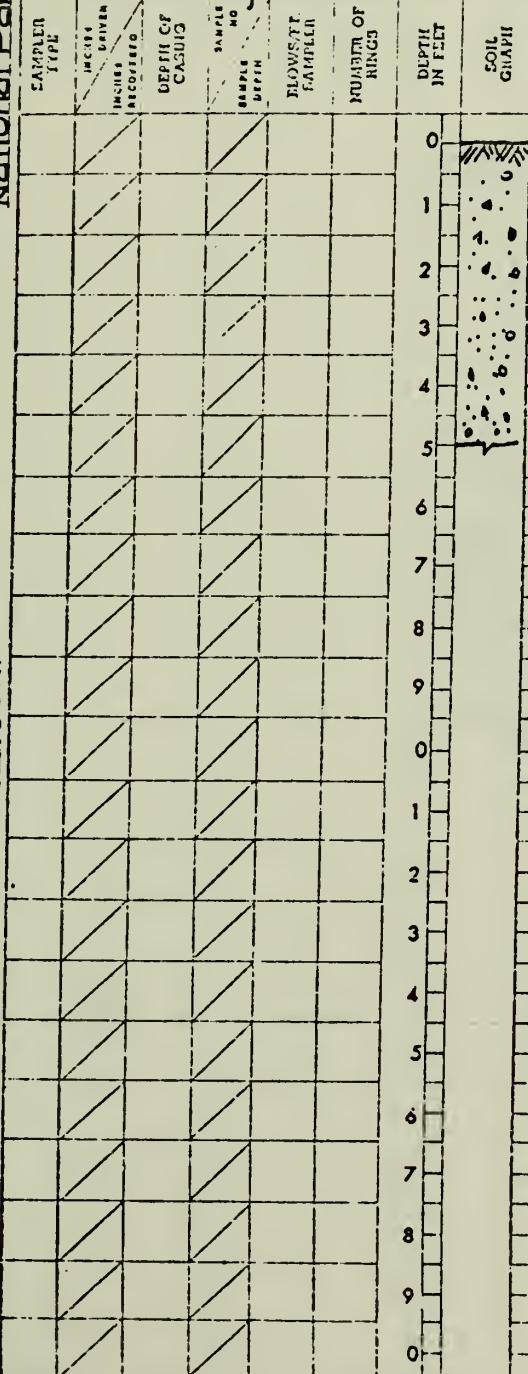
LOCATION OF BORING

See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and
DATUM E of Emigrant Crdell

ELEVATION 91'

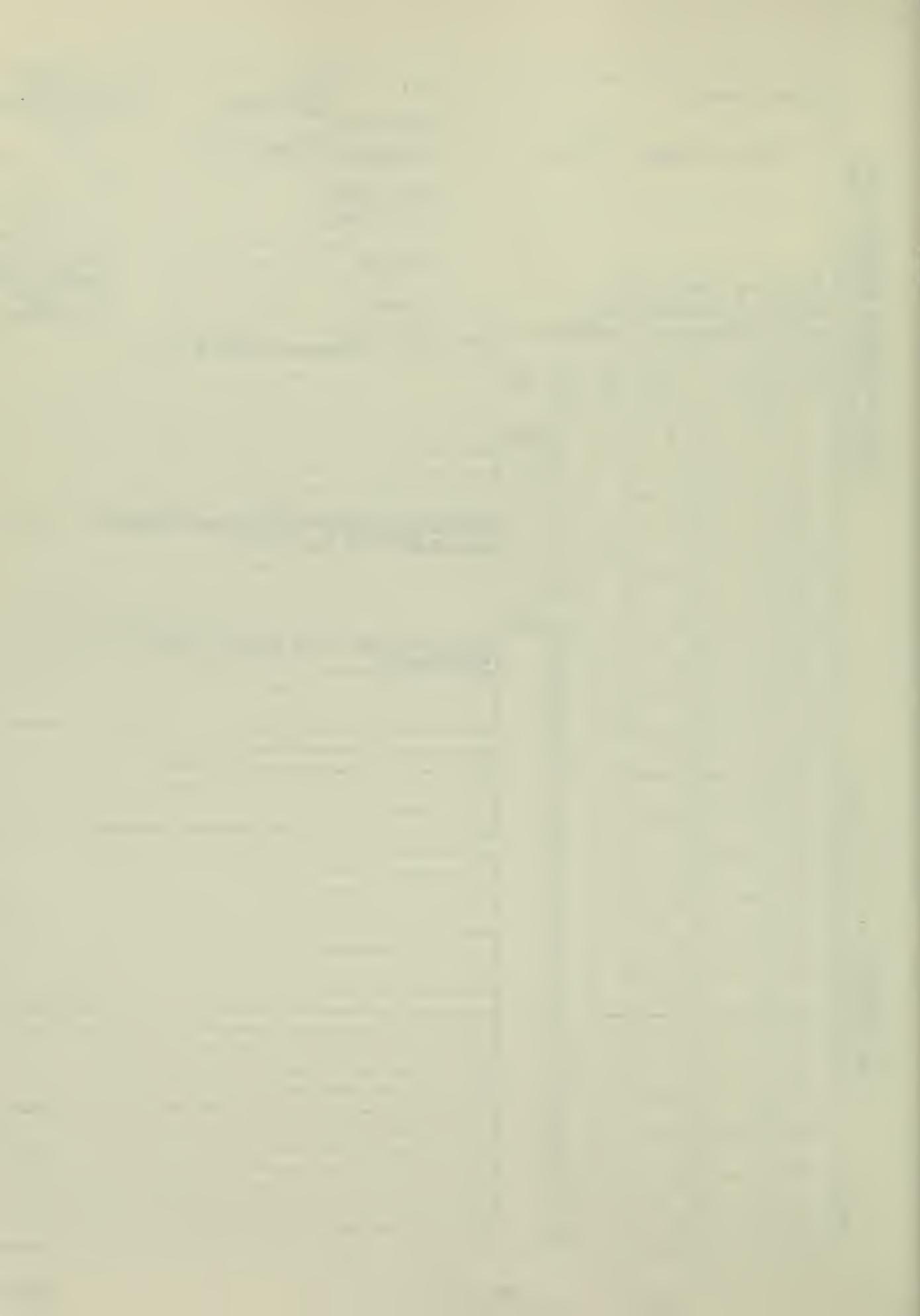
JOS NO.	CLIENT DV-NM	LOCATION Upper Emigrant Spr.
DRILLING METHOD:	Boring S.F.D.	
Auger - 4" diameter	6	
SAMPLING METHOD:	SHEET	
Cuttings	C.P.	
WATER LEVEL	DRILLING	
TIME	START	FINISH
	TIME	TIME
	12:00	12:00
	NOON	P.M.
DATE	DATE	DATE
CASING LENGTH	12/20	12/20



SURFACE CONDITIONS: Snow, dazed off

Reddish gravel (fine to coarse
occasional boulder)

Met refusal at 5' either boulder or bedrock



DRILLING CONTR. Water Rights Sec.
National Park Service 55c

EX- Sandoe
DATE 12-20-67 CHKD BY G. WILFUCKI

DATE 2-20-67 CHKD BY G. Witucki

LOCATION OF SAVING

See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and
D A T U M of Emigrant C. Rd

DATUM £ of Emigrant C.Rd. ELEVATION 74'

74'

DATUM of Emigrant Cr. Rd. ELEVATION 74'

SAMPLE TYPE	INCUBA DRIVEN IN SOIL	DEPTH OF CASHIO	SAMPLE NO.	NAME DRIVEN	NUMBER OF PUNCH	DEPTH IN FEET	SOIL GRAPH	SUPER
						0		
						1		
						2		
						3		
						4		
						5		
						6		
						7		
						8		
						9		
						0		
						1		
						2		
						3		
						4		
						5		
						6		
						7		
						8		
						9		
						0		

JOB NO.	CLIENT DV-NM	LOCATION Upper Emigrant Spr.
DRILLING METHOD:	BORING NO.	
Auger-4" diameter	7	
SAMPLING METHOD:	SAMPLE	
CUTTINGS	DRILLING	
WATER LEVEL TIME DATE	Signs of 6.5' none P.M. A.M. 12/20	START TIME FINISH TIME P.M. DATE 12/20
CASING DEPTH		

SURFACE CONDITIONS: Dry-dozed out

Sandy soil

Grading reddish silty gravel occasional boulder

grading sandy
Signs of moisture at 6.5'

greenish sandy gravel with clay (Maybe weathered bedrock)
grading coarse - gravel

Met refusal at 9.5' probably bedrock.

National Park Service : 1933

by L. Sando
DATE 2-20-67 CHKD BY S. Witzucki

LOCATION OF BOARDING

See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and
DATUM of Emigrant C. Rd.

DATUM E. of Emigrant C. Rd. ELEVATION 77'

JOB NO.	CLIENT DV-NM	LOCATION Upper Emigrant Spr.
DRILLING METHOD: Auger - 4" diameter	BORING NO. 8	
SAMPLING METHOD: Cuttings	COLTFT CR	
WATER LEVEL	DRILLING	
TIME 1:00 PM.	START TIME 1:10 PM.	
DATE 12/20	DATE 12/20	
CASING DEPTH		

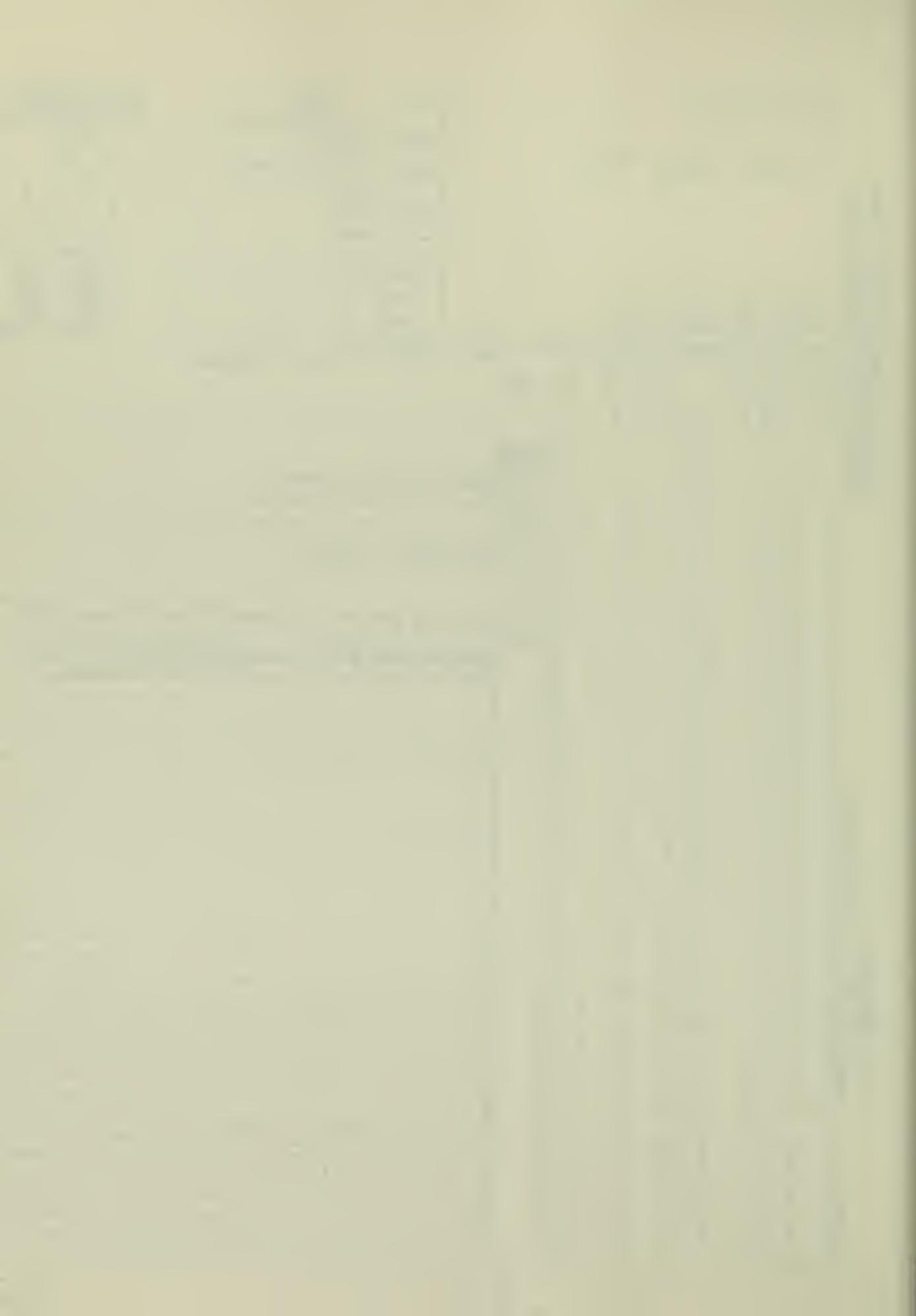
SURFACE CONDITIONS: 3"-4" Snow

Brown silty gravel
occasional 'boulder'

Grading siltier

Drilling getting harder at 4.5' clayey silt

Metrefusal at 5': probably bedrock, silt
above probably weathered bedrock.



DRAWING CONTR. WATER RIGHTS SEC.
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE, SSC

L. Sando DATE 12-20-67 CHKD BY G.W. Wittick

635.1 USE

LOCATION OF BORING

See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and
DATUM E of Emigrant Cr. Rd.

ELEVATION 73'

JOB NO.	CLIENT	LOCATION	Upper Emigrant Spr.
DRILLING METHOD:	DV-NM	BORING NO.	9
Auger - 4" diamet		SHEET	
SAWING METHOD:	Cuttings	1 OF 1	DRILLING
WATER LEVEL	12' * 12'	START	FINISH
TIME	P.M.	TIME	2:05
DATE	12/20	DATE	12/20
CASING DEPTH	12' 9'	DATE	12/20
CONDITIONS:	Dry - dozed cut		

Grading reddish silt gravel fine to coarse
occasional boulder

Grading finer
Color change at 5' to greenish brown
Silty clay

moisture at 8.5'

Met refusal at 14'.
No standing water immediately after
drilling - Standing water of 2' next day.
before casing was set. Perforated casing
was set to depth of 9' below surface

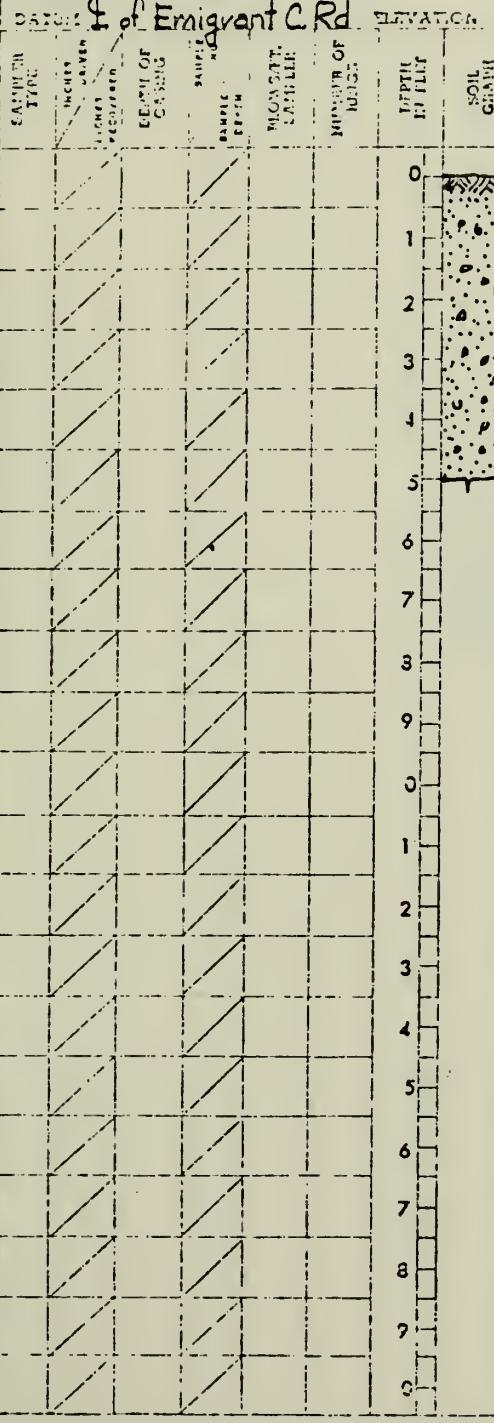
* Was unable to obtain accurate sounding after casing was set as water level was stabilizing

By L. Sando
DATE 12-20-67 CHKD BY G. Witucki

LOCATION OF BORING

See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and
E of Emigrant C Rd.



625 ft (AVL.)

JOB NO.	CLIENT	LOCATION
	DV-NM	Upper Emigrant Spr.
DRILLING METHOD	SHEET	
Auger-4" diameter	10	
SAMPLING METHOD	1 OR 1	
Cuttings	DRILLING	
WATER LEVEL	START	FINISH
TIME	9:30	TIME
DATE	AM.	AM.
12/20		12/20
CHALK CENTER	SURFACE CONDITIONS:	
73'	Dry-dozed out.	

0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0

Reddish gravel fine to coarse
occasional boulder

No signs of moisture

Met refusal probably a boulder

DWELLING CONTR. Water Rights Sec.
National Park Service, SSSC

DATE 12-20-67 CHKD BY G. WITUCKI

625.1 REV. 1

LOCATION OF BORING

See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and
DATUM E of Emigrant Crd.

JOB NO.	CLIENT	LOCATION
	DV-NM	Upper Emigrant
DRILLING METHOD:		BORING NO.
Auger - 4" diameter		11
SAMPLING METHOD:		SHOT
Cuttings		1 CP 1
WATER LEVEL	5'	DRILLING
TEMP.	A.M.	START
DATE	12/20	TIME
CASING DEPTH	7.5'	9:30 A.M.
		10:00 A.M.
		DATE
		12/20

SURFACE CONDITION: Snow on ground

Reddish silty gravel fine to coarse
occasional boulder)

Signs of Moisture at 5'

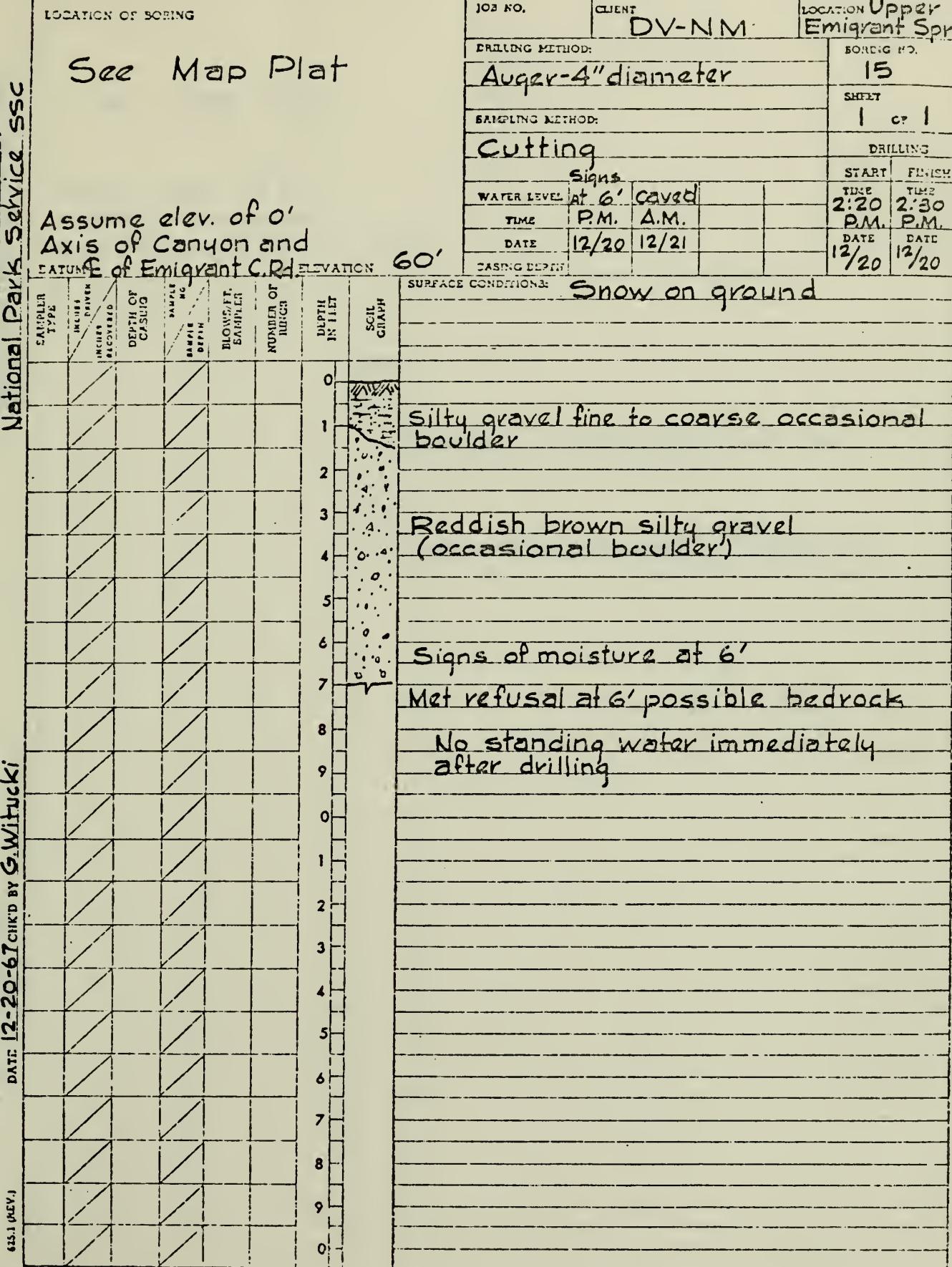
grading siltier

Color change, light yellow clayey silt
(probably weathered bed rock)

Metrefusal at 7.5' probably bedrock

Immediately after drilling standing water at 2.5' was measured - set perforated casing to depth 7.5'

by Sando
DATE 12-20-67 CHKD BY G.Witucki



Mr. Sando
DATE 12-20-67 CHKD BY G. Witucki

DRAULING CONT. Water Rights Sec.
National Park Service, SSSC

LOCATION OF BORING

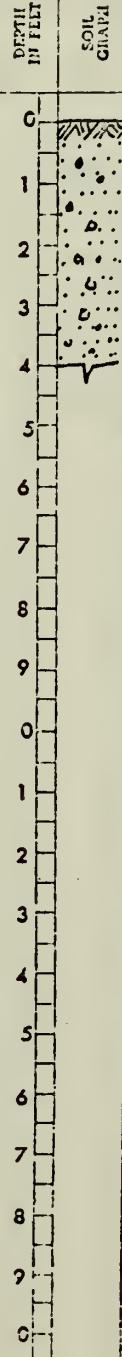
See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
Axis of Canyon and
E of Emigrant C.Rd.

DATUM ELEVATION 59'

JOB NO.	CLIENT	LOCATION
DV-NM		Upper Emigrant Spr.
BORING & METHOD		ASSESS NO.
Auger - 4" diameter		16
BORING METHOD		SHUTT
Cuttings		1 or
WATER LEVEL		TIME
TIME		TIME
DATE		DATE
CASING LENGTH		12/20
SURFACE CONDITIONS:	Snow on ground	

SAMPLER TYPE	INCHES DRIVEN	INCHES RECOVERED	DEPTH OF CASING	SAMPLE NO.	NUMBER OF RINGS	DEPTH IN FEET	SOIL GRAIN
						0	
						1	
						2	
						3	
						4	
						5	
						6	
						7	
						8	
						9	
						0	
						1	
						2	
						3	
						4	
						5	
						6	
						7	
						8	
						9	
						0	



Reddish gravel (fine to coarse
occasional boulder)

Met refusal - probably bedrocks

LOCATION OF BORING				JOB NO.	CLIENT	LOCATION
				DV-NM		Upper Emigrant Spr.
				DRILLING METHOD:		BORING NO.
				Auger-4" diameter		17
				SAMPLING METHOD:		SHOT
				Cuttings		CP 1
					DRILLING	
					START TIME	FINISH TIME
					3:24 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
					DATE 12-20	DATE 12-21
					12/20	12/20
				SURFACE CONDITIONS:	In narrow run off	
SAMPLER TYPE: INCISE DRIVEN INCISE RECOVERED INCISE RECOVERED INCISE RECOVERED INCISE RECOVERED INCISE RECOVERED INCISE RECOVERED INCISE RECOVERED INCISE RECOVERED INCISE RECOVERED	DEPTH OF CASING: 0'	SAMPLE DEPTH: 0'	SOIL GRAIN: 0'	ELEVATION: 55'	0	
					1	
					2	
					3	
					4	
					5	
					6	
					7	
					8	
					9	
0						
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
0						

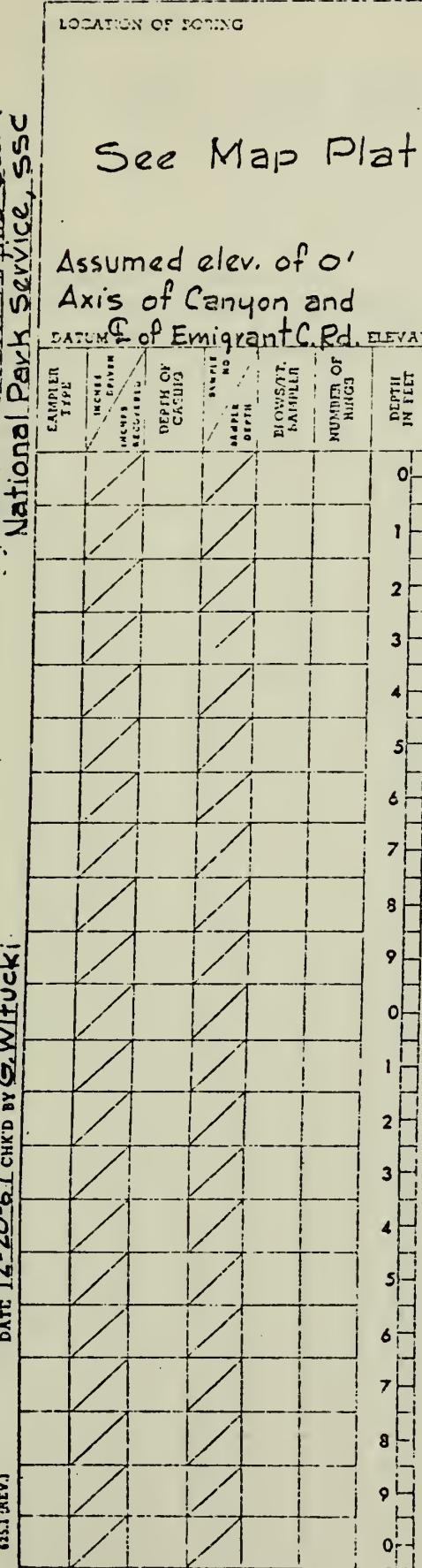
Saturated at 1'

Reddish brown silty gravel fine to coarse occasional boulder

Met refusal at 4'; probably bedrock

2' of standing water after drilling

Mr. Sando
DATE 12-20-67 CHKD BY G. Witucki



See Map Plat

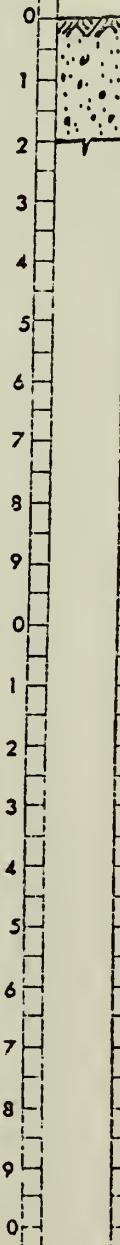
JOB NO.	CLIENT	LOCATION
	DV-NM	Upper Emigrant Spr.
DRILLING METHOD:		BORING NO.
Auger-4" diameter		19
SAMPLING METHOD:		SHLET
Cuttings		1 or 1
WATER LEVEL	2' 2'	TIME
TIME		3:30 4:00
DATE	12/20 12/21	P.M. P.M.
CASTING DEPTH		DATE
		12/20 12/20

SURFACE CONDITIONS: Narrow run off surface very wet

Reddish gravel fine to coarse with boulders

Met refusal, bedrock

Saturated surface down



Sando DATE 12-21-67 SHED BY G. Wiltzki
BY

۱۰۷

DATE: 2-21-67 CLK'D BY S.W.

DATE: 12-21-67 CLK'D BY G.W.

1

LOCATION OF SCENES

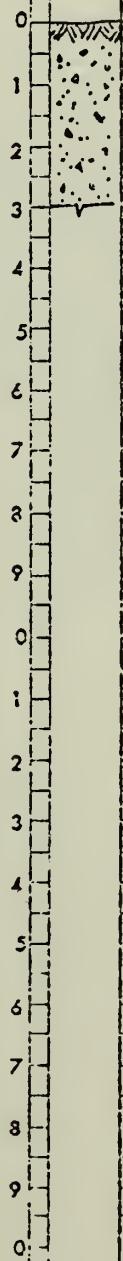
See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
E of Emigrant Canyon Rd.
EAST and axis of Canyon ELEVATION

DATUM and axis of Canyon ELEVATION 61'

JOB NO.	CLIENT	LOCATION
	DV-NM	Lower Emigrant Spr.
DRILLING METHOD:	BURDING NO.	
pneumatic-type drill 2 3/4" bit	1	
SAWING METHOD:	CHIT	CP
	DRILLING	
WATER LEVEL	START	FINISH
TIME	TIME	TIME
DATE	A.M.	A.M.
CASING DEPTH	DATE	DATE
	12/21	12/21

CONDITIONS: Snow on ground



Grey gravel

Met refusal bedrock green felsite
body

Fr L. Sando
DATE 12-21-67 CURED BY G.Witucki

LOCATION OF BORING
This boring is approximately 25' lower in elev. than the orangeburg Pipe up at the gathering system. Drilled at an angle of about 45°

See Map Plat

Assume elev. of 0'
E of Emigrant Canyon Rd.

DATUM and axis of Canyon ELEVATION 61'

EXCAVATION TYPE	INCHES DRILLED	DEPTH OF CASING	SAMPLE NO.	BLOWOUT RAMPLE	NUMBER OF Holes	DEPTH IN FEET	SOIL							
INCHES								DEPTH	INCHES	DEPTH	INCHES	DEPTH	INCHES	DEPTH
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
								1						
								2						
								3						
								4						
								5						
								6						
								7						
								8						
								9						
								0						
</td														

