

GLAC

# WATER QUALITY MONITORING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GLACIER NATIONAL PARK



WATER  
RESOURCES  
FIELD  
SUPPORT  
LABORATORY

WRFSL PROJECT REPORT NO. 85-GLAC-01



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This report presents the results of a study conducted by the National Park Service Water Resources Field Support Laboratory. It is intended primarily for use by the particular Park Service area or areas that are addressed in the report but may be of interest to other persons working in water resources management. Requests for copies of this report or other WRFSL documents should be addressed to:

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Water Quality Monitoring Recommendations  
for Glacier National Park

WRFSL Report 85-GLAC-01

Submitted to:


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November 1984

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## PREFACE

These "Water Quality Monitoring Recommendations for Glacier National Park" are subdivided into a main report and Appendices A and B. The report contains the complete set of recommendations for monitoring in Glacier National Park and some background as to why each monitoring location is considered important. Therefore, the report is the working document. Appendix A contains over 220 citations to surface water quantity and quality records in and near Glacier National Park. These records are subdivided into three major drainage basins (i.e., Missouri River, Hudson Bay, and Flathead River) and serves as a complete guide to where, what, and when water resources data were collected. Appendix B is a bibliography of water resources publications relative to Glacier National Park. These two appendices provide an enormous quantity of background information for applications which require more in-depth investigation.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The authors extend their appreciation to Karen Tillman, Colorado State University research assistant, for compiling much of the information contained in this report. Thanks are also extended to Jill Baron, Ray Herrmann and Gary Gregory for providing technical review of the manuscript. In addition, thanks go out to the entire professional staff of the Water Resources Field Support Laboratory for technical input and review of an earlier draft.



Water Quality Monitoring Recommendations  
for Glacier National Park

INTRODUCTION

The waters of Glacier National Park are experiencing increasing threats, both internal and external to park boundaries. Several public documents focused attention on these problems and most noteworthy was a report (U.S. National Park Service, 1980) entitled "State of the Parks - 1980, A Report to the Congress" which identified at least ten specific water related threats. Since, historically, little effort has been placed in the area of hydrologic research by the Park Service at Glacier, less is presently known about the local hydrology than is needed to adequately address future problems.

The objective of this WRFSL project report is to recommend a water quality monitoring program for Glacier National Park which will provide information useful for management decisions over the next several decades. It is intended to address water quality problems which arise due to visitation and land use activities in and immediately surrounding the Park. Because little hydrologic data have been previously collected, current management actions may lack adequate information. Many threats to the water resources of Glacier National Park are already apparent, and therefore, a prompt and decisive commitment to studying these important resources is needed. Recently the Park commenced an excellent study of several lakes in an effort to quantify baseline conditions and to assess impacts to some of the more popular large valley lakes. In addition, the Park is sampling four tributaries to the North Fork of the Flathead River which drain an area of timber





harvesting in Canada. The work described herein is intended to provide additional information by expanding the current study.

Only surface water quality is considered in this work. Ground water samples are collected periodically in the proximity of sewage treatment facilities in the Park and this activity should continue. Noticeable differences will occur in ground water near these facilities as compared to other areas but this does not necessarily present a problem to the Park unless these aquifers are used as potable water sources; at present they are not. The important factor is the potential impact to nearby surface waters. If the waste disposal sites do not function according to design, degradation could harm fisheries and aesthetic qualities. This monitoring plan, therefore, concentrates on the surveillance of surface water quality to enable management to quickly react to future problems as they arise.

#### MONITORING DESIGN APPROACH

The monitoring plan proposed here was designed by first identifying existing or anticipated future water quality problems. Questions which will need to be addressed in the future regarding these problems are formulated and a data collection program is developed to provide information to answer these specific questions. It is necessary to anticipate future informational needs to ensure that an effective monitoring program is developed. Too often, unclear goals in the monitoring design stage result in programs which contribute little useful information. While it is difficult, if not impossible to anticipate all future concerns, many are already quite apparent and must be studied now to provide the information needed for appropriate management actions in the future. Also, many of the specific objectives presently considered will



be general enough to provide future information which will be of value for unanticipated needs.

After water quality concerns are identified and management questions formulated, monitoring program specifics including location and site(s), parameters to measure, and sampling frequencies are determined. The location of the recommended sampling sites presented in this report were selected by considering several factors. First, local watersheds are identified which are associated with existing water quality concerns. Second, existing records are reviewed to determine whether or not an ongoing study by the park or another agency is presently addressing the local problem conditions. In the case where an adequate study is in progress, no additional sampling is recommended, although the monitoring location and existing data are identified as an integral part of the monitoring program. Where no monitoring is being conducted, a specific sampling location is identified considering accessibility and previously collected information. (A summary of all known existing water quality and quantity records can be found in Appendix A of this report.)

The selection of water quality/quantity parameters (i.e., variables) to measure was made based on the specific concerns identified at each location. For reasons of economy, only those variables most important for a given location are recommended for study. The frequency of sampling suggested at each location was likewise kept to a minimum acceptable number to hold costs down. The sampling frequencies recommended here should allow meaningful evaluation after a period of three to five years. If, due to insufficient manpower or funds, these recommended measurements or frequencies are not feasible, some reductions in



the program may be possible. The Park staff should consult with the Water Resources Division in this case.

#### WATER QUALITY CONCERNS

To help in identifying water quality concerns, the Park is divided into three major watersheds: 1) Missouri River Basin, 2) Hudson Bay Basin, and 3) Flathead River Basin (Figure 1). These basins were further divided into smaller watersheds and evaluated for possible impacts resulting from local land usage. The text which follows identifies specific sampling locations identified in this review, but is purposely kept brief; more specific details for each sampling location are given in Tables 1 and 2. However, every location listed in Table 1 is an integral part of the recommended monitoring plan, although many of these are existing locations regularly sampled by either NPS or USGS. Sampling locations described in the text are referenced to Figure 1 and the tables by an associated number. This number is meaningful only for the purpose of cross referencing the text to the figure and tables.

##### Missouri River Basin

Located in the southeast quadrant of the Park, this basin is the smallest of the three major drainage basins within Glacier National Park. This area is largely undeveloped with only two areas accessible by road, Cut Bank Creek and Two Medicine Creek. The area is entirely a headwater region so there are no direct external land use impacts which affect the waters of this basin. Two camping areas, one each located on Cut Bank Creek and Two Medicine Lake, dispose of sewage via a pumped vault toilet system and a septic tank drain field, respectively.



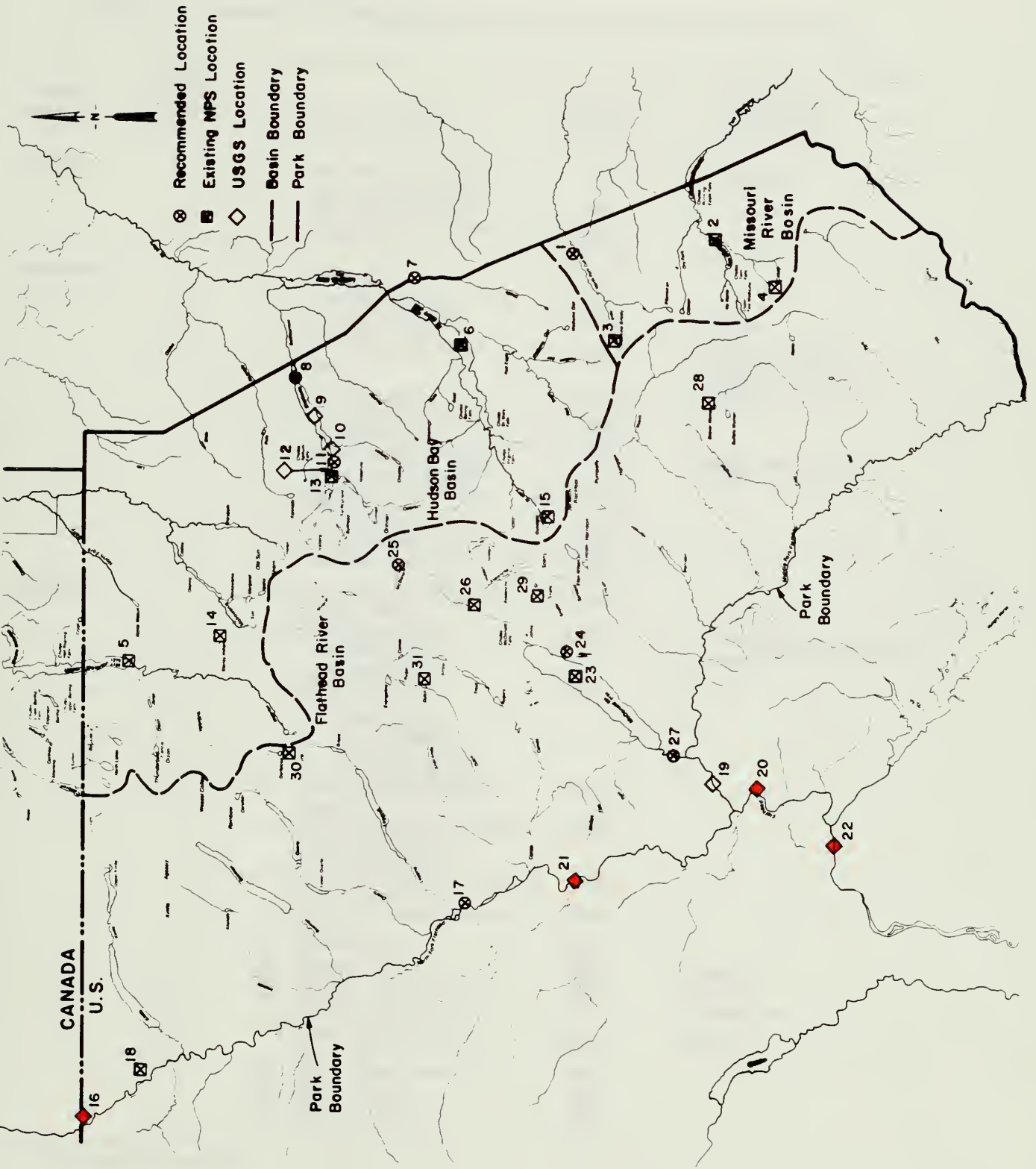


Figure 1. Glacier National Park







Table 1. Summary of Sampling Locations for Glacier National Park

Drainage Basin	Newly Recommended Location	Monitoring Location	Responsible Agency	Principal Concerns for New Locations	
Missouri	√	1 - Cut Bank Creek above and below campground	NPS	Campground	
		2 - Two Medicine Lake	NPS		
		3 - Medicine Grizzly Lake	NPS		
		4 - Cobalt Lake	NPS		
Hudson Bay		5 - Waterton Lake	NPS		
		6 - St. Mary Lake	NPS		
	√	7 - Divide Creek above and below STP*	NPS	Sewage	
	√	8 - Lake Sherburne near dam	NPS	Natural gas and general reservoir quality	
		9 - Lake Sherburne	USGS		
		10 - Swiftcurrent Creek at Lake Sherburne	USGS		
	√	11 - Swiftcurrent Creek above and below STP*	NPS	Sewage and diesel fuel	
		12 - Swiftcurrent Creek at Many Glacier	USGS		
		13 - Swiftcurrent Lake	NPS		
		14 - Stoney Indian Lake	NPS		
		15 - Gunsight Lake	NPS		
	Flathead		16 - North Fork at the U.S./Canada border	USGS	
		√	17 - North Fork below confluence of Logging Creek	NPS	Timbering, coal mining, campgrounds
			18 - North Fork above Kintla Creek a. Sage Creek b. Spruce Creek c. Kishendin Creek d. Starvation Creek	NPS	
			19 - Middle Fork near West Glacier	USGS	
		20 - Below confluence of North and Middle Forks at Blankenship Bridge	USGS		
		21 - North Fork below confluence with Canyon Creek	USGS		
		22 - North Fork near Columbia Falls	USGS		
		23 - Lake McDonald	NPS		
√		24 - Sprague Creek	NPS	Sewage	
√		25 - Granite Park Creek	NPS	Sewage	
√		26 - McDonald Creek near Avalanche Creek	NPS	Campground	
√		27 - McDonald Creek below Apgar	NPS	Sewage	
		28 - Beaver Woman Lake	NPS		
		29 - Snyder Lake	NPS		
		30 - Gyrfalcon Lake	NPS		
		31 - Upper Dutch Lake	NPS		

\*STP = Sewage Treatment Plant



At present, no continuing monitoring of Cut Bank Creek is being conducted. For this reason, a monitoring location (Location 1) consisting of two sampling sites, one above and one below the campground on Cut Bank Creek, is recommended to evaluate possible impacts to stream quality. Two Medicine Lake is presently being sampled as a part of the existing NPS water quality study (Location 2) and this area therefore is not recommended for additional study. Monitoring locations 3 and 4, Medicine Grizzly Lake and Cobalt Lake, respectively, are also part of the existing NPS study. A small amount of data exists at the Park boundary on Cut Bank Creek and may be of some use in future analyses (see Appendix A, Missouri River Basin sites 6 and 7).

#### Hudson Bay Basin

The Hudson Bay drainage lies in the northeast quadrant of the Park. Similar to the Missouri drainage, this basin is a headwater area which has no surrounding land use related impacts affecting its waters. There are three principal areas of use in this region: the Goat Haunt area on Waterton Lake, Many Glacier Hotel and complex, and St. Mary Lake development. Of prime importance to the water quality of Glacier National Park are the sewage disposal facilities located in the St. Mary and Many Glacier areas. Also, a suspected diesel fuel leak (recently corrected) at the Many Glacier Hotel and the possible leakage of several submerged natural gas wells into Lake Sherburne (a reservoir finished in 1919) are important considerations for this region of the Park. The proposed sampling program specifically addresses these known concerns.

The Goat Haunt region is only slightly developed and no real problems are thought to currently exist there. For this reason and



since Waterton Lake is a part of the existing park monitoring commitment (Location 5), no additional sampling in this region is recommended.

St. Mary Lake (Location 6) is also a part of the current monitoring program and any future impacts to the lake should be observed by the present study. It is recommended, however, that stream water quality be measured in Divide Creek (Location 7), both upgradient and downgradient from the sand filters at the St. Mary sewage treatment plant, to assess the effectiveness of this facility.

Sherburne Lake (Location 8) presently is not being sampled. It is recommended that this reservoir be included in the lake water quality study conducted by the NPS. If this is not a feasible option, the reservoir should be studied through periodic intensive surveys. These intensive surveys could be contracted through a local university or other such group. The studies should include evaluation of the trophic status of the lake and should check for indicators of hydrocarbon pollution from the diesel fuel leak and submerged natural gas wells. Discharge and lake elevation information are available and a few chemical measurements have been made in the past at this location (Locations 9 and 10). It should be noted that this site is not a high priority sampling location. If resources are limited, the Park may choose not to include this site in the program.

Swiftcurrent Creek downstream of Swiftcurrent Lake and above Lake Sherburne is the location of seep ponds where treated sewage from the Many Glacier Hotel and a campground complex is discharged. Samples should be collected both immediately upstream and downstream of this facility (Location 11). Also, samples should be analyzed periodically from this location to determine if there is an impact associated with



the diesel fuel leak at the Many Glacier Hotel. Discharge data for Location 11 may be obtained from the USGS gaging station located just below Swiftcurrent Lake (Location 12).

Monitoring locations 13, 14, and 15 (Swiftcurrent Lake, Stoney Indian Lake, and Gunsight Lake) are included in the existing NPS study.

#### Flathead River Basin

The Flathead River Basin occupies the entire western half of Glacier National Park. This watershed is primarily a headwater area like the east slope basins, but it does have some stream input from areas west of the Park that are out of the direct jurisdiction of the Park Service. Most of this part of the basin is administered by the USDA-National Forest Service and is managed as a multiple use area. Areas north of the Park which drain into the North Fork of the Flathead River are located in Canada and those lands also have a variety of land use activities. Of principal concern in Canada are timber harvesting and the Cabin Creek coal mining region. Timber harvesting also occurs to a lesser extent in the adjacent U.S. National Forest lands. Besides these external threats to the North Fork, the Middle Fork of the Flathead River and a principal tributary, McDonald Creek, face potential impacts from visitation similar to the east slope basins.

As previously mentioned, the North Fork of the Flathead River faces potential degradation from sources outside of the Park boundaries. In addition, there are numerous public campgrounds located within the Park which could also adversely affect water quality. For these reasons it is important to establish a sampling program on the North Fork for surveillance purposes. It should be noted that, at present, impacts to







this river do not appear to be extensive but a real potential for future degradation does exist over the next several years. It is important to establish current baseline conditions that presently prevail and therefore be in a position to quantify future changes as they occur. In a monitoring plan presented to the Flathead Basin Commission, Stanford (1984) recommended monitoring several tributaries to the North Fork that drain affected watersheds.

Accessibility is a real practical problem to overcome in this basin. Fortunately for the Park Service, the U.S. Geological Survey maintains an elaborate sampling program at the U.S.-Canadian border (Location 16) and the Park can use this as a source of data to track the effect of Canadian activities on North Fork water quality. The Park should, however, as a minimum establish at least one sampling site downstream of the border to assess the impacts of campgrounds in the area and timber harvesting west of the Park. A sampling site located immediately downstream of the confluence of Logging Creek (Location 17) is recommended since it is reasonably accessible from Park headquarters.

Analyses of water quality near Logging Creek will allow the assessment of changes in quality with respect to conditions at the border. Such changes could be attributed to the cumulative impacts of all activities between the border and Logging Creek. If a problem does occur, additional investigation upstream could isolate the source or sources of the problem and assist in mitigation.

The effects of timber harvesting in Canada on the water quality of the North Fork drainage are currently being monitored in the existing NPS study. Four tributaries, which flow into the North Fork between the U.S.-Canada border and the confluence of Kintla Creek, constitute this



monitoring. These tributaries are Sage, Spruce, Kishenehn, and Starvation Creeks. Unfortunately, these creeks do not appear on the map included in this report; however, the sampling locations are noted in aggregate as Monitoring Location 18 on the map in the general area of their locale.

The USGS measures some water quality variables at several locations along the Middle and North Forks (Locations 19, 20, 21, 22). These records can provide additional information to the Park staff.

The McDonald Creek Basin includes Lake McDonald and is the most developed and heavily used region in the Park. Lake McDonald itself has considerable development around its shores including the Apgar complex, campgrounds, inholdings with separate sewage tanks, and stables. The quality of the lake is presently monitored by the on-going Park Service study (Location 23) and no additional monitoring in the lake is recommended at this time.

Located near the top of the McDonald Creek watershed are two backcountry chalets which are popular visitor attractions, Sperry Chalet and Granite Park Chalet. These facilities generate sewage which is disposed of via surface application. Sampling for the effects of sewage needs to begin on the two local watersheds affected. This sampling can be done considerably downstream of the effluent source in more accessible areas. Sprague Creek near the inlet to Lake McDonald (Location 24) is an easily accessible location for sampling the effects of Sperry Chalet. Granite Park Chalet effluent can be monitored in the creek that drains Granite Park where it is nearest to the Logan Pass road, before its confluence with McDonald Creek (Location 25).

A campground/picnic site is located near the confluence of Avalanche Creek and McDonald Creek. Sewage is disposed of at these



facilities by a septic tank soil absorption system located on the flood plain of McDonald Creek. Water quality and discharge information should be collected in this area to assess possible leaching of waste water into the surface water system. Sampling should take place in McDonald Creek above and below the facility (Location 26). Additionally, water discharge should be measured at one of these sites.

The Apgar development complex is located on the south shore of Lake McDonald. A spray field is located below Apgar on McDonald Creek where treated sewage is applied to a meadow area adjacent to the creek. The effectiveness of this spray field should be evaluated through a monitoring program. Sampling sites (Location 27) should be established above and far enough below the spray field to allow complete mixing of constituents entering the creek from the facility. In addition to sampling at this reach for indicators of sewage, the lower site is an ideal location for evaluation of the cumulative impacts from all upstream activities.

Monitoring locations 28-31 are high country lakes presently being sampled in the ongoing NPS study.

#### STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

An important consideration in the establishment of any water quality monitoring program is initially identifying the methods by which the monitoring information will be analyzed. This step is important to ensure that the data collected will be useful in answering the questions initially raised. In this plan, two basic types of statistical analyses are recommended. Where baseline conditions are needed, computation of statistical and probabilistic characteristics are suggested. Where quantitative changes in water quality from an upstream to a downstream



station is of interest, the paired basin approach developed by the U.S. Forest Service is suggested. These data analysis methods are listed for each recommended monitoring location in Table 2.

The computation of basic statistical characteristics includes determination of the mean, variance, and coefficient of skew of each water quality variable sampled at a monitoring location. In addition, interrelationships between variables can be studied through regression analysis. The complete behavior of a water quality parameter can be modeled by fitting an appropriate probability distribution to the data. More complete descriptions of these basic methods may be found in any good probability and statistical reference (e.g., Haan, 1977; Benjamin and Cornell, 1970; Draper and Smith, 1966).

A description of the paired basin approach may be found in a Forest Service report (Ponce et al., 1982), and a brief description is given in Flug (1982, pp. 15-31). This method employs regression equations obtained from a control area and from an impacted area and compares the difference between the two. In this report, most of the monitoring locations in which the paired basin approach is recommended for statistical evaluation have two suggested sampling sites. One site is located above and the other below an area of possible impact. For these locations the control area is represented by the above site and the impacted area by the below site. A few other sites use a completely separate upstream monitoring location for the control area; these are specified in Table 2.

The use of statistical analyses in evaluating water quality data is often a difficult task. Common statistical methods can easily be misapplied resulting in incorrect evaluation of water quality conditions.







Table 2. Summary of management questions, recommended water quality parameters<sup>1</sup>, sampling frequencies, and statistical analysis for each suggested monitoring location.

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Cutbank Creek (Monitoring Location 1)

Management Question: What is the impact of the campground on water quality of Cutbank Creek?

Water Quality Parameters: TN, TP, BOD, Q, SS, SC, FC, TC

Sampling Frequency: Twice monthly during June, July, August, and September.

Statistical Analysis: Paired basin analysis.

Divide Creek (Monitoring Location 7)

Management Question: Is treated sewage effluent disposed of in sand filters near Divide Creek adversely affecting water quality of the creek?

Water Quality Parameters: TN, TP, BOD, Q, SC, FC, TC

Sampling Frequency: Twice monthly during May, June, July, August, September, and October.

Statistical Analysis: Paired basin analysis.

Lake Sherburne (Monitoring Location 8)

Management Question: Is hydrocarbon pollution present in Lake Sherburne and is the lake undergoing eutrophication?

Water Quality Parameters: Intensive survey.

Sampling Frequency: Not applicable.

Statistical Analysis: Not applicable.

Swiftcurrent Creek (Monitoring Location 11)

Management Question: What is the impact of the nearby sewage disposal operation on Swiftcurrent Creek?

Water Quality Parameters: TN, TP, BOD, Q, SC, FC, TC

Sampling Frequency: Twice monthly during May, June, July, August, September, and October.

Statistical Analysis: Paired basin analysis.



Table 2 (Continued).

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North Fork Flathead below Logging Creek (Monitoring Location 17)

Management Question:	What are the effects of surrounding land use activities and campgrounds on the quality of the North Fork?
Water Quality Parameters:	TN, TP, BOD, Q, SC, FC, TC, metals suite
Sampling Frequency:	Twice monthly during May, June, July, August, September, and October. Metals: once annually.
Statistical Analysis:	Paired basin analysis with USGS data collected at border. Characterization of baseline conditions by estimating statistical parameters and probability distributions of water quality variables.

Sprague Creek (Monitoring Location 24)

Management Question:	What is the effect on the creek of sewage disposal from Sperry Chalet?
Water Quality Parameters:	TN, TP, BOD, Q, SC, FC, TC
Sampling Frequency:	Twice monthly during June, July, August, and September.
Statistical Analysis:	Characterization of statistical parameters and probability distribution, determination of compliance/noncompliance of stream standards.

Granite Park Creek (Monitoring Location 25)

Management Question:	What is the effect on the creek of sewage disposal from Granite Park Chalet?
Water Quality Parameters:	TN, TP, BOD, Q, SC, FC, TC
Sampling Frequency:	Twice monthly during June, July, August, and September.
Statistical Analysis:	Characterization of statistical parameters and probability distribution, determination of compliance/noncompliance of stream standards.



Table 2 (Continued).

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McDonald Creek near Avalanche Creek (Monitoring Location 26)

Management Question:	What is the impact of Avalanche Creek Camp-ground on the water quality of McDonald Creek?
Water Quality Parameters:	TN, TP, BOD, Q, SS, SC, FC, TC
Sampling Frequency:	Twice monthly during June, July, August and September.
Statistical Analysis:	Paired basin analysis.

McDonald Creek below Apgar (Monitoring Location 27)

Management Questions:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) What is the effect of the sewage sprayfield on McDonald Creek water quality?</li> <li>2) What are the cumulative effects of upstream conditions on the quality of McDonald Creek?</li> </ol>
Water Quality Parameters:	TN, TP, BOD, Q, SS, SC, FC, TC
Sampling Frequency:	Twice monthly during May, June, July, August, September, and October.
Statistical Analyses:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Paired basin analysis</li> <li>2) Determination of stream standard compliance/noncompliance and statistical characterization of data.</li> </ol>

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- <sup>1</sup> TN = Total nitrogen (persulfate digestion method)  
 TP = Total phosphorus (persulfate digestion method)  
 BOD = Biochemical oxygen demand  
 Q = Stream discharge  
 SS = Suspended sediment  
 SC = Specific conductance  
 FC = Fecal coliform  
 TC = Total coliform  
 SD = Secchi disk depth



For these reasons, it is advised that the Glacier National Park staff seek the assistance of the Water Resources Division in Fort Collins in the future when enough data is available to yield meaningful information regarding water quality conditions in the Park.

#### SAMPLING AND LABORATORY METHODS

The sampling methods and laboratory procedures used in the acquisition of water quality information are of utmost importance. Sampling at each site must be conducted in an acceptable and consistent manner. Methodology for sample collection and preservation can be found in Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Waste Water, 15th ed. (APHA, 1980) or other recognized references. Acceptable laboratory methods can be obtained by contracting sample analysis work through an EPA-certified laboratory. Once sampling and laboratory methods have been selected and implemented, every effort should be made to continue their use in a consistent manner to ensure a statistically uniform data base for future analysis.

#### DATA STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL

It is recommended that data collected by the Park be entered into a data base system maintained on the park's microcomputer system. The Water Resources Division has developed such a system and can provide the necessary software and support for this effort. The use of this data base system will allow the Park to efficiently and quickly communicate data to the Water Resources Division at a future time when data analysis is desired. Also, the Park could group information into subfiles which contain only that data required for a specific application. This can be accomplished without the need for time-consuming keypunching and sorting each time a need arises.





## SUMMARY

The waters of Glacier National Park represent a precious natural resource which need adequate scientific study to manage properly. In recognition of this statement, the Park has established a monitoring program to observe potential changes in the baseline conditions of relatively pristine high alpine lakes and to observe the more heavily used large valley lakes of the Park. The Water Resources Division of the National Park Service recommends extending this study to include observation of additional waters which may be affected by land use activities in the local watersheds.

The monitoring design approach used in this work involves the initial specification of known or suspected problem conditions in the various watersheds in and around the Park. From these problems, specific management questions are raised and a sampling program including where, what, and how often to sample is recommended. In addition, statistical methods are presented which will allow the evaluation of the management questions from the data acquired by the program. Recognizing the need for statistical evaluation up front ensures that the monitoring program will, in fact, produce data that will be useful to management in the future. Problems which may arise in the future which are not specifically addressed here may require additional sampling. However, due to prohibitive costs associated with an all-encompassing monitoring program, the present study, expanded according to this plan, represents a reasonable alternative which should allow the Park staff to track the water quality of Glacier National Park at moderate cost.



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APPENDIX A

Historic Water Resources Data  
for Glacier National Park

KEY

LOC : Location  
S : Dates samples were taken  
P : Parameters sampled  
R : Bibliographic Reference\*

Missouri River Basin station locations, pg. 21  
Hudson Bay Basin station locations, pg. 22-29  
Flathead River Basin station locations, pg. 30-48

\*Bibliographic references are given in detail in Appendix B.



## MISSOURI RIVER BASIN

1. Lake Creek
  - LOC: R13W,T32N,S07; at the Glacier National Park border
  - S: 5/11/82, 8/31/82
  - P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, SO<sub>4</sub>, cond., D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.
  - R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1982
2. Midvale Creek
  - LOC: R13W,T31N,S14; 400 ft. upstream from Glacier National Park border
  - S: 5/7/82, 8/25/82
  - P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, SO<sub>4</sub>, cond., D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.
  - R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1982
3. North Fork Cut Bank Creek
  - LOC: R13W,T33N,S19; at the Glacier National Park border
  - a. S: 6/75-9/75, 9/14/77
    - P: Temp., alk., pH, D.O.; TDS, turb., hardness, TP (1975 only)
    - R: Jennings, 1981
  - b. S: 5/11/82, 8/31/82
    - P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, SO<sub>4</sub>, cond., D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.
    - R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1982
4. Railroad Creek
  - LOC: R13W,T31N,S35; ½ mi. upstream from Glacier National Park border
  - S: 5/12/82, 8/26/82
  - P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, SO<sub>4</sub>, cond., D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.
  - R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1982
5. Summit Creek
  - LOC: At drainage mile 2.5 and elevation 5100
  - S: 5/29/68
  - P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.
  - R: Wasem, 1968
6. Two Medicine River
  - LOC: R13W,T32N,S31; 1/8 mi. below Trick Falls
  - S: 5/11/82, 8/26/82
  - P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, SO<sub>4</sub>, cond., D.O., temp., CO<sub>2</sub>
  - R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1982
7. Two Medicine River
  - LOC: R13W,T32N,S35; just below Two Medicine Dam at Lower Two Medicine Lake
  - S: 4/80-5/80 (weekly), 7/28/80
  - P: Temp., cond.
  - R: Jennings, 1981





## HUDSON BAY BASIN

1. Appekunney Creek  
 LOC: Not specified  
 S: 7/16/67, 7/22/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Robson, 1968
2. Baring Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 2.8 and elevation 4600  
 S: 6/26/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
3. Belly River  
 LOC: At drainage mile 11.2 and elevation 4590  
 S: 5/15/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
4. Cameron Lake  
 LOC: At drainage mile 2.2 and elevation 5445  
 S: 6/12/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
5. Cataract Creek  
 LOC: At crossing of the Lake Grinnell Trail  
 S: 7/14/66, 8/14/66, 6/24/67, 8/16/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., temp.; pH (6/67 only); Ca, Mg,  $CO_2$ ,  $HCO_3$  (8/67 only)  
 R: Robson, 1968
6. Creek above Lake Josephine  
 LOC: On the Cataract Creek Trail  
 S: 8/4/66  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Robson, 1968
7. Creek running through Grinnell Glacier Campground  
 LOC: At the campground  
 S: 7/15/67, 7/22/67, 8/16/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.; Ca, Mg,  $CO_2$ ,  $HCO_3$  (once only)  
 R: Robson, 1968
8. Divide Creek  
 LOC: R14W, T34N, S03  
 S: 6/15/78, 6/27/78, 7/6/78  
 P: Temp.,  $CO_2$ , D.O.  
 R: Jennings, 1981
9. Divide Creek  
 LOC: R14W, T35N, S33; near mouth  
 S: 5/78-7/78 (4 dates)  
 P: Temp.,  $CO_2$ , D.O.  
 R: Jennings, 1981



10. Divide Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 8.5 and elevation 4550  
 S: 6/26/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
11. Glacier flowing into Grinnell Creek  
 LOC: Snowpatch near the glacier  
 S: 8/3/66  
 P:  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$ , D.O., temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
12. Grinnell Creek  
 LOC: 200 ft. below Grinnell Glacier  
 S: 8/4/66  
 P:  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$ , D.O., temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
13. Grinnell Lake  
 LOC: East shore, 200 ft. south of USGS water gauge  
 a. S: 6/66-9/66 (4 dates), 6/67-8/67 (3 dates)  
 P:  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.; Ca, Mg,  $\text{CO}_2$ ,  $\text{HCO}_3$  (8/67 only)  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968  
 b. S: 7/64-8/64 (semimonthly), 8/7/65  
 P:  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$ ,  $\text{CO}_2$ ,  $\text{HCO}_3$ ,  $\text{O}_2$ , pH (7/12/64 only); Ca, Mg (8/65 only)  
 R: Lëhmkuhl, 1966
14. Grinnell Lake  
 LOC: Below Grinnell Lake  
 S: 6/66-9/66 (4 dates), 6/67-8/67 (4 dates)  
 P:  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.; Ca, Mg,  $\text{CO}_2$ ,  $\text{HCO}_3$  (8/67 only)  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
15. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: Outlet  
 S: 7/2/66-8/14/66 (weekly), 9/6/66, 6/24/67-8/16/67 (weekly)  
 P:  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.; Ca, Mg,  $\text{CO}_2$ ,  $\text{HCO}_3$  (8/67 only)  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
16. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: Middle of lake, 5 meters deep  
 S: 7/7/66, 7/14/66, 7/21/66  
 P:  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
17. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: Middle of lake, 10 meters deep  
 S: 7/7/66, 7/14/66, 7/21/66  
 P:  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
18. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: At lower dock  
 S: 7/7/66, 7/21/66, 7/28/66, 7/22/67  
 P:  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968



19. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: Swampy area near outlet  
 S: 8/14/66, 8/29/66, 7/14/67, 7/22/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
20. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: Seeps entering on the south shore  
 S: 8/3/66, 8/14/66  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
21. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: South shore near a large flat rock  
 S: 7/66-8/66 (twice monthly)  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
22. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: Middle of lake surface  
 S: 7/66 (3 dates)  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
23. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: At the head under a wooden walkway  
 S: 8/3/66, 8/14/66, 7/8/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., temp.; pH (7/8/67 only)  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
24. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: At the upper dock  
 a. S: 7/66-8/66 (weekly); 6/67-8/67 (weekly)  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968  
 b. S: 7/64-8/64 (twice monthly), 8/7/65  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ ,  $CO_2$ ,  $HCO_3^-$ ,  $O_2$ ; Ca, Mg (8/7/65 only); pH (7/12/64 only)  
 R: Lèhmkuhl, 1966
25. Lake Josephine  
 LOC: Inlet  
 S: 6/66-8/66 (6 dates), 6/67-8/67 (3 dates)  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., temp.; pH (7/7/66, 7/2/67 only); Ca, Mg,  $CO_2$ ,  $HCO_3^-$  (8/67 only)  
 R: Robsøn, 1968
26. Lake Sherburne  
 LOC: Near filter beds  
 S: 7/3/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O.  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968



27. Lake Sherburne  
LOC: Several hundred feet from filter beds  
S: 7/3/67  
P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., temp.  
R: Róbsón, 1968
28. Lee Creek  
LOC: At drainage mile 5.0 and elevation 5200  
S: 6/13/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968
29. Loring Creek  
LOC: R14W,T36N,S27; at the upper end of Lower St. Mary Lake at  
U.S. Hwy 89  
S: 7/7/77  
P: Temp.  
R: Jennings, 1981
30. Lost Lake  
LOC: East shore of lake  
S: 7/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
31. Lost Lake  
LOC: Middle of lake  
S: 7/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
32. Lost Lake  
LOC: West shore of lake  
S: 7/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
33. Lost Lake  
LOC: At drainage mile 0.8 and elevation 4650  
S: 6/26/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968
34. Lower St. Mary Lake  
LOC: Middle, south end of lake  
S: 7/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
35. Mokowanis River  
LOC: At drainage mile 8.0 and elevation 4690  
S: 5/14/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968





36. Piegan Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 1.0 and elevation 6450  
 S: 6/26/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
37. Pine Coulee Creek  
 LOC: R14W,T36N,S27; just above confluence with St. Mary River  
 S: 7/7/77  
 P: Temp.  
 R: Jennings, 1981
38. Rose Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 4.8 and elevation 4500  
 S: 5/23/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
39. St. Mary River  
 LOC: R14W,T35N,S33; just below confluence with Divide Creek at  
 Blackfeet Hwy 130  
 S: 5/78-7/78 (4 dates)  
 P: Temp., TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, Cl,  
 NO<sub>3</sub>, cond., fecal coliform, CO<sub>2</sub>; D.O. (6/27/78 only)  
 R: Jennings, 1981
40. St. Mary River  
 LOC: Near Glacier National Park border  
 S: 5/78-7/78 (4 dates)  
 P: CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.; TS, TDS, turb., pH, alk., Cl, hardness, TP, NO<sub>3</sub>,  
 cond., fecal coliform, D.O. (twice only); TSS (once only)  
 R: Jennings, 1981
41. Siyeh Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 2.5 and elevation 5850  
 S: 6/26/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
42. Stream (not named)  
 LOC: Originating from saddle between Grinnell Pt. and Grinnell Mtn.  
 S: 6/28/66, 8/14/66, 6/24/67  
 P: H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, D.O., temp.; pH (6/24/67 only)  
 R: Røbsøn, 1968
43. Swiftcurrent Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 14.5 and elevation 4750  
 a. S: 6/13/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968  
 b. S: 8/67  
 P: Ca, Mg, CO<sub>2</sub>, HCO<sub>3</sub>  
 R: Robson, 1968



44. Swiftcurrent Creek  
 LOC: At confluence with Wilbur Creek  
 S: 7/14/66, 7/14/67, 7/22/67, 8/16/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., temp., pH  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
45. Swiftcurrent Creek  
 LOC: Behind campsite  
 S: 7/66-8/66 (3 dates), 6/67-8/67 (approx. weekly)  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
46. Swiftcurrent Creek  
 LOC: R15W,T36N,S36; between Sherburne Dam and USGS gauge house  
 S: 6/75-9/75 (monthly), 5/31/78, 4/80-9/80 (ten dates)  
 P: TS, TSS,  $SO_4$  (once only); cond., D.O., temp., TDS, turb.,  
 pH, alk., hardness  
 R: Jennings, 1981
47. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Public boat launching area  
 S: 7/66-8/66 (4 dates), 6/67-8/67 (4 dates)  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
48. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Lower dock  
 S: 7/14/66, 7/28/66  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
49. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Beach  
 S: 7/66-8/66 (3 dates), 6/67-8/67 (4 dates)  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.; Ca, Mg,  $CO_2$ ,  $HCO_3$  (8/67 only)  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
50. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Launch bay  
 S: 7/66-8/66 (3 dates), 6/67-7/67 (4 dates)  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
51. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Center surface  
 S: 7/21/66  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., temp.  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
52. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Center, 5 meters deep  
 S: 7/14/66, 7/21/66  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Róbsón, 1968



53. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Center, 10 meters deep  
 S: 7/14/66, 7/21/66  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
54. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: At upper boat dock  
 S: 7/14/66, 7/21/66, 7/28/66  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
55. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Outlet
- a. S: 7/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
 P: Temp., many biological parameters  
 R: Kidd, 1964
  - b. S: 7/64-8/64 (twice monthly), 10/7/65  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ ,  $CO_2$ ,  $HCO_3$ , pH,  $O_2$ ; Ca, Mg (10/65 only)  
 R: Léhmkuhl, 1966
  - c. S: 7/14/66, 7/21/66, 7/2/67, 7/14/67, 8/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.; Ca, Mg,  $CO_2$ ,  $HCO_3$  (8/67 only)  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
56. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Middle of lake  
 S: 7/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
 P: Temp., many biological parameters  
 R: Kidd, 1964
57. Swiftcurrent Lake  
 LOC: Inlet  
 S: 7/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
 P: Temp., many biological parameters  
 R: Kidd, 1964
58. Upper Grinnell Lake  
 LOC: Not specified  
 S: 8/4/66  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., temp.  
 R: Róbsón, 1968
59. Upper Waterton Lake  
 LOC: South end, middle of lake  
 S: 6/51-10/51 (4 dates)  
 P: Temp., D.O., pH  
 R: Cuerrier and Schultz, 1957
60. Upper Waterton Lake  
 LOC: Middle of lake at the U.S./Canada border
- a. S: 6/15/51, 7/30/51, 10/6/51  
 P: Temp., D.O., pH  
 R: Cuerrier and Schultz, 1957
  - b. S: 1973  
 P: Cond., alk.,  $HCO_3$ , hardness, Ca, Si,  $SO_4$ , N, TP, C  
 R: Anderson and Green, 1975



61. Waterton River  
 LOC: At drainage mile 25.6 and elevation 4150  
 S: 6/13/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
62. Wilbur Creek  
 LOC: At mouth  
 S: 7/16/67, 7/22/67, 8/16/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , D.O., pH, temp.; Ca, Mg,  $CO_2$ ,  $HCO_3$  (8/67 only)  
 R: Róbson, 1968
63. Wilbur Creek  
 LOC: 30 meters below outlet from Iceberg Lake  
 S: 7/72-9/72 (4 dates)  
 P: Temp.  
 R: Howe, 1974
64. Wilbur Creek  
 LOC: 900 meters above Many Glacier Campground  
 S: 7/72-10/72 (4 dates), 4/29/73  
 P: D.O.,  $CO_2$ , alk.; pH (8/72-9/72 only); Temp. (4/73 only)  
 R: Howe, 1974
65. Wilbur Creek  
 LOC: Upstream from Many Glacier Campground  
 S: 7/72-10/72 (5 dates); 4/29/73  
 P: D.O.,  $CO_2$ , alk.; pH (8/72-9/72 only); temp. (4/73 only)  
 R: Howe, 1974
66. Wilbur Creek  
 LOC: Eastern tip of Many Glacier Campground  
 S: 7/72-10/72 (6 dates)  
 P: D.O.,  $CO_2$ , temp., alk.; pH (8/72-10/72 only)  
 R: Howe, 1974
67. Wilbur Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 4.3 and elevation 4950; 4.19 km below outlet  
 from Iceberg Lake  
 a. S: 5/24/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968  
 b. S: 8/2/72, 9/2/72, 10/2/72  
 P: D.O.,  $CO_2$ , temp., alk.; pH (8/2/72 only)  
 R: Howe, 1974
68. Wild Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 4.5 and elevation 4520  
 S: 6/26/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
69. Windy Creek  
 LOC: Not specified  
 S: 7/16/67, 7/22/67  
 P:  $H_2CO_3$ , temp., D.O.; pH (7/16/67 only)  
 R: Róbson, 1968





*sample date  
parameters  
reference*

## FLATHEAD RIVER BASIN

1. Akokala Creek
  - LOC: R21W,T35N,S15; 30 ft. upstream from bridge on Glacier Route 7
  - a. S: 4/20/77, 10/5/77
  - P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, P, chlorophyll, D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.
  - R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977
  - b. S: 10/80
  - P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.
  - R: Fraley et al., 1981
2. Akokala Creek
  - LOC: At drainage mile 11.5 and elevation 3550
  - S: 6/10/68
  - P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.
  - R: Wasem, 1968
3. Anaconda Creek
  - LOC: At confluence with N.F. Flathead River
  - S: 10/80
  - P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.
  - R: Fraley et al., 1981
4. Anaconda Creek
  - LOC: R20W,T34N,S36; 100 yds. above bridge on Glacier Route 7
  - S: 4/7/77, 9/27/77
  - P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, P, chlorophyll, D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.
  - R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977
5. Anaconda Creek
  - LOC: Upper creek area
  - S: 4/5/77
  - P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, P, chlorophyll, D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.
  - R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977
6. Avalanche Creek
  - LOC: At drainage mile 4.7 and elevation 3390
  - S: 6/21/68
  - P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.
  - R: Wasem, 1968
7. Bear Creek
  - LOC: At drainage mile 11.5 and elevation 4100
  - S: 5/22/68
  - P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.
  - R: Wasem, 1968
8. Big Creek
  - LOC: Midsection
  - S: 7/15/69-9/10/69 (continuous)
  - P: Temp.
  - R: Nunnallee et al., 1976



9. Big Creek  
 LOC: Upper creek area  
 S: 7/15/69-9/10/69 (continuous)  
 P: Temp.  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
10. Big Creek  
 LOC: R20W,T33N,S22; just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
 a. S: 8/19/77  
 P: Cond.  
 R: Knapton, 1978  
 b. S: 7/15/69-9/10/69 (continuous), 10/75-10/76 (monthly)  
 P: Temp. (1969 only); nutrients, metals, and physical parameters (10/75-10/76 only)  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
11. Bowman Creek  
 LOC: R21W,T35N,S22  
 S: 10/75-10/76 (monthly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
12. Bowman Creek  
 LOC: R21W,T35N,S23; 150 yds. upstream from bridge on Glacier Route 7  
 S: 4/7/77, 10/5/77  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977
13. Bowman Creek  
 LOC: Just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
 a. S: 8/19/77  
 P: Cond.  
 R: Knapton, 1978  
 b. S: 10/80  
 P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.  
 R: Fraley et al., 1981
14. Bowman Lake  
 LOC: North shore of west end of lake  
 S: 6/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
 P: Temp., many biological parameters  
 R: Kidd, 1964
15. Bowman Lake  
 LOC: Middle of lake at west end  
 S: 6/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
 P: Temp., many biological parameters  
 R: Kidd, 1964
16. Bowman Lake  
 LOC: South shore of west end of lake  
 S: 6/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
 P: Temp., many biological parameters  
 R: Kidd, 1964



17. Bowman Lake  
LOC: Outlet; at drainage mile 10.5 and elevation 4020  
a. S: 5/16/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968  
b. S: 8/7/77  
P: Temp., pH, cond., alk., Ca, Mg  
R: Appert, 1977
18. Camas Creek  
LOC: R19W,T33N,S15; 50 ft. upstream from the bridge at Glacier Route 7  
S: 4/5/77, 9/27/77  
P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, D.O.,  
CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977
19. Camas Creek  
LOC: R20W,T33N,S12; 1½ mi. upstream from N.F. Flathead River  
S: 9/27/77  
P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, D.O.,  
CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977
20. Camas Creek  
LOC: R20W,T33N,S14; at confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
a. S: 10/80  
P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.  
R: Fraley et al., 1981  
b. S: 10/72-10/73 (monthly)  
P: Alk., hardness, pH, Cl, NO<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>, TP, turb., Ca, Mg  
R: Stanford, 1975
21. Camas Creek  
LOC: Just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
S: 8/19/77  
P: Cond.  
R: Knapton, 1978
22. Canyon Creek  
LOC: At mouth, N.F. Flathead River  
S: 7/15/69-9/10/69 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
23. Canyon Creek  
LOC: Just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
S: 8/19/77  
P: Cond.  
R: Knapton, 1978
24. Canyon Creek  
LOC: R20W, T32N, S29  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976



## 25. Coal Creek

LOC: R17W,T31N,S26; 283 ft. upstream from mouth

S: 6/2/78, 8/27/78

P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, cond., D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.

R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980

## 26. Coal Creek

LOC: Just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River

S: 8/19/77

P: Cond.

R: Knapton, 1978

## 27. Coal Creek

LOC: R20W,T34N,S20

S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)

P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters

R: Nunnallee et al., 1976

## 28. Colts Creek

LOC: R22W,T37N,S08

S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)

P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters

R: Nunnallee et al., 1976

## 29. Cyclone Creek

LOC: R21W,T34N,S35

S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)

P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters

R: Nunnallee et al., 1976

## 30. Dutch Creek

LOC: Not specified

S: Not specified

P: Cond., diss. org. mat., TP, nitrate, sulfate

R: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1983

## 31. Elelehum Creek

LOC: R21W,T33N,S22

S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)

P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters

R: Nunnallee et al., 1976

## 32. Fish Creek

LOC: At drainage mile 5.5 and elevation 3580

S: 6/21/68

P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.

R: Wasem, 1968

## 33. Fish Creek

LOC: R19W, T32N, S11

S: 10/74-10/75 (monthly)

P: NO<sub>3</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>

R: Nunnallee et al., 1976





34. Fish Creek  
 LOC: R19W,T32N,S11; 75 yds. from Lake McDonald  
 S: 5/31/78, 6/30/78  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, chlorophyll, TP, cond.,  
 D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980
35. Ford Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 7.0 and elevation 3770  
 a. S: 6/4/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968  
 b. S: 10/80  
 P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.  
 R: Fraley et al., 1981
36. Ford Creek  
 LOC: R21W,T36N,S19; 25 ft. upstream from bridge on Glacier Route 7  
 S: 4/8/77, 10/5/77  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, D.O.,  
 CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977
37. Flathead River  
 LOC: R19W,T31N,S07; at Blankship Bridge  
 S: 1964-1976 (in progress as of 1976, monthly)  
 P: Alk., pH, turb., cond.  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
38. Flathead River  
 LOC: 0.5 mi. below confluence of the north and middle forks  
 S: 8/6/68, 8/7/68  
 P: Temp., pH, alk., D.O., diss. solids  
 R: Wasem, 1968
39. Harrison Creek  
 LOC: R18W,T32N,S36; ½ mi. upstream from mouth  
 S: 6/2/78, 8/27/78  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, cond.,  
 D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980
40. Hawk Creek  
 LOC: R21W,T35N,S06  
 S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
41. Hay Creek  
 LOC: R21W,T35N,S34  
 a. S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976



- b. S: 7/69-9/69 (continuous), 7/70-9/70 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
42. Hay Creek  
LOC: R22W,T35N,S04  
S: 7/69-9/69 (continuous), 7/70-9/70 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
43. Hay Creek  
LOC: R22W,T35N,S28; midsection  
S: 7/69-9/69 (continuous), 7/70-9/70 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
44. Hay Creek  
LOC: R22W,T35N,S26  
S: 7/69-9/69 (continuous), 7/70-9/70 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
45. Hay Creek  
LOC: R22W,T35N,S01  
S: 7/69-9/69 (continuous), 7/70-9/70 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
46. Hay Creek  
LOC: R22W,T35N,S23  
S: 7/69-9/69 (continuous), 7/70-9/70 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
47. Hidden Lake  
LOC: West shore  
S: 8/1/62  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
48. Hidden Lake  
LOC: Northeast shore  
S: 8/1/62  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
49. Hidden Lake  
LOC: North shore  
S: 8/1/62  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964



50. Hollowat Creek  
LOC: R21W,T33N,S33  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
51. Jackson Creek  
LOC: At the bridge on Administrative Road  
S: 7/72-8/72 (approx. weekly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
R: Sinning, 1976
52. Jackson Creek  
LOC: R18W,T33N,S14  
S: 10/74-10/75 (monthly)  
P: NO<sub>3</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
53. Jackson Creek  
LOC: At drainage mile 1.8 and elevation 3150  
S: 6/21/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968
54. Johns Lake  
LOC: Southwest end  
S: 6/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
55. Johns Lake  
LOC: Northeast end  
S: 6/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
56. Johns Lake  
LOC: Middle  
S: 6/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
57. Kimmerly Creek  
LOC: R20W,T32N,S29  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
58. Kintla Creek  
LOC: At drainage mile 8.0 and elevation 4010  
S: 5/28/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968



59. Kintla Creek  
 LOC: R21W,T36N,S06; 400 ft. upstream from bridge crossing Kintla Creek on Glacier Route 7  
 S: 4/8/77, 10/5/77  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977
60. Kintla Creek  
 LOC: At drainage mile 14.0 and elevation 3810  
 a. S: 6/10/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968  
 b. S: Not specified  
 P: Cond., diss. org. mat., TP, NO<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>  
 R: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1983
61. Kintla Lake  
 LOC: Outlet  
 S: 8/7/77  
 P: Temp., pH, cond., alk., Ca, Mg  
 R: Appert, 1977
62. Kintla Lake  
 LOC: At drainage mile 12.8 and elevation 4010  
 S: 6/3/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968
63. Kishenehn Creek  
 LOC: At confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
 S: 10/80  
 P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.  
 R: Fraley et al., 1981
64. Kishenehn Creek  
 LOC: R22W,T37N,S23; ¼ mi. upstream from mouth  
 S: 6/78-9/78 (monthly), 4/81-11/81 (6 dates)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980, 1981
65. Kletomus Creek  
 LOC: R21W,T33N,S19  
 S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
66. Lake Five  
 LOC: R19W,T31N,S10; middle of north end  
 S: 7/1/73-6/30/74 (4 samples)  
 P: Temp., pH, cond., light penetration, D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, HCO<sub>3</sub>, CO<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>, phytoplankton  
 R: Sonstelie, 1975





67. Lake Five  
LOC: R19W,T31N,S10; middle of south end  
S: 7/1/73-6/30/74 (4 samples)  
P: Temp., pH, cond., light penetration, D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, HCO<sub>3</sub>, CO<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>, phytoplankton  
R: Sonstelie, 1975
68. Lake McDonald  
LOC: South end  
a. S: 6/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964  
b. S: 1974 (2 dates)  
P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
R: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1977
69. Lake McDonald  
LOC: Middle, near Snyder Creek  
S: 1974 (2 dates)  
P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
R: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1977
70. Lake McDonald  
LOC: 30-60 m. south of inflow of Snyder Creek, 60-100 m. offshore  
S: 7/72-8/72 (approx. weekly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
R: Sinning, 1976
71. Lake McDonald  
LOC: Southeast shore  
S: 6/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
72. Lake McDonald  
LOC: Northeastern shore  
S: 6/62-9/62 (5 dates)  
P: Temp., many biological parameters  
R: Kidd, 1964
73. Lake McDonald  
LOC: Middle, below Sprague Creek  
S: 1974 (2 dates)  
P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
R: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1977
74. Lake McDonald  
LOC: At drainage mile 25.8 and elevation 3144  
S: 6/19/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968



75. Lincoln Creek  
LOC: R18W,T32N,S27; 165 ft. upstream from confluence with  
M.F. Flathead River  
S: 6/2/78, 8/27/78  
P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll,  
cond., D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980
76. Logan Creek  
LOC: At drainage mile 3.5 and elevation 3550  
S: 6/21/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968
77. Logan Creek  
LOC: At confluence with McDonald Creek  
S: 8/6/68, 8/7/68  
P: Temp., alk., pH, D.O., diss. solids  
R: Wasem, 1968
78. Logging Creek  
LOC: At confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
S: 10/80  
P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.  
R: Fraley et al., 1981
79. Logging Creek  
LOC: R20W,T34N,S21; ½ mi. upstream from bridge on Glacier Route 7  
S: 4/7/77, 9/27/77  
P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, D.O.,  
CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977
80. Logging Creek  
LOC: Just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
S: 8/19/77  
P: Cond.  
R: Knapton, 1978
81. McDonald Creek  
LOC: At drainage mile 18.7 and elevation 3150  
S: 6/21/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968
82. McDonald Creek  
LOC: 0.1 mi. from confluence with M.F. Flathead River  
S: 8/6/68, 8/7/68  
P: Temp., pH, alk., D.O., diss. solids  
R: Wasem, 1968



83. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: R19W,T32N,S23;  $\frac{1}{2}$  mi. below outlet of Lake McDonald at the bridge  
 a. S: 5/78-7/78 (two dates)  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, cond., D.O., temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980  
 b. S: 7/82-8/82 (approx. weekly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals and physical parameters  
 R: Sinning, 1976  
 c. S: 10/79-9/81 (50 dates)  
 P: Temp., TSS, cond., pH, alk., major cations and anions,  $\text{NH}_4$ ,  $\text{NO}_3$ , ortho- $\text{PO}_4$ , fecal coliform  
 R: Foggin and McClelland, 1980
84. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: Just above outfall from the Lake McDonald Lodge treatment facility  
 S: 7/72-8/72 (approx. weekly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
 R: Sinning, 1976
85. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: Just below outfall from the Lake McDonald Lodge treatment facility  
 a. S: 7/72-8/72 (approx. weekly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
 R: Sinning, 1976  
 b. S: 10/79-9/81 (50 dates)  
 P: Temp., TSS, cond., pH, alk., major cations and anions,  $\text{NH}_4$ ,  $\text{NO}_3$ , ortho- $\text{PO}_4$ , fecal coliform  
 R: Foggin and McClelland, 1980
86. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: R18W,T33N,S11; 475 yds. below McDonald Falls at the head of the lake by the bridge  
 a. S: 5/78-7/78 (two dates)  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, cond., D.O., temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980  
 b. S: 7/72-8/72 (approx. weekly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals and physical parameters  
 R: Sinning, 1976  
 c. S: 10/74-10/75 (monthly)  
 P:  $\text{NO}_3$ ,  $\text{PO}_4$   
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976  
 d. S: 10/79-9/81 (50 dates)  
 P: Temp., TSS, cond., pH, alk., major cations and anions,  $\text{NH}_4$ ,  $\text{NO}_3$ , ortho- $\text{PO}_4$ , fecal coliform  
 R: Foggin and McClelland, 1980
87. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: Not specified  
 S: 9/27/77  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, D.O.,  $\text{CO}_2$ , cond., temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977



88. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: R19W,T32N,S23; at outlet from Lake McDonald  
 a. S: 10/74-10/75 (monthly)  
 P: NO<sub>3</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976  
 b. S: 10/79-9/81 (50 dates)  
 P: Temp., TSS, cond., pH, alk., major cations and anions, NH<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, ortho-PO<sub>4</sub>, fecal coliform  
 R: Foggin and McClelland, 1980
89. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: 0.5 mi. below Logan Creek  
 S: 8/6/68, 8/7/68  
 P: Temp., pH, alk., D.O., diss. solids  
 R: Wasem, 1968
90. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: 2.3 mi. below Avalanche Creek  
 S: 8/6/68, 8/7/68  
 P: Temp., pH, alk., D.O., diss. solids  
 R: Wasem, 1968
91. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: 0.2 mi. above inlet to Lake McDonald  
 S: 8/6/68, 8/7/68  
 P: Temp., pH, alk., D.O., diss. solids  
 R: Wasem, 1968
92. McDonald Creek  
 LOC: Below the major salmon spawning area  
 S: 10/79-9/81 (50 dates)  
 P: Temp., TSS, cond., pH, alk., major cations and anions, NH<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, ortho-PO<sub>4</sub>, fecal coliform  
 R: Foggin and McClelland, 1980
93. McGinnis Creek  
 LOC: R20W,T32N,S27  
 S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
94. Middle Fork Flathead River  
 LOC: R19W,T32N,S34; near West Glacier  
 a. S: 10/72-11/73 (monthly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976  
 b. S: 10/75-10/76 (monthly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, physical and biological parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976  
 c. S: 1978 (3 dates)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, physical and biological parameters  
 R: Bahls et al., 1979  
 d. S: 10/72-11/72 (3 dates)  
 P: Alk., hardness, pH, Cl, NO<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>, TP, turb., Ca, Mg  
 R: Stanford et al., 1975





- e. S: Not specified  
P: Cond., diss. org. mat., TP, NO<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>, TOC, C:N  
R: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1983
- f. S: 12/67-7/68 (weekly)  
P: Temp., alk., pH, D.O., TDS  
R: Wasem, 1968
- g. S: 7/13/70-7/16/70  
P: Nutrients, metals, physical and biological parameters  
R: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Flathead National Forest, 1973
95. Middle Fork Flathead River  
LOC: R15W,T29N,S31; at confluence with Bear Creek  
S: 5/70-4/73 (10 random dates)  
P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
96. Middle Fork Flathead River  
LOC: At drainage mile 65.0 and elevation 3150  
S: 5/22/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968
97. Middle Fork Flathead River  
LOC: At drainage mile 43.0 and elevation 3750  
S: 6/27/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968
98. Middle Fork Flathead River  
LOC: Just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
S: 8/6/68, 8/7/68  
P: Temp., pH, alk., D.O., diss. solids  
R: Wasem, 1968
99. Moose Creek  
LOC: R21W,T36N,S31  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
100. Moran Creek  
LOC: R21W,T35N,S32  
S: 7/69-9/69 (continuous), 7/70-9/70 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
101. Moran Creek  
LOC: R21W,T34N,S02  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976



102. Mt. Oberlin Cirque, snowfield  
 LOC: Near Logan Pass, Continental Divide  
 S: 8/6/68, 8/7/68  
 P: Temp., D.O., pH, alk., diss. solids  
 R: Wasem, 1968
103. Muir Creek  
 LOC: R16W,T30N,S16; 230 ft. upstream from mouth  
 S: 6/2/78, 8/27/78  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, cond., D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980
104. North Fork Flathead River  
 LOC: At confluence with Camas Creek  
 S: Not specified  
 P: Cond., diss. org. mat., TP, NO<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>, TOC, C:N  
 R: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1983
105. North Fork Flathead River  
 LOC: R20W,T32N,S35; just below confluence with Canyon Creek
- a. S: 10/70-9/71, 10/75-present (ongoing, inconsistent)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
 R: U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Data for Montana, Parts 1 and 2
- b. S: 1978 (3 dates)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, physical and biological parameters  
 R: Bahls et al., 1979
- c. S: 5/70-1/73 (bimonthly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
106. North Fork Flathead River  
 LOC: R21W,T35N,S22; at Polebridge  
 S: 10/75-10/76 (monthly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
107. North Fork Flathead River  
 LOC: At the U.S./Canada border
- a. S: 10/70-9/71, 10/75-present (ongoing, monthly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, physical and biological parameters  
 R: U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Data for Montana, Parts 1 and 2
- b. S: 7/13/70-7/16/70  
 P: Nutrients, metals, physical parameters, herbicides, and insecticides  
 R: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, 1973
- c. S: Not specified  
 P: TOC, C:N  
 R: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1983

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## 108. North Fork Flathead River

LOC: At drainage mile 64.0 and elevation 3550  
S: 6/4/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968

## 109. Nyack Creek

LOC: R17W,T31N,S08; 1150 ft. above confluence with M.F. Flathead River  
S: 6/2/78, 8/27/78  
P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, cond.,  
D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980

## 110. Ole Creek

LOC: R16W,T29N,S14; 1020 ft. upstream from mouth  
a. S: 6/2/78, 8/26/78  
P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, cond.,  
D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980  
b. S: 10/80  
P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.  
R: Fraley et al., 1981

## 111. Ole Creek

LOC: At drainage mile 14.8 and elevation 3780  
S: 6/27/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968

## 112. Park Creek

LOC: R16W,T29N,S03; 68 ft. upstream from mouth  
S: 6/2/78, 8/26/78  
P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, cond.,  
D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980

## 113. Park Creek

LOC: At drainage mile 12.3 and elevation 3650  
S: 6/27/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968

## 114. Quartz Creek

LOC: R20W,T34N,S07; 100 yds above bridge on Glacier Route 7  
S: 4/7/77, 9/27/77  
P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll,  
D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, cond., temp.  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977

## 115. Quartz Creek

LOC: Just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
S: 8/19/77  
P: Cond.  
R: Knapton, 1978



116. Red Meadow Creek  
LOC: Midsection  
S: 7/15/69-9/10/69 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
117. Red Meadow Creek  
LOC: Upper creek area  
S: 7/15/69-9/10/69 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
118. Red Meadow Creek  
LOC: R21W,T35N,S07  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
119. Red Meadow Creek  
LOC: Lower creek area; just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
a. S: 8/19/77  
P: Cond.  
R: Knapton, 1978  
b. S: 7/15/69-9/10/69 (continuous)  
P: Temp.  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
120. Sage Creek  
LOC: At confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
S: 10/80  
P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.  
R: Fraley et al., 1981
121. Sage Creek  
LOC: R22W,T37N,S09; 3/4 mi. upstream from N.F. Flathead River  
S: 4/77, 10/77, 6/78-9/78 (monthly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1977, 1980
122. Sage Creek  
LOC: R22W,T37N,S04; at U.S./Canada border  
S: 3/81-11/81 (6 dates)  
P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1981
123. Snyder Creek  
LOC: At drainage mile 4.8 and elevation 3170  
S: 6/21/68  
P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
R: Wasem, 1968
124. South Fork Coal Creek  
LOC: R22W,T34N,S26  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976





125. South Fork Red Meadow Creek  
 LOC: R21W,T35N,S07  
 S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
126. Sprague Creek  
 LOC: R18W,T33N,S23; at drainage mile 6.0 and elevation 3150  
 a. S: 6/21/68  
 P: Turb., temp., Fe, alk., diss. solids, pH, D.O.  
 R: Wasem, 1968  
 b. S: 7/72-8/72 (approx. weekly)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
 R: Sinning, 1976  
 c. S: 10/74-10/75 (monthly)  
 P: NO<sub>3</sub>, PO<sub>4</sub>  
 R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
127. Spruce Creek  
 LOC: R22W,T37N,S23; ½ mi. upstream from N.F. Flathead River  
 S: 6/78-9/78 (monthly)  
 P: TS, TDS, TSS, turb., pH, alk., hardness, TP, chlorophyll, cond., D.O., CO<sub>2</sub>, temp.  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980
128. Spruce Creek  
 LOC: R22W,T37N,S14; 1 3/4 mi. upstream from mouth  
 S: 7/30/80, 11/5/80, 3/81-11/81 (6 dates)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980, 1981
129. Stanton Creek  
 LOC: At confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
 S: 10/80  
 P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.  
 R: Fraley et al., 1981
130. Starvation Creek  
 LOC: Not specified  
 S: 8/19/77  
 P: Cond.  
 R: Knapton, 1978
131. Starvation Creek  
 LOC: R22W,T37N,S25; 50 yds from N.F. Flathead River  
 a. S: 6/78-9/78 (monthly), 4/81-11/81 (6 dates)  
 P: Nutrients, metals, and physical parameters  
 R: U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1980, 1981  
 b. S: 10/80  
 P: TP, TOC, SO<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub>, Mg, Ca, K, Na, alk., cond.  
 R: Fraley et al., 1981



132. Teepee Creek  
LOC: R22W,T36N,S11  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
133. Trail Creek  
LOC: R22W,T37N,S35  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
134. Trail Creek  
LOC: Just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River  
a. S: 8/19/77  
P: Cond.  
R: Knapton, 1978  
b. S: Not specified  
P: Cond., diss. org. mat., TP, NO<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>4</sub>, TOC, C:N  
R: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1983
135. Upper Big Creek  
LOC: R21W,T32N,S05  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
136. Upper Canyon Creek  
LOC: R21W,T32N,S25  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
137. Upper Coal Creek  
LOC: R22W,T34N,S24  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
138. Upper Moose Creek  
LOC: R22W,T35N,S05  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
139. Upper Hay Creek  
LOC: R22W,T35N,S32  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976
140. Upper Teepee Creek  
LOC: R22W,T36N,S09  
S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, quarterly)  
P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters  
R: Nunnallee et al., 1976



## 141. Whale Creek

LOC: Just above confluence with N.F. Flathead River

S: 8/19/77

P: Cond.

R: Knapton, 1978

## 142. Whale Creek

LOC: R21W,T36N,S30

S: 10/75-10/76 (in progress as of 10/76, monthly)

P: Nutrients, metals, benthos, and physical parameters

R: Nunnallee et al., 1976

## 143. Whale Creek

LOC: Midsection

S: 7/15/69-9/10/69 (continuous)

P: Temp.

R: Nunnallee et al., 1976



## APPENDIX B

## Water Resources Bibliography for Glacier National Park

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