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10-23 June 1941)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Yellowstone NATIONAL PARK

FILE NO.

207-02.3

SUPERINTENDENT'S MONTHLY REPORT

JUNE

1946

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IMPORTANT

This file constitutes a part of the official records of the National Park Service and should not be separated or papers withdrawn without express authority of the official in charge. All Files should be returned promptly to the File Room. Officials and employees will be held responsible for failure to observe these rules, which are necessary to protect the integrity of the official records.

NEWTON B. DRURY,

Director.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-22371

July 5, 1946.

MENTRANDUM for the Director.

Following is the report of activities for Yallowstone National ark for the month of June 1916:

Teather Conditions. The month of June was dry in the Janmoth area with a total of 1.02 inches of precipitation, as compared with an average of 5.49 for the two preceding years. Temperatures graduelly increased with a maximum of 81° on the 23rd. A minimum temperature of 31° was recorded on the 7th and 19th. This compares with 85° and 25° respectively for the same month in 1945. Sleven days were recorded as clear, five cloudy, and fourteen partly cloudy.

Special Activities. Superintendent Rogers spent the entire month in the Park, making one trip to Grand Feton National Park on June 12 to meet Director Drury, and to Cody, Syoning, on June 20 with Desers. Merriam and Vint to attend the Burlington Day celebration.

Fifteen seasonal rangers entered on duty June 1. Tark entrances were open from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. beginning June 5, and collection of the 3.00 motor vehicle license fee was resumed.

Directors of the Tri-State Yallowstone Park Civic Association mot at est Yallowstone, Montana, for the first time in four years to revive operations of the organization. Copy of the minutes of this meeting was furnished the ork.

Miss Evelyn E. Lenor, Clerk-Stemographer, returned to duty from military furlough on June 10. Miss Eumor had served with the AV 3 since arch 7, 1945. She is the last employee on military furlough from the Yellowstone, excepting Chief Renger La Nous, to return to Fark work.

New fishing and speed regulations for 1946 appeared in the Federal register on June 11. The regulations were approved on way 31 and mimeographed for distribution on June 15.

A new mail schedule for the Park want into effect on June 20. Mail now goes out on the evening train instead of the morning transport as on the winter schedule.

New meal rates were approved for the lark on June 28, to be effective June 30, consisting of \$1.50 per day for bourd, or 70% each for single meals.

Nestern Airlines started regular flights delivering passengers to lest Yellowstone, beginning June 20. ·- - ·

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Auditors Bernard Bouglas : in stor's ffice and aymord ulvany (o ... Two Office) arrived in the ark on June 20 for a routine audit.

The Montana Press Association convention was held at Old Faithful Lodge on June 21 and 22.

Regularly scheduled church services, both Catholic and Frotestant, commenced at various points in the Fark on June 23.

Inspections. John McLaughlin, superintendent of Grand Teten, in for conference with Supt. Regers on June 5. Maynard . Cusmings, biologist, FLAS, in June 6 to assist Weldon Rebinson in coyote control experiments, out June 6. Jerome C. Miller, Regional Landscape Architect, ogion Two, and Willard . Lindauer, Region Two Engineer, in June 6, out South June 20. T. F. Melson, Regional Superintendent of Fish Distribution, Mars, Albuquerque, in June 7, out June 11. 3D Cowan, FRA Engineer, Denver, in June 8, out South June 10. Clarence Chapman, Blister Rust Control Division, Sureau of Entomology & Plant quarantine, to supervise blister rust control work, Spokane, in June 13. John F. Alar, Reclamation Accountst, Peclamation service, Billings, in June 15. Segional Director Merriam and Chief Landscape Architect Vint in South June 17; Vint out South June 24; Merrian out Northeast June 22. Marvin C. Hiley, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, Spokane, in June 23, in connection with blister rust control project. Albert C. Kushl, Planner, Vational Park Service, Region Four, in Nest June 23, out South with Messrs. Vint and Miller June 24. C. F. Capes and 2d Cowan, PhA Engineers, Lenver, in June 28. Chief Forester John Coffman and Region Two Porester Charles Shevlin in June 28. Virgil L. Moss, Forest Scologist, Eureau of Entemelogy, Spekane, in on blister rust project inspection.

Plans, Maps, and Surveys. With Legional Ingineer . . Lindauer an inspection of the park roads was made June 17, 16, and 19. Mesars. Fred Capes and 2d Cowan, of the Denver District P.K.A., were in Yellowstone June 27 and 28 checking on the hed Lodge-Cooke road.

General Publicity. A press release covering the story of a raven catching a fish was cent to Associated ress and United ress on June 3. Nature Notes, Volume 20, No. 3, covering May and June 1946, was issued on June 6. Three hundred eighty copies were mailed to interested persons and distributed to Park employees.

Consral Complaints. Unlike the war years when the traveling public would accept temporary accommodations without complaint, numerous verbal complaints were filed at all renger stations throughout the month. As we had anticipated, the distribution of the 1942 folder brought forth many complaints about misinformation, even though an effort was made to advise each person that it was old literature and a bit out of date. Eleven written complaints were received in the Superintendent's Office during the month, covering various phases of park operation: of which three were complaints about the quality and price of accompositions in general; three about precedure and time involved in securing reservations; one about milk bottle deposits; one on length of time required to get auto repair parts; one on mail service at ald Faithful before the nest office opened; one on ranger service and action regarding a lost park permit; and one on condition of Canyon campground. An effort was made to explain the situation leading to the complaint to each person who sent one in. mach complaint was referred to the proper park official for comments or correction of the situation, copies being sent to the Director and Region Two.

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Read Maintenance. Heavy travel on our reads during the month has caused a number of our older reads to deteriorate quite rapidly. The first four ailes south of Thumb, the Canyon to Morris cut-off, the South Forest, the East Intrance, the Old Faithful to Isa Lake and the Gallatin sections are developing pot holes and washboarding quite seriously. Secause of the shortage of funds we were not able to open our oil plant until the last of the month and were quite short of patching material. At least 90 per cent of the time of various crews has been spent on patching.

The snow plows opened the Hed Lodge-Cooke road on June 13 and snow removal was completed on June 21. On June 14 a snowstorm closed this road and four hours were required to remove this fresh snow. Some drifts were three to four feet deep. On June 18 it was again closed by a snowstorm for part of the day.

Fifteen miles of the Red Lodge-Cooke read are in very poor shape and should be reprocessed this year. At the end of the month three maintenance crews were located on this road.

Within the park small crows are located at Manmath, Madison, Canyon, Lake, Mast Entrance, and on June 25 a crew was organized at Thumb. Crews are also located on the South Entrance approach road and on the Callatin section.

Small erew spent the entire month on the foot trails at Canyon. At least another month will be required to get the trails in this area in shape for use. Counting in the trail crew, the South Forest erew and the three hed Ledge-Cocke crews, there were 88 men employed. Every available truck is in use and one of the Med Ledge crews has only one truck.

From the Regional Office's memorandum of June 26, our allotment for major reads will be \$70,500 and for minor reads \$25,000, or a total of \$95,500 to enver maintenance of all reads within Yellowstone Park plue the South Forest and hed Lodge-Cooke reads. In 1941 the labor wage scale was 54.00 and 54.40 per day. Teday, if the new wage scale is approved, the rate will be 56.80 and 57.20 per day, or approximately 40 per cent increase. Material has advanced as much. In 1941 the appropriation for Yellowstone exclusive of the South Forest and Hed Lodge reads, was \$136,000. For the six menths' period July 1 to December 31, the approximation would be about 80 per cent of this amount, or about 109,000. This compares to \$95,500 for the present period. July 1 to December 31; but with 40% increase in wages and material this \$95,500 means only about 50 per cent compared to 1941, or about 58,000--and the Red Lodge-Cooke read of 60 miles is added to our maintenances

A small crew spent the entire month in repair of the Fishing Bridge amphitheatro. All of the original seats were completely rotted and had to be replaced. Some guard rail was repaired in the Fishing Bridge campground area.

One of the C. C. C. barracks at Lake was dismantled and moved to Canyon for use as a bunkhouse for the Elister Hust crew.

New Construction. Fotor Zemitt & Sons, successful bidders on completion of the Old Faithful to Isa Lake road project, moved in some heavy road oiling equipment, but no work has been started.

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 Concessioners. The Yellowstone Park Company telegraph office began operations on June 1. Noth incoming and outgoing messages for the National Fark pervice were handled by this office. Mr. T. M. Nichols, Fresident of the Y. . Company arrived in the Fark on June 5. The Y. P. Company opened the Canyon cafeteris and cabins on June 8, the Canyon garage on June 12. A special train bringing summer employees of the Company from Los ingeles arrived at West Yellowstone on June 15, and another train, bringing employees from St. Wall arrived at Cardiner on June 16. The Y. P. Company epened the Mammoth Grill at mean on June 18; Thumb tourist eabins and cafeteria, Old Faithful, Lake, Canyon, and Recevelt lodges, Mammoth, Canyon, and Old Faithful hotels, Mammoth swimming pool and Mammoth garage on June 20.

On June 23 some of the Y. P. Company's employees in the kitchen at Old Faithful Inn went on strike, due to breakdown of the dishwashing machine. Camp Roosevelt was closed due to the shortage of help. The Camp is not contemplated to re-open for the summer unless capable help becomes available.

C. A. Hamilton, President, Hamilton Stores, Inc., arrived in the Park on June 4. On June 17, the Acting Secretary of the Interior approved the operation of the Old Faithful swimming pool until the fall of 1949, and Er. Hamilton opened the pool on June 23.

Mr. J. S. Haynes opened his Tower Fulls Store and Sicture Shop on June 5; his Canyon Shop on June 12, Thumb Shop on June 15; but his shop at Camp Accesvelt and in the Manmoth campground have not yet been opened.

Mrs. Anna K. Fryor opened her Masmoth Coffee Shop on June S. Her Masmoth campground cafetoria and store have not yst opened.

Br. Alfred M. Lusck and family moved to the Park on June 5. Dr. Burke Scagnelli, new resident physician arrived on June 11. The Magmoth Hospital opened on June 14. Registered murses were evailable at Canyon Lodge, Can you Notel, Lake Lodge, Old Faithful Inn, Old Faithful Lodge, and Fishing Bridge, in addition to the hospital staff at Magmoth, beginning June 14. Br. G. A. Windsor came to the Park for a short stay on June 30.

Interpretive Service. These services were rendered to the public at Old Paithful beginning on June 3 when the musuem was opened for eight hours each day. The Mammoth Museum was opened for public use eight hours each day on June 11 and on June 16 it became possible to keep it open for twelve hours each day. On June 16 the museums were opened at Madison Junction, Morris, and Pishing Bridge, each of these being manned for only eight hours per day. After June 18 it was possible for us to conduct some field trips and give evening talks with the limited personnel prior to July 1. Activities at Tower Falls were commanced on June 17 and carried through to June 24 when Camp Hoosevelt was closed by the Yellewstone Park Company and it was necessary to move the naturalist from there to Old Faithful. After July 1 the interpretive service rendered will be in accor with our complete program of activities and can be conducted because we will have a full staff of seasonal naturalists.

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The text prepared by the Fish and Wildlife Service on the information which is to be given to visitors at the Federal Fish hatchery was reviewed by the Acting Chief Fark Naturalist and returned to Tr. Allism Dunn, the Fish Hatchery Superintendent.

Museum Activities and Exhibits. Some work was done at Old Faithful museum to brighten up the exhibits and court and at the close of the month it is in satisfactory condition. The exhibit case in the Madison Museum which was broken during the war was repaired on June 11 and additional exhibit material was put in it to replace that which was stolen. The Morris Museum was opened on June 17 and prior to this date the cases in the foyer had been repaired and glasses cleaned inside and out. Pack rats had gained access to the musuem's interior and Manger-Naturalist Turner was given materials and equipment to make necessary repairs and to do the cleaning work. This he has done in a highly commendable manner and Norris Museum is now in very good condition. Clean-up work was started at the Fishing Bridge Museum on June 10 and by June 16 Ranger-Maturalist Buddulph and Janitor Richman had satisfactorily cleaned up this museum and had it ready for use.

Increase or Decrease in Travel. Forty-eight thousand six hundred ninetythree cars entered Yellowstone Bational Park during the month of June 1946, as compared with 5,867 for the same month in 1945, showing an increase of 730.9%. In comparison with 1941 (the banner year), the percentage of cars entering rose to 65.4%, with 29,423 entering in June 1941, and 48,693 in June 1946. One hundred fifty-eight thousand three hundred thirty-eight visitors entered the Tark during June 1946, as compared to 19,644 visitors during Juno 1945, an increase of 740.6%. Total visitors for the travel year to date is 199,390, as compared to 28,815 visitors in 1945, an increase of 572.9%. Compared to 1944, which had 143,816 visitors for season to date, an increase of 38.6% is shown. A total of 96,232 visitors entered the Park in June 1944, compared to 158,338 in June 1946, an increase of 64.5%.

Visitors. Judge Eugene Black, Tex Court of the United States, Maskington, D. C. in Mast June 29. Lou Kramer, In June 27, to photograph park features for Greyhound Eus Lines. Mr. C. A. Bossen, formerly in charge of the Minneapolis park system, and Mrs. Bossen in June 24. Col. H. S. Kimberly, Mashington, D. C., in June 23 to review opportunities for making television color pictures in the park. Party of Swiss newspaper editors in charge of Herbert C. Sargent, of the Department of State, in June 21, out June 23. Rear Admiral C. T. Durgin, formerly in command of an Escort Carrier Force in the Pacific during the last year of the war in East June 19. Nelson Rockefeller, New York City, in South June 18. [arty of four Egyptian newspaper editors in charge of Gillespie Evans, U. S. State Dept in June 18. Julius J. Alms, Fassenger Agent, Burlington Hailroad, Jmaha, in South June 16. Gust de Muynek, Belgian representative in America of National Belgian radio, New York City, in June 6, with Mrs. de Muynek, out June 15. Howard H. Bayes, Fresident, Glacier Park Transportation Company, former Yellowstone concessioner, in June 25. * The set of the se

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Maintenance of trails and telephone lines proved quite difficult due to heavy winter damage, frequent wind storms and lack of maintenance during the war years. The work was pressed to the limit of available funds and personnel. Established campgrounds were checked daily, patrols of principal fishing waters were provided and building fire hazard inspections were made in all developed areas.

Travel on park roads was heavier than at any time since 1941 and four ranger patrol cars were operated full time to control violations, assist visitors, and handle accidents which increased with the number of vehicles using the roads.

Police Protection. A total of sixteen law enforcement cases was presented before the U.S. Commissioner during June; of this number eight were violations of speed regulations, four were cases of driving while under influence of intoxicating liquor, two were disorderly conduct, one theft, and one fishing in closed waters. A total of 4515.00 in fines was collected, 100. of which was for excess speed, 400 for driving while intoxicated, and 15 for remaining offenses. The increase in traffic violations over June 1945 is 500 per cent, which is about 100 per cent under the increase in travel, the latter being 598 per cent ahead of last year. Drunken driving resulted in property and/or personal injury in three of the four cases.

Wildlife & Fish Cultural Activities. BLADS. Black bears were commonly seen along park roads, creating the usual traffic jams at numerous locations and affording one of the principal roadside attractions to park visitors. Three personal injuries to park visitors from these animals were reported. Each case apparently was due to close approach in taking pictures. The most serious injury was inflicted upon Wilma 2. Thompson, of Fortland, Gregon, who suffered painful lacerations of the face.

As an additional means of informing the public regarding danger of injury from hears, an illustrated mimeographed sheet, for distribution and posting at principal public centers, setting forth the place, date, and other circumstances of each injury will be prepared periodically.

Total personal injuries from bears this travel season to date is 5; while 199,390 persons have visited the area. This is an injury incidence of about one in 40,000 visitors, or .0025 per cent.

Rumerous inquiries regarding the "Bear Feeding Ground," particularly at Canyon, continue to be received. In order that all N.P.S. employees may be fully informed regarding the discontinuance of "bear feeding" (as well as discontinuance of the Antelope Creek Buffalo Pesture), and so pass this information on where explanation is requested. Circular No. 9 was distributed on June 14.

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Laserous inquiries regardin the former and reading the first (anyon, a bittle to be recaived. (Frence and a first and first) fully informed regarding the discontines of the first and the second reading the second first of the A copy of Circular No. 9 is appended to this report, and also a copy of Circular No. 8, dated June 21, giving general statistical information on animals, birds, and fishes.

BISON. Very few bison were seen from park roads during the month. Visitors did, however, occasionally view a single animal in the Old Paithful area and on several occasions a herd of 80 animals could be seen in the Lamar Valley.

ELK. After mid-June elk had become widely scattered throughout the park interior. Small bands of cows and new-born calves were seen frequently by groups of visitors at various places along the roads, particularly in the early morning or late evening hours.

The annual elk report, summarizing the more important data on these animals for the period 1945-46 (spring to spring) was prepared and will be submitted scon.

Range Conditions. District Ranger hudolf L. Grimm, who made some general range observations in connection with his other work during June, stated that "the prevailing moisture deficiency on the range below the 6,000 foot level has resulted in pronounced curtailed growth and premature maturing of most range plants." Eange conditions at the higher altitudes appear to be more favorable.

LION. On June 15, Road Foreman George H. Swainston, 60, old-time resident of Morgan, Utah, and his crew of five men reported seeing an adult mountain lion and two yearling cubs along the old Mammoth-Gardiner road about two miles below Mammoth (locally known as "Slide Lake" area). The animals were reported seen during the forences quite near the road where the crew was working. Mr. Swainston who was first employed as a road crew foreman in 1939, stated that he has seen lions in Utah on numerous occasions and that he is certain of his identification of the animals seen in the Park.

FISH. On June 14, two thousand eight-inch rainbow trout were planted in in Trout Lake from the Annis hatchery for future brood stock purposes. No other fish plants were made during the month.

Forest Fire Protection. A Fire Cache Supervisor was employed on June 10. Eleven Fire Control Aides entered on duty June 17. These men were given two days schooling and were assigned to duty stations on June 20. By the 27th of June the entire fire control aide force of 22 positions was filled and assigned to their stations.

The pre-suppression crew shovelled the Mt. Mashburn road enough to allow manning of the lookout which will be accomplished soon after July 1.

Trails. A crew of seven men has done considerable maintenance work on the Howard Eaton, Sepulcher, Shoshone Lake and Id faithful-Jaoshone Lake trails.

Building Fire Protection. Fire inspections of most of the Government-owned buildings have been completed, but because of the fact that the park operators have been short of help and unusually rushed by the flood of early tourists it ations and a second a A dide homes was a second a sec

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has been impossible for them to get their establishments in condition for a thorough fire inspection. It is expected, however, that complete inspections will be made shortly after July 4.

Forest insect & Tree Diseases. BLISTER Jost C MTROL. Actual work on blister rust control in the Mt. "ashburn area was started on June 3 when a crew was moved from Manmoth to Canyon. A considerable amount of time has been devoted to construction of necessary camping facilities for the crew at the Canyon utility area. A barracks building was moved from the old CCC camp at Lake and orected at Canyon to house the crew. A considerable amount of mop-up work was accomplished in the Manmoth Ect Springs area. Nowever, due to the lack of supply of chemical, it was necessary to delay the final mop-up work in some areas. As soon as chemical again becomes available, it is expected that the work in the Mammoth area will be completed. The manpower ceiling has limited the size of the blister rust control crew to thirty men, whereas the original plans contemplated a full-sized camp of thirty-eight employees. This will undoubtedly reduce the amount of work that will be accomplished in the Mt. ashburn area this year, and it is probable that it will require three working seasons to complete the contemplated work on Mt. Washburn.

Accidents. Twelve motor vehicle accidents were reported during June; of this number, three involved personal injuries. A government truck, No. I-12068, driven by Anthony C. Hopper, was involved in one accident. Three copies of the Investigating Officer's Report were mailed to the Regional Director. As was to be expected, due to the increase in travel, accidents increased from two reported in May to twelve in June.

Miscellanecus. A son was born to Park Ranger and Mrs. Ruben O. Hart on June 5, at Bozeman, Montana.

Margaret A. Bowman, WAE Telephone Operator, and daughter of Carpenter-Foreman Thomas A. Bowman, was married to Ensign Vaughn helps at the Marmoth Chapel, Yellowstone Fark, Wyoming, on June 23, at 4:00 p.m. The Reverend Webster A. Clement officiated. Margaret was born in the Park and has spent most of the time here. The groom was a Navy V-12 student, having graduated from the University of Southern California two days before the wedding.

Mrs. Slla Mae H. Avancena, 8206 queen Anne's Drive, Silver Springs, Maryland, age 46, waitress at the Mammoth Grill, died of heart attack about 5:45 p.m. June 25. Mrs. Wancena had been in the Park but two days. Her daughter, Dorothy Lee Avancena, 3297 "M" Street, N", Washington, D. C., was notified, and the body was shipped home by the Franzen Mortuary, Livingston, Montana.

> Edmund B. Logers, Superintendent.

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Enclosures. In Sextuplicate.

cc: Region Two, in duplicate. File (2)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE Yellowstone National Park Yellowstone Park, Wyoming

June 21, 1946.

CIRCULAR NO. 8.

Summarized briefly below for general information of all employees are given some of the more pertinent facts concerning various species of wildlife in Yellowstone National Park.

Badger: Uncommon; seen occasionally.

Bears:

(1) American Black Bear (including color phases of tan, cinnamon or black). Commonly seen around park roads. Estimated number 450.

(2) Rocky Mountain Grizzly. Estimated number 200. Not commonly seen from park roads.

Beaver: Common. Frequently seen in roadside or trailside ponds and streams.

Bighorn 1946 Census 176; estimated number 280; frequently seen on Mt. (or sheep) Washburn and other high areas.

Bison

(or buffalo) 1946 Census 791; Estimated number 800. 1946 Census: Frequently seen in summer on Lamar River Area upper Pelican, Sentinel and Alum 348 Pelican Creek Area 233 Creeks and in upper Lamar River and Hayden Valley Area 124 other more remote areas. Old Faithful Area 86 These animals are periodically Total Counted 791 reduced in number to maintain those in the Lamar area at about 400 head.

Coyotes: Common.

Deer Estimated number 700. Occasionally seen in summer throughout the (Mule deer) park.

Elk:	Northern Yellowstone herd:	(1946 census)	8513
		Estimated	9800
	Gallatin Herd:	Estimated	2700
	Park Interior:	Estimated	*800
	Total estimated for en	tire park -	13,300

*Does not include elk which winter in Jackson Hole, some of which are found in the southern part of the park in gummer.

It is the present policy of the Mational Park Service to maintain the Northern elk herd as nearly as possible at 7000 head, or the number which can successfully subsist on the limited winter range available. Therefore, a reduction of 2800 animals by hunters' kill adjacent to the park in Montana and by live shipments to outsido areas is contemplated during the winter of 1946-47.



Fox (Red):	Uncommon. Seldom seen.
Lynx (Canadian):	Rare. Rarely seen.
Lion (or Cougar)	Rare. Rarely scen.
Marten:	Common, but rerely seen in summer.
Mink:	Uncommon, but rarely seen in summer.
Moose:	Estimated number 600. Commonly seen in Willow Park, in the area between Canyon and Dunraven Pass, on Pelican Creek and at various other points around the Grand Loop Road.
Muskrat:	Uncommon.
<u>Otter</u> :	Uncommon; sometimes seen at points around shores of Yellowstone Lake and along some other water areas.
Porcupine:	Common; commonly seen around the park.
Pronghorn (or Antelope)	1946 census 698; Estimated number 800. Commonly seen in the northern area of the park between Lamar Ranger Station and Gardiner Usually seen in the Gardiner area.
Wolverine:	Extremely rare; not seen in recent years.
Wolves:	Extremely rare; not seen in past several years.
Woodchuck (Hoary Marmot)	Common along park roads.

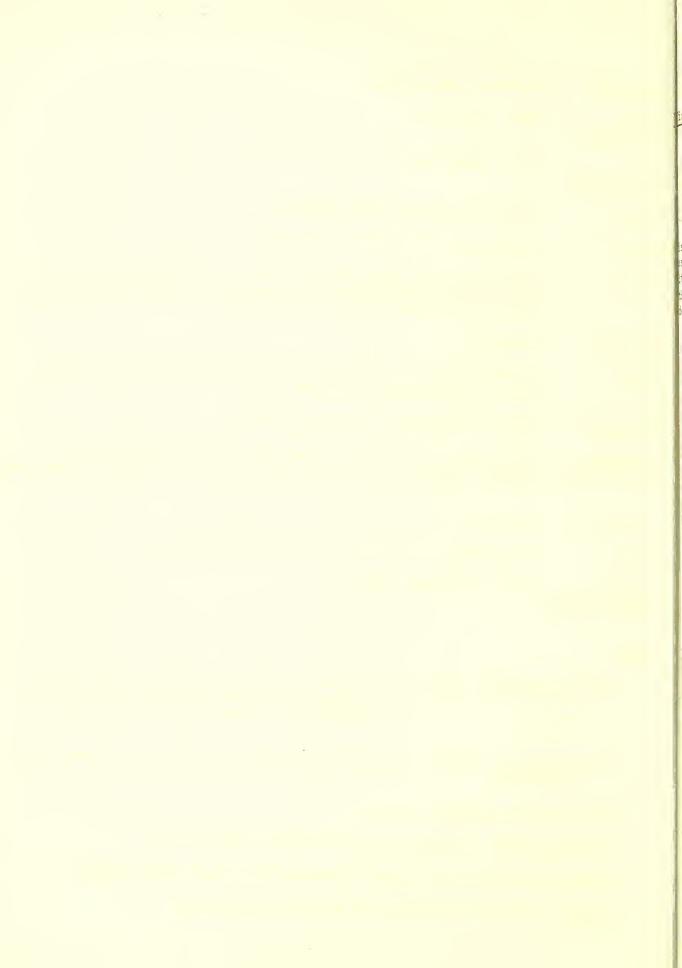
Birds:

- Swan (Trumpeter): Nost recent census accounted for 59 in the park. Thisis a rare species, with only some 300 birds throughout the UnitedStatesOccasionally seen in summer on roadside lakes or
ponds.
- Geese (Canada): Common. Commonly seen along rivers and streams and on some park lakes.
- Duck (Several species): Common.

Sandhill Crane: Frequently seen in meadow or marsh areas.

Pelican: Commonly seen around Yellowstone Lake and on some rivers.

Grouse: Uncommon. Occasionally seen along park roads.



'ish:

Fish in Yellowstone Park waters include the (1) Blackspotted or Native trout, (2) the Rainbow trout, (3) the Lochleven trout, (4) the Eastern Brook trout, (5) the Mackinaw lake trout, and the Montana Grayling.

The National Park Service policy with regard to wildlife (fishes excepted) is that "every species shall be left to carry on its struggle for existence unaided as being to its greatest ultimate good, unless there is real cuase to believe that it will perish if unassisted. The presentation of the animal life of the parks to the public shall be a wholly natural one and no animal shall be encouraged to becom dependent upon man for its support."

> Edmund B. Rogers, Superintendent.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE Yellowstone National Park Yellowstone Park, Wyoming

June 14, 1946.

CIRCULAR NO. 9.

Most employees are familiar with the fact that the former buffalo pasture (enclosure) on Antelope Creek and the Canyon Bear Ground on Otter Creek have been abandoned as animal display facilities since 1941, and that they will not be used for this purpose in the future.

During the war years no maintenance was performed on these facilities and by the spring of 1946 fences, log walls (or parapets) and other structures were in a dilapidated condition, no longer serving their original purpose of animal restraint or visitor protection. Old structures have been removed from the former Canyon Bear Ground and eventually this area will be restored to its natural condition. At some time in the future, it is also planned to remove the fencing from the Antelope Creek area.

Naturally, during the coming summer season, visitors will make inquiry regarding these former animal displays, and it is the purpose of this memorandum to explain briefly why these areas have been abandoned in order that employees will have full knowledge of the facts.

It has long been an accepted National Park Service policy that "every species shall be left to carry on its struggle for existence unaided, as being to its greatest ultimate good, unless there is real cause to believe that it will perish if unassisted. The presentation of the animal life of the parks to the public shall be a wholly natural one and no animal shall be encouraged to become dependent upon man for its support." In keeping with this policy, the displaying of bears in unnatural conditions in all National Park Service areas has been discontinued; and the buffalo pasture in Yellowstone has been discontinued for the same reasons.

Studies by competent biologists and others over a period of years have shown that the feeding of garbage to bears has been definitely detrimental to the health of the animals themselves, and that this practice has encouraged large numbers of bears to concentrate in campground and other populated areas, thereby contributing to the total number of property damages and injuries suffered by park visitors each season. It is not expected that well-established animal habits can be redirected in any short period of time; but it is anticipated that in the course of a number of years bears can be encouraged to lead a more natural existence for their own well-being. Through use of incinerators and other adequate means of garbage and waste disposal, it is anticipated that man's conflict with these animals (which has become increasingly serious since 1937) will be materially reduced.

Bears, of course, will continue to be one of the principal roadside attractions to Yellowstone visitors, and the inborn tendency of the unwary to fraternize with these animals in various manners may be expected to persist. Employees who are familiar with the dangers involved in too close approach or association with these animals can aid in the prevention of bear-caused damages and injuries by informing and cautioning the careless or unwary visitor. In regard to the buffalo situation in Yellowstone, these animals have now been established in considerable numbers throughout the central portion of the park. Groups are commonly seen in their natural surroundings in the Fountain-Old Faithful area, in Hayden Valley and at other locations during the early and late portions of the season. Frequently they are seen by fisherman and others during mid-summer on Nez Perce, Sentinel and Alum Creeks, and in the upper Pelican and Lamar valleys. The 1946 buffalo census, made in March, showed the following distribution of these animals: Old Faithful area 86; Hayden Valley area 124; Pelican area 233; and Lamar area 348---or a total of nearly 800 for the entire park.

> Edmund B. Rogers, Superintendent.

